

City of Georgetown, Texas

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Prepared by:

Division of Finance and Administration

Micki Rundell, CGFO - Chief Financial Officer

Susan Morgan, CPA - Finance Director Lisa Haines, CGFO - Controller

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Introductory Section



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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February 21, 2013

Honorable Mayor and City Council, City Manager and Citizens of Georgetown, Texas:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Georgetown, Texas (the City) for the year ended September 30, 2012, is hereby submitted. The financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and have been audited by independent auditors in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards.

<u>Management Responsibility for Financial Information</u>. The City's Finance and Administration Division has prepared the Report and is responsible for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is complete and reliable in all material respects. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

<u>The Reporting Entity.</u> This report includes all the funds of the City, as well as, the City's discretely presented component unit, the Georgetown Economic Development Corporation (GEDCO), its Texas 4A economic development corporation. The City provides a full range of services, which include police and fire protection; construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events. In addition to general government activities, the City also provides electric, wastewater, water, stormwater drainage and airport services which are included in the reporting entity. The City is also financially accountable for Georgetown Transportation Enhancement Corporation (GTEC), a Texas 4B economic development corporation, which funds transportation projects that enhance economic development within the City. GTEC is presented as a blended component unit within the reporting entity.

<u>Management Discussion and Analysis.</u> Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require management to provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report located at the front of the financial section of this report.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY

Georgetown is a Home Rule Charter City and operates under a Council - Manager form of government. A mayor and seven council members are elected on staggered, three-year terms from single member districts. Georgetown is located on Interstate 35, the major corridor between Dallas and San Antonio, at the intersection of State Highway 130. Georgetown once was a small town, founded in 1848, with a strong agricultural base, in the heart of Williamson County, 26 miles north of Austin. Today, Georgetown has an estimated population of 50,571, with an additional 15,000 within the extra-territorial jurisdiction (ETJ) and serves as the county seat of Williamson County, the second fastest growing county in Texas. Today's Georgetown continues to meet the challenge of maintaining its unique and historic character while managing on-going growth and economic viability.

Over the past 20 years, Georgetown has worked to restore and maintain its historic downtown square and to ensure that downtown is the heart of the community. This work was acknowledged when it won the Great American Main Street Award in 1997 and is on-going, as Georgetown continues to ensure the economic vitality of its downtown. The City's Downtown Master Plan, first adopted in 2003 and scheduled to be updated in 2013, provides guidance in managing growth and continued redevelopment of the area, as well as to preserve its historic character and small town "feel".

Due to this unique character and small town charm, Del Webb Corporation elected to build its first Texas development in Georgetown with the 1995 opening of Sun City, Texas. Today, over 6,409 homes with over 12,000 retirees make Sun City and Georgetown their home.

Georgetown is also home to Southwestern University, which continues to receive national recognition. The University has been named to Kiplinger's list of the 100 best values in liberal arts colleges and has been noted as one of 'America's Best Value Colleges' by the *Princeton Review*. With more than 1,300 students and 450 employees, the University provides substantial economic and cultural contributions to Georgetown.

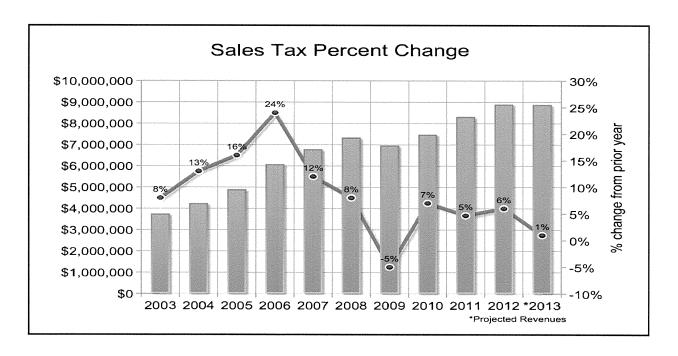
GEORGETOWN'S ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND FINANCIAL CONDITIONS

Economic Outlook

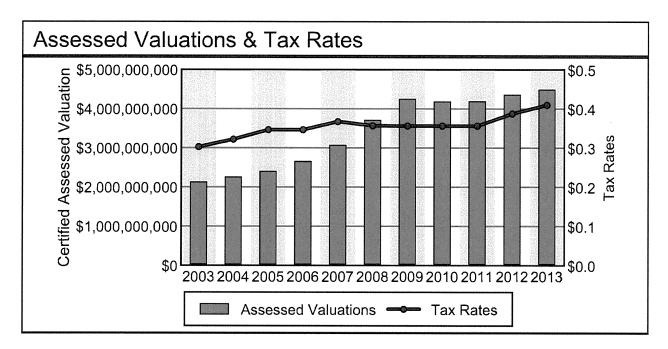
While the Central Texas economy did feel the impact of the recession and credit crisis, it continues to perform better than the national economy. The Central Texas unemployment rate was 5.0% for November 2012 compared to 7.9% nationally. According to the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, Texas had fully recovered all of its lost jobs by December 2011 and has continued to see strong growth in new jobs, as well as, retail and business sales. During 2012 commercial development continued to show marked growth. The City's job base continued to grow with the expansion of several small commercial and retail centers, and the completion of two new hotels along the interstate.

Residential growth has continued to be healthy, though at a slightly slower pace than the pre-recession years. The City issued 664 residential permits, with a value of \$171 million, compared to 509 permits valued at \$127 million in 2011. Housing values have held steady, with the average home in Georgetown valued at \$185,915 on January 1, 2012, as compared to \$184,979 on January 1, 2011.

Sales tax revenues increased 6% over the prior year, demonstrating solid continued growth in the local economy for the third consecutive year. The first three months of the 2013 fiscal year continued strong growth in sales tax receipts of 11% over the prior year. The City continues to take a conservative approach to estimating its available resources for each upcoming year as national and world wide issues continue to show some uncertainty.

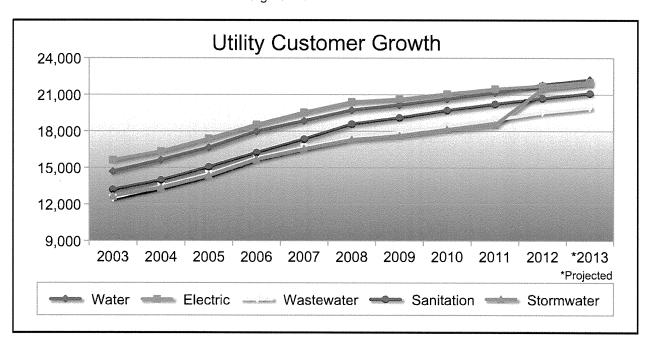


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Georgetown economic opportunities continued promising results in 2012. New development occurred in the downtown area with the completion of the El Monumento signature restaurant along the San Gabriel River and construction nearing completion on Grape Creek Winery located on the Downtown Square. New health care facilities, such as assisted living centers, are underway near Sun City. Developers announced plans to move forward with a Sheraton Hotel Conference Center and high-end luxury apartments at the Rivery site. HEB, a regional grocery chain, announced their intent to build a future store in Georgetown's southeast quadrant, which will be their 3rd location within the City. The first three months of fiscal year 2013 continued this trend in development activity throughout the City.

Georgetown takes an active role in water and wastewater planning with the Brazos River Authority (BRA) to find regional solutions to the ever increasing demand for services, while protecting the natural environment within the area. Growth within the utilities continues to have strong positive impacts to the financial and economic conditions of Georgetown.



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MAJOR INITIATIVES

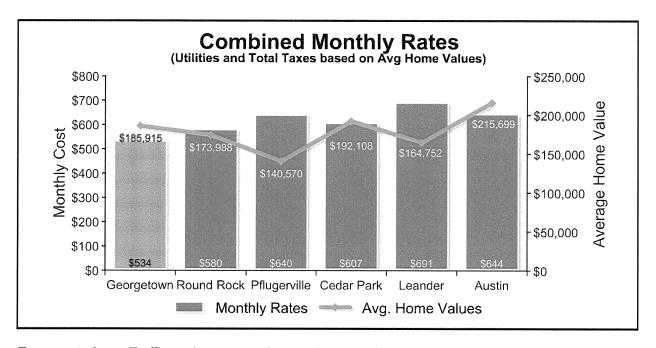
<u>Energy Services</u>. The City of Georgetown had historically purchased 90% of its wholesale power from the Lower Colorado River Authority (LCRA) through a Wholesale Power Agreement (WPA) that was set to expire in 2016. Georgetown had opted not to renew that agreement and had lined up new power supply options. Due to on-going contractual issues, on June 28th, 2012, the City of Georgetown delivered notice to the LCRA declaring LCRA to be in breach of the WPA covering the supply of electricity and all related services to the City's Georgetown Utility System (GUS). On August 13th, 2012, per the terms of the WPA, the City of Georgetown delivered to LCRA a notice of termination to be effective on September 13th, 2012. Georgetown and LCRA continue in their dispute with a trial on the merits of the case is on hold pending the final resolution of pleas being appealed. The case could take several years to be resolved. However, Georgetown was successful in its bid to begin purchasing its own wholesale power.

Beginning on September 13th, 2012, GUS began receiving energy from its other suppliers to replace the energy LCRA had planned to serve. GUS also extended its active management of its daily energy supply to cover the larger market exposures, congestion issues, and real time settlements that LCRA previously handled. GUS currently has power arrangements to cover 100% of its projected needs through May 2013. GUS is currently evaluating its energy needs through June of 2016. Post 2016 GUS has covered 60% of its needs to 2021, and is maintaining a wind contract for Southwestern University to 2028. The financial impact of these changes is lower purchased power costs which are being passed on to customers through a lower Power Cost Adjustment (PCA) portion of the electric rate to retail customers to prevent excessive accumulation of fund balance, including offering a negative PCA for the first time in the utility's history. In September the PCA rate was \$0.01 per kWh. Starting in October that rate was lowered to negative \$0.003 per kWh, and is likely to be lowered further in 2013. General fund franchise fee revenues are based on the number of kWh sold; therefore, no impact on other City funds is expected.

Regional Water. Early in 2012, the City was approached by the Chisholm Trail Special Utility District (CTSUD) which provides water service to several areas within the City; as well as, the City's extra territorial jurisdiction (ETJ) and future growth centers, about the possibility of merging with the City's water system. A detailed feasibility study was completed in August 2012 and evaluated by both entities. A Memorandum of Understanding was approved by the City Council and the CTSUD board in October 2012 to move forward with the consolidation of the systems. This consolidation will provide opportunities for the City's future growth and development, as well as, consistent service to that regional area for years to come. The addition of the CTSUD's approximately 6,500 customers will enhance economies of scale for both entities and improve water availability for the CTSUD customer area. This consolidation will provide opportunities for the City's future growth and development, as well as, consistent service to that regional area for years to come. The consolidation is expected to be complete in late 2013 and will have no negative impact on the City's existing water services.

<u>Utility Rates.</u> The City continues to review rate requirements for all utilities annually, as part of the budget process. Environmental mandates for water and wastewater continue to be the driving factor in rate analysis. Water and wastewater rates were reviewed by the City to ensure rates were funding the costs of providing services. The City uses a conservation water rate structure that allows the users of the peak demand for water to pay for the costs of future plant expansion. Georgetown's utility rates continue to provide value for citizens and businesses.

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<u>Transportation.</u> Traffic and transportation continues to be one of City Council's top priorities. In November 2008, city voters authorized \$46 million for road projects, with bonds to be issued within the next ten years. To date, \$11,975,000 in road bonds have been issued for planned projects to meet the City's needs. The 2010 census resulted in moving the City's transit system from a rural designation to a large urban designation that is part of the Austin area system. The City has been working closely with its partners in transit services, Capital Metro and Capital Area Rural Transportation System (CARTS), to make the transition and plan for possible future expansion of services. The City, through its Transportation Advisory Board, reviews its five year Transportation Improvement Program annually. In addition, the City is developing a plan to assume responsibility of traffic lights within the City. Implementing a regional pavement design system and program to ensure cohesiveness of the City's roadways continues to be a top priority.

<u>Public Safety.</u> Improving public safety response has been a major priority for the last several years. A new Computer Aided Dispatch and Records Management system was implemented in 2010 to increase the effectiveness of the system public safety response. The City completed and opened Fire Station 5 to address response times in sections of the Northwestern portion of the City in October 2012, and will complete a reconstruction of Fire Station 2 serving the central area in February 2013. In May 2011, a \$29,500,000 bond election was approved by the voters for the construction of a Public Safety Operations and Training Complex (PSOTC). This facility will include Police and Fire administration and operations offices, a 24-hour emergency communications center and training areas, including an obstacle course. The complex design is underway with construction expected to be completed in fall 2014.

<u>Long Range Planning.</u> Planning for Georgetown's future is a major priority, as the City formally adopted a new comprehensive plan, the Georgetown 2030 Plan in February 2008. This Plan provides vision for the future and is designed to address growth issues facing the community over the next 20+ years. This project required citizens throughout the community to provide the foundation for policies needed to ensure that the Georgetown of 2030 has the unique quality of life that it does today. While managing growth will continue to challenge City leaders, the commitment to provide residents with "something special" makes for a truly unique hometown feeling.

The economic slowdown provided the City with a unique opportunity for planning initiatives to ensure the City is prepared when growth trends resume. The City adopted the Parks Master Plan in March 2009 to continue to preserve river corridors and expand parks and green space. Other plan elements that have been adopted include the Utility/Infrastructure Plan Element in 2009, the Citizen Participation Plan in 2010, and the Housing Plan and Public Safety Plan both in 2012. Plans in process and expected to be completed by late 2013 and early 2014 include the Transportation Plan Update, the Public Facilities Plan, the Downtown Master Plan Update and the Historic Preservation Plan.

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<u>Park Improvements.</u> The City continues to expand its award winning park system through continued development of the City's trail system along the San Gabriel Rivers to Lake Georgetown. In November 2008 city voters authorized \$35.5 million in bonds to fund park improvements. The City adopted the Parks Master Plan in March 2009 to continue to preserve river corridors and expand parks and green space. The first phase of the San Gabriel River Trail expansion is under construction and is scheduled to complete by summer 2013. This trail system has been designated as a National Recreation Trail, one of only 15 such trails in Texas. During 2012, the City also began significant efforts to revitalize existing parks and target new land to expand the City's park system. During 2013, the City expects to issue an additional \$5 million of the authorized bonds to implement the next steps in the City's master plan.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The City's Chief Financial Officer, Finance Director, Controller, and other key staff in the Division of Finance and Administration design and maintain the internal control structure. These controls are under continuing review by management, and under annual review by the independent auditors. During the year, the Finance Division performs internal audits on selected procedures and operations throughout the City organization. The selection of priorities and timing of audits are determined by the Chief Financial Officer, along with the City Manager.

<u>Single Audit.</u> As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by management. The tests relating to the receipt of such funds are known as Single Audit testing. These tests are made to determine the adequacy of internal controls, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The compliance section is included beginning at page 209.

<u>Budgetary Controls.</u> The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of all funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by division and department within an individual fund. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts are reserved at year-end and carried forward into the following year.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit. The City Charter requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP was selected by the City Council. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, are free of material misstatement. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion and that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report on the basic financial statements and schedules are included in the financial section of this report.

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Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. The City has received a Certificate of Achievement for twenty-five (25) consecutive years. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

We are also proud to report that the GFOA has presented the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the City of Georgetown for each of the past twenty-three (23) years.

Acknowledgments. The presentation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Division. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the division who assisted and contributed to its presentation. Special acknowledgment goes to Lindsay Daniell, Accounting Supervisor, La'Mar Kemp, Senior Accounting Specialist, Chris Foster, Utilities Financial Analyst, and Danella Elliott, Executive Assistant, for their dedication in preparing this report.

We would also like to thank the City Manager, Mayor and City Council. The preparation of this report would not be possible without their leadership and support.

Sincerely,

Lisa Haines, CGFO Controller

Susan Morgan, CPA

Finance Director

Micki Rundell, CGFO Chief Financial Officer

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Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Georgetown Texas

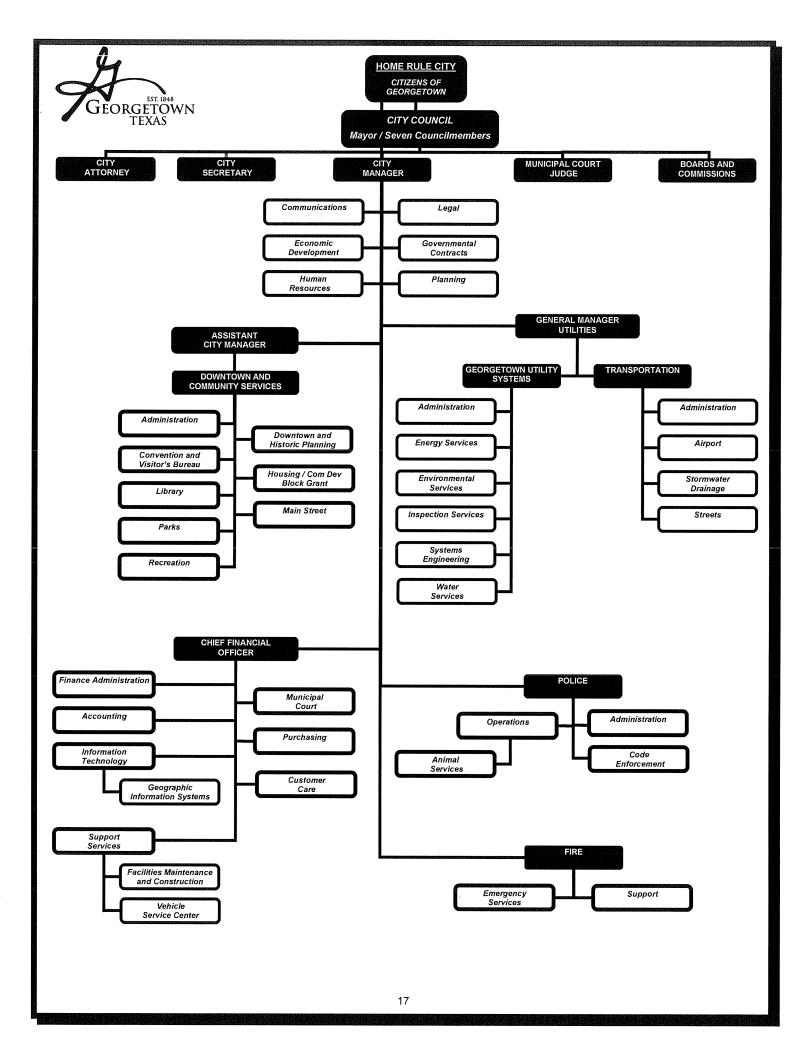
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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Christophe P Mointle President Jeffrey L. Esser



ELECTED OFFICIALS AND ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor George Garver

City Council Member, District 3, Mayor Pro Tem Danny Meigs

City Council Member, District 1 Patty Eason

City Council Member, District 2 Troy Hellmann

City Council Member, District 4 Bill Sattler

City Council Member, District 5 Jerry Hammerlun

City Council Member, District 6 Rachael Jonrowe

City Council Member, District 7 Tommy Gonzalez

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

City Manager Paul Brandenburg

Acting City Attorney Bridget Chapman

City Secretary Jessica Brettle

Municipal Court Judge Randy Stump

OTHER CITY OFFICIALS

General Manager for Utilities Jim Briggs

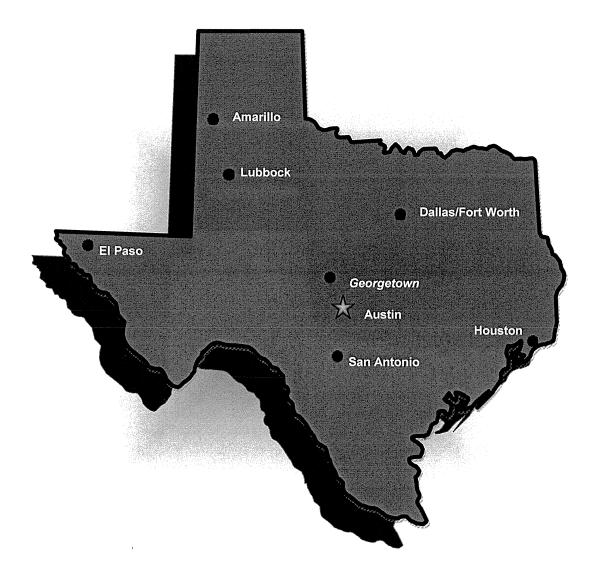
Assistant City Manager Laurie Brewer

Chief Financial Officer Micki Rundell

Fire Chief John Sullivan

Police Chief Wayne Nero

Location



Georgetown is the northern most "gateway" to the gently rolling hills of Central Texas. While Georgetown offers the amenities and charm of a small community rooted in values of days gone by, it is strategically and centrally located in the middle of the four major metropolitan areas of Texas. Austin is 26 miles south, Dallas is two hours north, Houston is two hours southeast and San Antonio is just one-and-a-half hours south, placing Georgetown in a very advantageous position for cultural and economic development. Traveling to and from Georgetown is easy, as it is at the crossroads of IH-35 going north/south and State Highway 29 going east/west. Access to Georgetown via the Austin-Bergstrom International Airport was made much easier with the opening of State Highway 130, the toll road from Georgetown to San Antonio that parallels IH-35.



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Financial Section



FINANCIAL SECTION

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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Georgetown, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Georgetown, Texas (the "City") as of, and for the year ended, September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, cash flows where applicable and the applicable budgetary comparisons for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 21, 2013, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and Texas Municipal Retirement System Trend Data and Other Post Employment Benefits and modified approach for Streets Infrastructure Capital Assets on pages 25 through 37 and 99 through 100 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements, such information although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of

preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical tables listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP
Dallas, Texas

February 21, 2013

CITY OF GEORGETOWN, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of the City of Georgetown financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund

- At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$10,631,410 or 5% higher than FY 2011 fund balance. The fund had \$7 million of committed fund balance, \$1.2 million of assigned fund balance and \$2.4 million of unassigned fund balance. Revenues were \$900,000 more than the original budget estimates.
- General Fund revenues increased \$1 million, an increase of 3% over FY 2011. This increase can be attributed to increased sales tax revenues, licenses and permits revenues, and environmental services revenues.
- General Fund expenditures increased by \$1.1 million, an increase of 3% over FY 2011. This
 increase relates to scheduled street maintenance and public safety.

Governmental Activities

- On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the City had expenses net of program revenue of \$35.3 million. General revenues and transfers totaled \$43.3 million, resulting in an increase in net assets of \$8 million.
- As of September 30, 2012, the City's governmental activities reported combined ending net asset balances of \$198.8 million. The largest element of this balance is the value of the City's investment in capital assets which totaled \$143.7 million. Capital assets include the value of streets, parks and facilities, net of related debt.
- Under GASB Statement 54, a new presentation of fund balance is required. The City's governmental fund balance is as follows:

Nonspendable	\$2,110	Inventories
Restricted	\$24,838,353	Debt service, dedicated tax and bond funds
Committed	\$18,063,204	Contingency, other capital projects and special revenue funds
Assigned	\$10,101,327	Encumbrances
Unassigned	\$2,419,053	Available for any purpose

 During fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, the City issued approximately \$18,982,000 in General Obligation and Certificates of Obligation bonds. The debt issue funded general capital projects for roads, public safety facilities and equipment. The City's general obligation debt is rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and AA2 by Moody's.

Business-Type Activities

- The net assets of the City's business-type activities had a current year increase of \$9.7 million. The current year increase is due to the continued growth of the customer base of the utility systems and \$3.9 million of infrastructure assets contributed by developers for commercial projects and residential subdivisions.
- The City issued \$7.7 million utility system revenue bonds in FY 2012. The City's Standard & Poor's rating is AA- and the Moody's rating is AA2 on the utility system revenue debt.

Entity-Wide

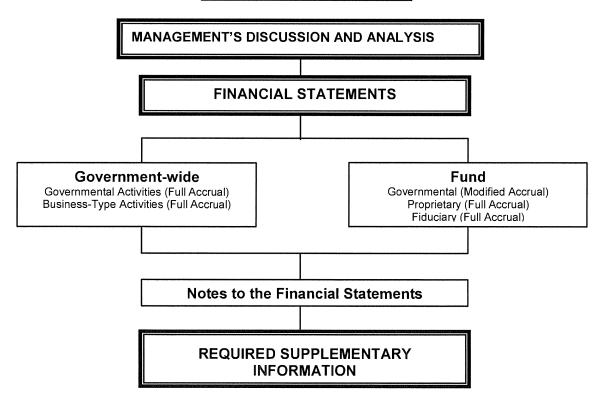
- The City's total net assets on a government-wide basis were \$457 million at September 30, 2012, an increase of 6% over September 30, 2011. Most of this balance is invested in capital assets, restricted for specific purposes, or related to a long-term receivable.
- The City received \$6.3 million of grants and other capital contributions in FY 2012.

USING THE FINANCIAL SECTION OF THIS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of three sections: introductory, financial and statistical. As illustrated in the following chart, the financial section of this report has three components: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information.

Components of the Financial Section

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities, reported using the full accrual basis of accounting. The statement of activities accounts for all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, which are the difference between the City's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the financial health of the City. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the City, one needs to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and condition of the City's infrastructure.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into two categories:

Governmental Activities – Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as police, fire and other public safety services, parks and recreation, public library, street maintenance, environmental services, and general administration. Property and sales taxes, return on investment from the City's utility services, and charges for services finance most of these activities.

Business-type Activities – The City's Water Services Fund, which includes water, wastewater and irrigation services, as well as its Electric utility, are reported here. Stormwater Drainage and the City's Airport are also reported in these activities. Fees charged to customers fund the costs of providing these services.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds and will be more familiar to traditional users of government financial statements. The focus is now on major funds rather than fund types.

The City has three types of funds:

Governmental Funds – General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds and the Debt Service Fund are governmental funds, which focus on:

- (1) How cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow (in and out), and
- (2) Year-end balances readily available for spending.

Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a short-term view that helps determine whether there are greater or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided with the governmental fund financial statements that explain the reconciliation between the fund statements and the government-wide statements.

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Proprietary Funds – Services for which the City collects fees and rates intended to fully recover the cost of providing the service are reported in proprietary funds. Two types of proprietary funds are allowed in governmental accounting: enterprise funds and internal service funds. These funds, similar to government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information.

The City's enterprise funds are substantially the same as its business-type activities, but the fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, water services, airport, and stormwater drainage activities. The City uses internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs, activities and funds. The City's internal service funds are used in providing facility maintenance, fleet services, joint services (providing administrative functions to the other funds), as well as information technology services.

Fiduciary Funds – The City is trustee, or fiduciary, for certain amounts held on behalf of others, and for certain pass-through arrangements. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. Assets for assessment collections for the City's public improvement districts, and pass-through lease agreements for Texas Capital Fund projects are held in fiduciary funds. These fiduciary activities are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

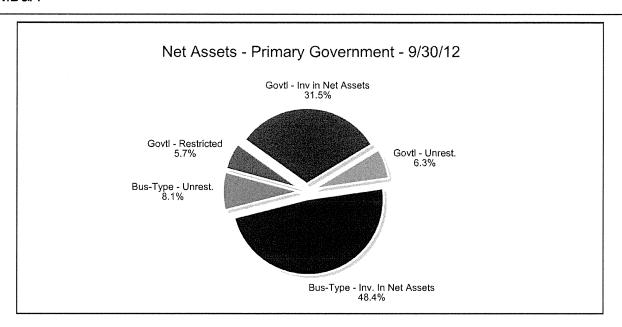
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Assets:

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets:

	Summary S	tatement of	Net Assets			
		(In thousands)				
	Govtl A	ctivities	Bus-Typ	e Activities	Total Prima	ary Government
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Current and other assets	\$ 66,936	\$ 61,190	\$ 47,799	\$ 54,255	\$ 114,735	\$ 115,445
Capital assets	253,521	238,021	281,475	274,287	534,996	512,308
Total assets	\$ 320,457	\$ 299,211	\$ 329,274	\$ 328,542	\$ 649,731	\$ 627,753
Long-term liabilities	\$ 114,653	\$ 104,003	\$ 64,504	\$ 70,636	179,157	\$ 174,639
Other liabilities	7,001	4,404	6,911	9,794	13,912	14,198
Total liabilities	\$ 121,654	\$ 108,407	\$ 71,415	\$ 80,430	\$ 193,069	\$ 188,837
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 143,744	\$ 138,537	\$ 220,810	\$ 217,340	\$ 364,554	\$ 355,877
Restricted	26,064	30,408			26,064	30,408
Unrestricted	28,995	21,859	37,049	30,772	66,044	52,631
Total net assets	\$ 198,803	\$ 190,804	\$ 257,859	\$ 248,112	\$ 456,662	\$ 438,916

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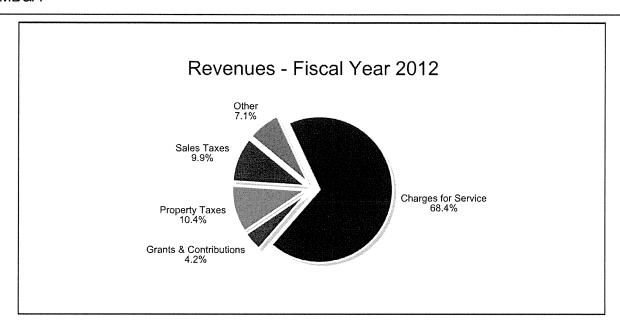


The City's combined net assets increased by \$18 million to \$457 million from \$439 million in FY 2012.

- Net assets of the governmental activities were \$198.8 million. Most of these assets are invested in capital assets or restricted for particular purposes, such as debt service or capital projects.
- The City's unrestricted net assets for governmental activities, which can be used to finance day to day operations, totaled \$29 million.
- Included in unrestricted net assets are fund balances that are earmarked for particular purposes, such as parks improvements, street maintenance, development, and tourism. The balance of these funds at September 30, 2012 was \$6 million.
- Net assets increased primarily as a result of increases in capital assets and construction in progress.
 Projects completed or underway during the year included:
 - · Public Safety Facility design
 - Fire Station 2 reconstruction and demolition of current facility
 - Fire Station 5 construction
 - River trails expansion
 - Transportation improvements including:
 - Southeast arterial 1/130 Connection
 - FM 1460
 - FM 971/NE Innerloop
 - College Street bridge
- Net assets invested in capital assets net of related debt for governmental activities increased \$5.2 million in part due to renovations/construction of City buildings and transportation improvements.
- Current year net assets of business-type activities increased by \$9.7 million, primarily due to developer contributed capital and additions to capital assets.
- During 2012, the City invested \$23.6 million towards improving and expansion of utility infrastructure, compared to \$19.2 million in 2011. Projects included:
 - Downtown underground project
 - Electric fiber
 - · Lake WTP expansion, phase III
 - AMI system
 - Electric Substation Glasscock

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			Cha	anges in N	et As	sets					
				(In thous	ands)						
	Govtl Activities					Bus-Type	Activi	ties	 T	otal	
		2012		2011		2012		2011	 2012		2011
Revenues:											
Program Revenues											
Charges for Service	\$	12,686	\$	10,752	\$	90,955	\$	91,103	\$ 103,641	\$	101,85
Operating Grants & Contributions		957		962		147		127	1,104		1,08
Capital Grants & Contributions		2,431		4,423		3,918		2,062	6,349		6,48
General Revenues											
Property Taxes		15,752		14,363					15,752		14,36
Sales Taxes		15,045		14,148					15,045		14,14
Other Taxes		1,143		1,101					1,143		1,10
Franchise Taxes		3,924		3,875					3,924		3,87
Interest		231		187		156		172	387		359
Other		710		590		4,004		2,971	 4,714		3,56
Total Revenues	\$	52,879	\$	50,401	\$	99,180	\$	96,435	\$ 152,059	\$	146,83
Expenses;											
Culture-recreation		9,328		9,394					9,328		9,39
Development		2,285		2,374					2,285		2,37
Fire		8,634		8,110					8,634		8,11
General government		4,851		5,293					4,851		5,29
Interest on long term debt		4,375		3,657					4,375		3,65
Police		11,522		11,030					11,522		11,03
Streets		5,565		6,523					5,565		6,52
Environmental Services		4,831		4,339					4,831		4,33
Electric						56,407		54,289	56,407		54,28
Water Services						21,597		22,224	21,597		22,22
Airport						3,013		3,751	3,013		3,75
Stormwater						1,905		1,970	 1,905	-	1,97
Total Expenses	\$	51,391	\$	50,720	\$	82,922	\$	82,234	\$ 134,313	\$	132,95
Change in net assets before transfers		1,488		(319)		16,258		14,201	17,746		13,88
Transfers	-	6,511		6,872		(6,511)		(6,872)	 		
Change in net assets		7,999		6,553		9,747		7,329	17,746		13,88
Net Assets - Beginning		190,804	Special	184,25 1		248,112		240,783	 438,916		425,03
Net Assets - Ending	\$	198,803	\$	190,804	\$	257,859	\$	248,112	\$ 456,662	\$	438,91



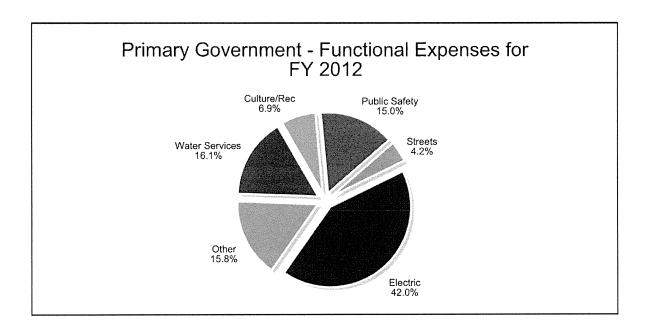
REVENUES

- **Program revenues** are derived from the program itself and reduce the cost of the function to the City. Total program revenues for both governmental and business-type activities are described below.
 - Governmental activities program revenue for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 was \$16.1 million, consistent with the prior year. The Charges for Services category represents receipts primarily from environmental services, development and building inspection fees, parks fees, fire billing for services and court fines. Charges for services were \$12.7 million in FY 2012, an 18% increase from FY 2011 revenues. Development related revenues increased \$763,500 over the prior year due to the increase in the number of permits issued. Other governmental program revenues included operating grants for parks, fire and police programs.
 - Business-type activities program revenue totaled \$95 million, a 2% increase over prior year. Capital grants and contributions were \$1.9 million higher than the prior year. Charges for Services, which represent receipts from utility customers for electric, water, and wastewater, decreased slightly, \$147,500. Electric charges for service increased 1.4% due to modest customer growth and increases in purchased power costs. These power costs increases were passed through to the customers through a fuel recovery charge. Water charges for services decreased 1%. While the fall and winter received rainfall, Central Texas was still experiencing a drought. Other program revenues include airport fuel sales, hangar rentals and stormwater drainage fees.
- General revenues are revenues from taxes levied on behalf of the general government and other revenues used for general government activities not specific to a program or service. These revenues and notable changes are described below.
 - Property taxes totaled \$15.8 million. Included in these taxes are real and personal property levies which are assessed October 1, and payable before the following January 31.
 - Assessed valuations on existing properties were nearly flat, while total assessed valuation increased 2.1% compared to the prior year. The variance is attributed to \$93 million in new and annexed property.
 - The ad valorem tax rate for fiscal year 2012 was \$0.3875 per \$100 of assessed valuation. This is an increase of \$0.03128 over the prior year's rate of \$0.35622. The

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majority of the increase is funding new debt. The new tax rate is a 5% increase over the 2012 effective rate.

- Sales taxes, the City's second largest source of general revenue, totaled \$15 million for fiscal
 year 2012, which was an increase of 6% compared to the prior year. This increase was
 primarily due to the slight recovery in the local economy. Sales tax revenues represented
 29% of the general revenue total in 2012, excluding the return-on-investment transfers from
 the utility funds.
- Hotel/motel taxes totaled \$454,531, compared to \$394,080 in FY 2011 and are included in *other* revenue.



EXPENSES

- **Expenses for governmental activities** totaled \$51.4 million, versus \$50.7 million in FY 2011. Major expenses include the Environmental Services (sanitation) contract, salaries for providing services in the public safety area, as well as for parks maintenance. Expenses were approximately \$672,000 higher than the prior year. Other explanations for the increases are noted below.
 - Culture-recreation decreased slightly, 0.7% over the prior year.
 - Development decreased 3.8%. The decrease can be attributed to vacant positions.
 - The opening of fire station no. 5 resulted in an overall increase in fire expenses of 6.5% over prior year.
 - Streets decreased 14.7% due to the timing of scheduled maintenance of the transportation system.
 - Environmental services increased 11.3% due to a fuel adjustment and an increase in the sanitation contract.
- **Expenses for business-type activities** totaled \$82.9 million, less than a 1% increase over the prior year, which provided electric, water, and wastewater services for customers, as well as airport and stormwater drainage programs. Notable explanations for the increases are explained below.
 - The increase in expenses in Electric are associated with the fluctuation of the purchased power costs and system growth which resulted in a 3.9% increase over prior year.
 - Water had 2.8% lower operating and plant management expenses.

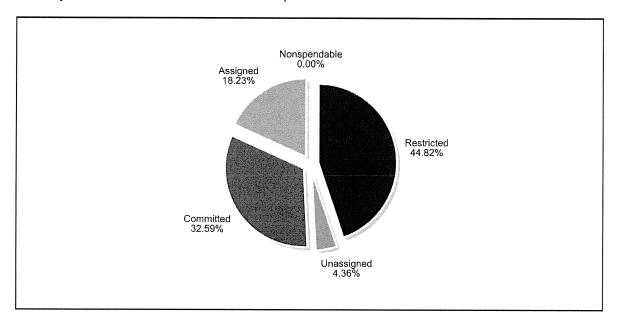
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• The 24.5% decrease at the Airport is related to fewer fuel purchases for resale and the price of fuel compared to FY 2011.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds: The City's Fund Balance is the accumulated difference between assets and liabilities within **governmental funds**, and it allows the City to meet its contractual obligations, fund disaster or emergency costs, provide cash flow for timing purposes and fund non-recurring expenses appropriated by City Council. This policy establishes limitations on the purposes for which Fund Balances can be used in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 54.

The City's Fund Balance consists of five components:



- Non-spendable Fund Balance includes inherently non-spendable assets that will never convert to cash, as well as, assets that will not convert to cash soon enough to affect the current financial period. Assets included in this category are prepaid items, inventory and non-financial assets held for resale.
- Restricted Fund Balance represents the portion of fund balance that is subject to legal restrictions, such as grants, hotel/motel tax receipts and bond proceeds.
- Committed Fund Balance describes the portion of fund balance that is constrained by limitations
 that the City Council has imposed upon itself through an ordinance or resolution, and remains
 binding unless the City Council removes the limitation.
- Assigned Fund Balance is that portion of fund balance that reflects the City's intended use of the resource and is assigned by City management based on Council direction for a designated purpose.
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> represents funds that cannot be properly classified in one of the other four categories.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, the City's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$55.4 million.

The General Fund had a fund balance of \$10,631,410 for FY 2012, an increase of \$476,763 over FY 2011. Most of this increase is due to sales tax revenues and licenses and permit revenues. According to

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the Fiscal and Budgetary Policy of the City, the use of excess fund balance is limited to non-recurring one time only expenses.

General Capital Project Fund had a fund balance of \$24.3 million for FY 2012 compared to \$19.3 million for FY 2011. This significant increase is due to the issuance of general obligation debt to fund general capital projects. The City issued \$15,800,000 of debt to fund road projects, public safety equipment, and the public safety facility approved with the 2011 bond authorization from the citizens. The City expended \$8.9 million on various general capital projects.

Non-major governmental funds include an increase in fund balance of \$1.6 million due to the funding and timing of street improvement projects in the Sales Tax Maintenance Fund.

General Debt Service Fund reflects a decrease of \$227,000 in FY 2012. This decrease is due to the repayment of bond principal and payment to escrow in conjunction with the advance refunding of debt.

Georgetown Transportation Enhancement Corporation (GTEC), the City's blended component unit had a 26.7% decrease in fund balance due to the timing of capital improvement projects. GTEC contributed \$6.4 million in transportation improvements to facilitate economic development in 2012.

Business-type Activities: The City's **proprietary fund** statements provide the same type of information found in government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Total unrestricted net assets for as of September 30, 2012 totaled \$37 million, which included \$13 million for Electric, \$21.3 million for Water and \$2.7 million for all other Non-Major funds. The change in net assets for FY 2012 was \$9.7 million resulting primarily from continued growth in the City's utility systems and capital improvements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original and final budget of the General Fund changed due to a budget amendment for an increase in Culture-recreation programs, environmental services relating to fuel, street maintenance projects and grant matches. The variance between the actual ending fund balance at September 30, 2012 of \$9.4 million and the final budgetary fund balance of \$7.5 million is attributed to higher than expected sales tax revenues, increased licenses and permits revenue due to an increased number of permits issued, and the timing of streets projects.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's governmental activities (including the internal service funds) had invested \$254 million in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure. The City has \$281 million invested in its business-type activities capital assets. The detail is reflected in the following schedule:

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		Governme Change in C (In tho	Capit	al Assets*				
		Balance 9/30/2011		Additions		Deletions Transfers		Balance 9/30/2012
Non-depreciable Assets:	-		_					
Land	\$	6,938	\$	1,503			\$	8,441
Construction in progress		22,279		16,026	\$	(15,417)		22,888
Streets		140,382		2,829				143,211
Other capital assets								
Equipment		28,402		4,081		(636)		31,847
Buildings		51,821		4,721		(413)		56,129
Improvements		26,505		6,746		` ,		33,251
Less accumulated depreciation		(38,306)		(4,868)		928		(42,246
Capital Assets - Governmental	\$	238,021	\$	31,038	\$	(15,538)	\$	253,521
		Business-Ty						
		Change in (-					
		Balance	usan	usj		Deletions		Balance
		9/30/2011		Additions		Transfers		9/30/2012
Non-depreciable Assets:	-		-	7.444.1.0110				0,00,2012
Land	\$	2,572					\$	2,572
Construction in progress	•	11,868	\$	14,150	\$	(2,660)	Ť	23,358
		•	·	,	·	(, ,		,
Other capital assets Equipment		2,503		10				2,513
Buildings		2,503 6,949		10				2,513 6,949
Improvements		334,264		6,349				340,613
Less accumulated depreciation		(83,869)		(10,660)				(94,529
Capital Assets - Business-Type	\$	274,287	\$	9,849	\$	(2,660)	\$	281,476
				, , , , ,		, , , /		
City-wide Totals	\$	512,308	\$	40,887	\$	(18, 198)	\$	534,997
City-wide Totals	<u> </u>	512,306	<u> </u>	40,007	<u> </u>	(10, 190)	<u>Ф</u>	554,

The City prepared a complete inventory of street infrastructure assets in 2003 and 2004 and assigned a value to the inventory based upon the age of the street and construction indexes. This established a base line for inventory reporting under the modified approach for GASB 34 reporting.

The Council adopted a financial policy that establishes an average condition level of 85 to maintain the streets in "good" condition. The Pavement Condition Index (PCI) is a measurement scale for pavement condition, ranging from zero (poor) to 100 for pavement in perfect condition. The PCI for fiscal years 2005-2007 was 91 and 2008-2010 was 93. During 2011, the City contracted with Fugro Consultants, Inc. to reassess the condition of the pavement management system. The PCI for 2011 was 88. This decease can be attributed to recently annexed areas with streets needing improvements. This assessment is conducted every three years and will be reevaluated in 2013.

The City budgets approximately \$1.25 million annually of General Fund revenues for on-going street maintenance projects, along with the staff and maintenance costs of the street department. In addition, the City also budgets for the approximate \$1.9 million of funds received in dedicated 1/4 cent sales tax for street maintenance. The maintenance funds are allocated among various projects identified by the analysis to ensure funds are spent where needed to maintain the PCI adopted by Council.

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Utility infrastructure maintenance is budgeted within the utility funds. For fiscal year 2012, funding for electric and water services infrastructure maintenance was \$1.2 million.

Major capital assets added in FY 2012 are noted below:

•	General	Capital	Proj	ects:
---	---------	---------	------	-------

	 Construction in process projects Williams Drive widening Rock Street extension Hwy 29 Southwest Bypass Arterial SE1 Inner Loop Fire Stations 5 and 2 	\$16,026,289
	 Public safety vehicle purchases 	\$1,200,000
	 Bookmobile 	\$128,700
•	Electric	
	Digger Derrick	\$175,600
	Bucket Trucks	\$118,600
	 Electric system improvement in process 	\$6,399,403
	Electric system improvement complete	\$1,039,000
	• Fiber	\$331,500
•	Water Services	•
	 Water system improvements in process 	\$6,972,264
	Austin Ave water line	\$259,700

For more detailed notes about the City's capital assets, please see pages 77-79 of the notes to the financial statements.

OUTSTANDING DEBT

City of Georgetown Outstanding Debt and Long-Term Liabilities												
(In thousands)												
		Govt	l Ac	tivities		Bus-Type	e Act	tivities	Total			
		2012		<u>2011</u>		2012		<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
General Obligation Bonds	\$	100,357	\$	89,614	\$	11,618	\$	12,981	\$	111,975	\$	102,595
Sales tax revenue bonds		9,420		9,870						9,420		9,870
Revenue Bonds						51,425		55,945		51,425		55,945
Compensated absence payable		3,235		3,029		682		685		3,917		3,714
Net pension obligation		1,265		1,207		138		126		1,403		1,333
Other Post Employment Benefits		361		267						361		267
Arbitrage rebate payable		15		15						15		15
Total Long Term Debt	\$	114,653	\$	104,002	\$	63,863	\$	69,737	\$	178,516	\$	173,739

- As of September 30, 2012, the City had a total of \$112 million in general obligation debt outstanding. This represents a 9% increase over prior year. This increase reflects \$3.3 of General Obligation bonds for roads and public safety equipment, as well as \$12.5 million for the Public Safety Facility.
- The state limits the legal amount of tax levy available for general obligation debt service to \$1.50 per \$100 valuation. The City's 2012 debt levy equaled \$0.1646 per \$100 assessed valuation, or 11% of the maximum allowed.

MD&A

- Total utility system revenue debt was \$51.4 million as of September 30, 2012. The City issued \$7.7 million additional utility system revenue debt for FY 2012.
- Other long-term debts included are compensated absence payable, net pension obligation, other post employment benefits and arbitrage rebate payable. These experienced only a slight increase over FY 2011 of \$367,500.
- In June 2012, the City issued \$8,415,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds with an average interest rate of 3.2%. The City advanced refunded bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 12 years by approximately \$649,000 and to obtain a net economic gain of approximately \$629,000.
- A detailed analysis of the City's long-term debt is located on pages 80-86 in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

During FY 2012, the City continued to see both modest improvements in the local economy and continuing impacts from the economic downtown. The growth in residential and commercial development continued in FY 2012 with \$252.5 million in new permits; however, unemployment rose 7.08% in 2011 and held constant for 2012. The residential growth in the City's utility service area, which includes both the city limits and the City's extra territorial jurisdiction (ETJ), grew by an average of 2-4% for the past four years.

The adopted FY 2013 budget assumes continued modest growth in new property of approximately \$90 million and an adopted tax rate increase of 5.8% or \$0.41 per \$100 valuation. Sales tax revenues are expected to remain relatively stable for FY 2013. This modest, but conservative, growth trend is also anticipated in the City's utility funds.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

The Georgetown Economic Development Corporation (GEDCO) has been included in the reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit since it provides benefits to other entities aside from the City. Separate audited financial statements are not issued for GEDCO.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This report is designed to provide City Council, citizens, customers, bond rating agencies, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Finance Division
City of Georgetown
113 East 8th Street
Georgetown, Texas 78626
(512) 930-3676
www.georgetown.org



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В	Basic Finan	icial State	ments	



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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

			P	rimary Governm	ent		Component Unit Georgetown		
		Governmental <u>Activities</u>	ļ	Business-type <u>Activities</u>		TOTAL		Economic evelopment Corporation	
ASSETS:	φ	20 225 490	\$	10 765 101	\$	31,000,380	\$	1,497,036	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,235,189	Ф	10,765,191 789,750	Ф	789,750	Ф	1,497,030	
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Investments		38,839,562		11,852,239		50,691,801		1,905,319	
Investments - restricted		30,039,302		3,382,095		3,382,095		1,000,010	
Prepaid items		12,537		1,842,958		1,855,495			
Accounts receivable:		12,557		1,042,930		1,000,400			
Services (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		3,144,806		13,546,536		16,691,342			
Other		2,494,509		1,666,526		4,161,035		162,781	
Inventories		353,985		2,373,589		2,727,574		102,701	
Long-term note receivable		333,903		1,115,036		1,115,036			
Deferred charges - bond issuance costs		1,855,313		463,562		2,318,875			
Capital assets: net of accumulated depreciation		78,980,852		255,546,287		334,527,139		467,475	
Land		8,441,015		2,571,662		11,012,677		407,470	
Streets		143,211,246		2,37 1,002		143,211,246			
Construction in progress		22,887,835		23,358,468		46,246,303			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$		\$	329,273,899	\$	649,730,748	\$	4,032,611	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS: Liabilities: Current Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	5,701,826	\$	4,860,686	\$	10,562,512	\$	5,022	
Accrued interest	Ψ	590,627	•	306,417	•	897,044	•	-,	
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:		000,027		555,		,			
Construction contracts and other				639,814		639,814			
Customer deposits				843,565		843,565			
Unearned revenue		708,742		900,089		1,608,831			
Noncurrent liabilities:		•		,					
Due within one year		7,316,115		5,382,811		12,698,926		55,000	
Due in more than one year		107,336,665		58,481,130		165,817,795		1,050,000	
Total liabilities		121,653,975		71,414,512		193,068,487	***************************************	1,110,022	
Net Assets:									
Invested in capital assets (net of related debt) Restricted for:		143,744,284		220,809,992		364,554,276			
1.000110104 101.						1,749,324			
Debt Service		1,749.324				1,743,324			
Debt Service Capital Projects		1,749,324 24.314.677							
Debt Service Capital Projects Unrestricted	-	1,749,324 24,314,677 28,994,589		37,049,395		24,314,677 66,043,984		2,922,589	
Capital Projects		24,314,677		37,049,395 257,859,387		24,314,677	-	2,922,589 2,922,589	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total primary government

Georgetown Economic & Development

Component Unit

Corporation

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Functions/Programs	-	Expenses	_	Charges for Services		perating Grants & Contributions		Capital Grants & Contributions
Primary government								
Governmental Activities								
Culture-recreation	\$	9,328,048	\$	2,285,209	\$	119,039		
Development		2,284,858		1,668,635		113,958	\$	191,141
Fire		8,634,002		1,137,982		430,254		
General government		4,851,250		1,206,994				274,491
Police		11,522,334		895,703		39,442		
Streets		5,564,690				136,949		1,965,742
Environmental services		4,830,921		5,491,495		116,796		
Interest on long term debt		4,375,653						
Total governmental activities		51,391,756		12,686,018		956,438		2,431,374
Business -type Activities								
Electric	\$	56,407,348	\$	59,344,615	\$	7,272	\$	911,231
Water	,	21,597,278	•	26,596,509	•	.,	,	1,527,292
Airport		3,012,745		2,881,144		140,329		.,,
Stormwater		1,905,019		2,132,810		,		1,479,198
Total business-type activities		82,922,390		90,955,078		147,601		3,917,721
		,,				,		

\$ 134,314,146 \$ 103,641,096 \$

862,277

General revenues:

Property Tax
Sales Tax
Taxes - other
Franchise taxes
Interest on investments
Other

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Program Revenues

1,104,039__\$

6,349,095

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets, beginning of the year

Net Assets, end of the year

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense)	Revenue and
Changes in	Net Assets

	Primary Government		Component Unit
 Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Georgetown Economic Development Corporation
\$ (6,923,800) (311,124) (7,065,766) (3,369,765) (10,587,189) (3,461,999) 777,370 (4,375,653) (35,317,926)		\$ (6,923,800) (311,124) (7,065,766) (3,369,765) (10,587,189) (3,461,999) 777,370 (4,375,653) (35,317,926)	
 	\$ 3,855,770 6,526,523 8,728 1,706,989 12,098,010	\$ 3,855,770 6,526,523 8,728 1,706,989 12,098,010	
\$ (35,317,926)	\$ 12,098,010	\$ (23,219,916)	
			\$ (862,277)
15,751,826 15,045,592 1,143,217		15,751,826 15,045,592 1,143,217	1,034,688
3,924,052 230,788 710,403 6,511,026	156,329 4,003,968 (6,511,026)	3,924,052 387,117 4,714,371	8,277
 43,316,904	(2,350,729)	40,966,175	1,042,965
7,998,978	9,747,281	17,746,259	180,688
 190,803,896	248,112,106	438,916,002	2,741,901
\$ 198,802,874	\$ 257,859,387	\$ 456,662,261	\$ 2,922,589



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Fu	nd Financia	l Statement	s	
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BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

ASSETS		<u>GENERAL</u>	TR/	EORGETOWN ANSPORTATION NHANCEMENTORPORATION	ON T	DEBT SERVICE		GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECTS		NONMAJOR VERNMENTAL <u>FUNDS</u>	GO\	TOTAL /ERNMENTAL <u>FUNDS</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,764,478					\$	11.355.809	\$	3,701,898	\$	18.822.185
Investments	٠	4,791,154	\$	11,341,753	\$	1,743,931	•	14,452,848	•	4,711,509	•	37,041,195
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts):				, ,		, ,		, ,				, ,
Delinquent taxes		201,513				144,235						345,748
Sales tax		1,465,031		651,125						356,583		2,472,739
Grants										326,319		326,319
Other		2,018,730						100,842		188,635		2,308,207
Prepaid items		5,137										5,137
Inventories		2,110									***************************************	2,110
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	12,248,153	\$	11,992,878	\$	1,888,166	\$	25,909,499	\$	9,284,944	\$	61,323,640
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	1,071,583	\$	984,908			\$	1,399,057	\$	1,394,948	\$	4,850,496
Deferred revenue	•	545,160		,	\$	138,842	·	195,765		169,330		1,049,097
Total liabilities	\$	1,616,743	\$	984,908	\$	138,842	\$	1,594,822	\$	1,564,278	\$	5,899,593
Fund Balance:												
Nonspendable	\$	2,110									\$	2,110
Spendable:												
Restricted					\$	1,749,324	\$	18,112,419	\$	4,976,610		24,838,353
Committed		7,000,000	\$	8,770,010						2,293,194		18,063,204
Assigned		1,210,247		2,237,960				6,202,258		450,862		10,101,327
Unassigned		2,419,053			_		_					2,419,053
Total fund balance	\$	10,631,410	\$	11,007,970	\$	1,749,324	\$	24,314,677	\$	7,720,666	\$	55,424,047
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	12,248,153	\$	11,992,878	\$	1,888,166	\$	25,909,499	\$	9,284,944	\$	61,323,640

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Total fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	55,424,047
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.		243,448,259
The City uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as capital assets, administrative services and information technology to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. The effect of this consolidation		40.050.404
is to increase net assets.		12,850,134
Premiums, discounts and debt issuance costs have not been included in the fund financial statements.		1,593,526
Bonds payable and contractual obligations are not due and payable in the current period therefore have not been included in the fund financial statements.		(109,776,664)
Repayment of bond principal and the payment to escrow in conjunction with the advance refunding of debt reflects a reduction to liabilities in the statement of net assets.		261,787
Accrued liabilities for accrued employee benefits are not due and payable in the current period therefore have not been included in the fund financial statements.		(4,733,293)
Liabilities for arbitrage are not due and payable in the current period therefore have not been reflected in the fund financial statements.		(14,650)
Revenues from property taxes are deferred in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to fund current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized in the government-wide statements.		340,355
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expense is reported when due.		(590,627)
	***************************************	······································
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	198,802,874

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	<u>GENERAL</u>	GEORGETOWN TRANSPORTATION ENHANCEMENT CORPORATION	ON F DEBT	GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECTS	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL <u>FUNDS</u>	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL <u>FUNDS</u>
REVENUES:						
Property taxes:	f 0.000.004		m 0.044.000			A 5 740 000
Current Delinguent	\$ 8,932,034 29,070		\$ 6,814,269			\$ 15,746,303
Penalties and interest	92,536		15,727			44 ,797 92,536
Other	198,084				\$ 454,531	652,615
Property assessment	190,004				353,269	353,269
Sales tax	8,837,465	\$ 4,138,751			2,069,376	15,045,592
Franchise taxes	3,924,052	Ψ 4,130,731			2,009,370	3,924,052
Licenses and permits	1,236,478					1,236,478
Charges for service	8,268,169				225.074	8,493,243
Fines and forfeitures	616,815				65,945	682,760
Donations and grants	17,218			\$ 136,824	1,533,142	1,687,184
Investment income	42,523	38,303	10,171	106,330	33,461	230,788
Other revenue	519,319	474,726	10,171	809.420	1,066,543	2,870,008
Total revenues	32,713,763	4,651,780	6,840,167	1,052,574	5,801,341	51,059,625
						0.,,000,020
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Culture - recreation	7,183,369				1,193,715	8,377,084
Development	1,890,481				264,762	2,155,243
Fire services	7,590,667				662,900	8,253,567
General government	2,992,852	185,399			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3,178,251
Highways and streets	3,424,145	•	-		1,637,069	5,061,214
Police	10,498,193				79,191	10,577,384
Environmental Services	4,823,170				•	4,823,170
Capital outlay		6,352,838		8,745,206	840,413	15,938,457
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		450,000	5,083,987			5,533,987
Interest and fiscal charges		435,059	3,528,979	130,209		4,094,247
Total expenditures	38,402,877	7,423,296	8,612,966	8,875,415	4,678,050	67,992,604
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(5,689,114)	(2,771,516)	(1,772,799)	(7,822,841)	1,123,291	(16,932,979)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	6,200,518		1,780,613	1,100,000	653,223	9,734,354
Transfers out	(34,641)	(2,880,613)		(2,415,697)	(161,348)	(5,492,299)
Payment to refunding escrow agent			(3,416,787)			(3,416,787)
Bonds issued		1,650,000	3,181,711	14,150,000	-	18,981,711
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,165,877	(1,230,613)	1,545,537	12,834,303	491,875	19,806,979
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	476,763	(4,002,129)	(227,262)	5,011,462	1,615,166	2,874,000
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of period	10,154,647	15,010,099	1,976,586	19,303,215	6,105,500	52,550,047
FUND BALANCES, End of period	\$ 10,631,410	\$ 11,007,970	\$ 1,749,324	\$ 24,314,677	\$ 7,720,666	\$ 55,424,047

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	2,874,000
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
The City uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as fleet management and information technology to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are allocated to the governmental activities on the statement of net assets. The effect of this consolidation is to increase net assets. The entry on the statement of activities reflects the change for FY 2012, which is allocated to governmental		1,205,259
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund statements but are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The total reflects \$ 15,416,488 in construction progress reclassifications. The effect of removing the 2012 capital outlays is to increase net assets.	е	17,513,146
Depreciation is not recognized as an expenditure in governmental fusince it does not require the use of current financial resources. The effect of recording current year depreciation is to decrease net asse		(2,866,167)
Only the gain on the sale of assets is reported in the government-wi statements; whereas proceeds from the sale of capital assets are refund financial statements.		(121,745)
Amortization of costs associated with debt issuances are not recogn as an expenditure in governmental funds since it does not require the of current financial resources. The effect of recording the current year's amortization is to decrease net assets.		(112,167)
Current year long-term debt principal payments on contractual obligations bonds payable are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but as reductions in long term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	ut are shown	8,688,988

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ecognized in the fund financial statements are recognized on the accrual basis in ements. 5,52	3
nsion obligations are recorded in the government- e expense recognized on current year actual (57,65)	3)
ner post employment benefits de financial statements net of the as you go basis (93,73)	3)
vacation liabilities are not shown he net effect of the current year's (234,43)	O)
debt in the government-wide financial nancial statements, the expenditure (169,23)	9)
the payment to escrow in conjunction with the orted as expenditures in the fund financial ent-wide financial statements do not record the duction to liabilities in the statement of net assets.	7
nds and (\$18,981,711) 87,123) are not shown e government-wide financial statements. \$ (18,894,58	В)

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS				2012 ACTUAL BUDGETARY		VARIANCE TO	
		ORIGINAL		FINAL		BASIS	FI	NAL BUDGET
DEVENUES.								
REVENUES: Property taxes:								
Current	\$	9.150.000	\$	9,150,000	\$	8,932,034	\$	(217.066)
Delinguent	Φ	70,000	Φ	70,000	Ф	6,932,034 29,070	Ф	(217,966)
Penalties and interest		80,000		80,000		92,536		(40,930)
Sales tax		8,375,000		8,375,000		8,837,464		12,536 462,464
Franchise taxes		3,757,849		3,757,849		3,924,052		166,203
Licenses and permits		736,500		736,500		1,259,933		523,433
Charges for services		8,223,070		8,535,070		8,244,714		(290,356)
Fines and forfeitures		871,500		871,500		616,815		(254,685)
Other taxes		178,000		178,000		244,763		(254,063) 66,763
Investment income		40,000		40,000		42,703		2,703
Miscellaneous		401,500		401,500		536,538		135,038
Total revenues		31,883,419		32,195,419	-	32,760,622	-	565,203
Total levellues		31,003,413		32,133,413		32,700,022		505,205
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Culture - recreation		7,247,680		7,352,892		7,264,807		88,085
Development		2,051,045		1,950,505		1,880,232		70,273
Environmental Services		4,431,608		4,763,583		4,763,110		473
Fire services		7,569,156		7,606,409		7,598,868		7,541
General government		2,986,476		3,058,576		3,049,393		9,183
Highways and streets		3,484,079		3,992,179		3,170,741		821,438
Police services		10,733,521		10,730,521		10,524,113		206,408
Total expenditures		38,503,565	******	39,454,665		38,251,264	54 544 ESA	1,203,401
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		(0.000.440)		(7.050.040)		(F. 400.040)		4 700 004
OVER EXPENDITURES		(6,620,146)		(7,259,246)		(5,490,642)	_	1,768,604
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		6,294,205		6,294,205		6,200,518		(93,687)
Transfers out		(19,718)		(34,643)		(34,641)		2
Total other financing sources (uses)		6,274,487		6,259,562		6,165,877	_	(93,685)
			-				_	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER								
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER								
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(345,659)		(999,684)		675,235		1,674,919
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of period	****	7,829,950	***************************************	8,483,975		8,746,108	_	262,133
FUND BALANCES, End of period	\$	7,484,291	\$	7,484,291		9,421,343	\$	1,937,052
. C.L. SALAMOLO, LING OF PORIOG	Ψ	7,707,201	<u> </u>	1,707,201		0,721,070	Ψ _	1,007,002
Adjustments to GAAP:								
Reverse current year encumbrances						1,210,247		
Record net unrealized gain on investments						(180)		
FUND DALANOE GAAR DAGGE						40.004.440		
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS, End of period					<u>\$</u>	10,631,410		

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	ELECTRIC FUND	WATER SERVICES FUND	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTAL	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
ASSETS:	10110	TOND	101100	TOTAL	INTERNAL SERVICE I GROS
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,797,448	\$ 5.902.544	\$ 1,065,199	\$ 10,765,191	\$ 1,413,004
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	371,167	418,583	,	789,750	, ,
Investments	2,983,709	7,512,824	1,355,706	11,852,239	1,798,367
Investments - restricted	472,441	2,909,654		3,382,095	
Prepaid expenses		1,842,958		1,842,958	7,400
Accounts receivable:					
Services (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	8,821,328	4,188,880	536,328	13,546,536	186,302
Other	317,833	1,348,693		1,666,526	
Inventories	2,320,742		52,847	2,373,589	351,875
Total current assets	19,084,668	24,124,136	3,010,080	46,218,884	3,756,948
Noncurrent Assets:					
Long-term note receivables		1,115,036		1,115,036	
Deferred charges - bond issuance costs	(107,125)	451,493	119,194	463,562	
Capital assets:	(, ,	,		. , –	
Land and land rights	1,120,807	469,355	981,500	2,571,662	214,066
Distribution system	107,275,502	199,603,280	28,012,625	334,891,407	·
Buildings and improvements	73,707	3,019,793	9,577,597	12,671,097	1,644,808
Machinery, furniture and equipment	1,944,147	417,118	151,627	2,512,892	24,521,244
Construction in progress	6,668,594	16,198,338	491,536	23,358,468	497,198
Less accumulated depreciation	(30,909,304)	(51,809,723)	(11,810,082)	(94,529,109)	(16,804,627)
Total capital assets (net of					
accumulated depreciation)	86,173,453	167,898,161	27,404,803	281,476,417	10,072,689
Total noncurrent assets	86,066,328	169,464,690	27,523,997	283,055,015	10,072,689
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 105,150,996	\$ 193,588,826	\$ 30,534,077	\$ 329,273,899	\$ 13,829,637
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:					
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 3,564,655	\$ 983,814	\$ 312,217	\$ 4,860,686	\$ 851,330
Accrued employee benefits	150,152	103,305	23,631	277,088	51,919
Current portion of long-term debt	2,141,899	2,557,883	405,941	5,105,723	
Accrued interest	130,669	156,663	19,085	306,417	
Total current liabilities payable					
from unrestricted assets	5,987,375	3,801,665	760,874	10,549,914	903,249
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:		000 400		000 044	
Construction contracts and retainages payable	3,375	636,439		639,814	
Customer deposits	843,565			843,565	
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	846,940	636,439		1,483,379	
Total current liabilities	6,834,315	4,438,104	760,874	12,033,293	903,249
		.,,,			
Noncurrent liabilities:	254.005	450.000	25 020	E 40 E 47	76.254
Accrued employee benefits	354,925	153,362	35,230	543,517 900,089	76,254
Unearned revenue Long-term debt	900,089 24,442,045	29,908,177	3,587,391	57,937,613	
Total noncurrent liabilities	25,697,059	30,061,539	3,622,621	59,381,219	76,254
Total liabilities	32,531,374	34,499,643	4,383,495	71,414,512	979,503
	02,001,014		4,000,400	7 1,717,012	
Net Assets:	FO FOO FOO	407.000.040	00 444 470	000 000 000	40.070.000
Invested in capital assets (net of related debt)	59,589,509	137,809,013	23,411,470	220,809,992	10,072,689
Unrestricted	13,030,113	21,280,170	2,739,112 26,150,582	37,049,395 257,859,387	2,777,445 12,850,134
Total net assets	72,619,622	159,089,183			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 105,150,996	\$ 193,588,826	\$ 30,534,077	\$ 329,273,899	\$ 13,829,637

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	ELECTRIC FUND	WATER SERVICES FUND	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE <u>FUNDS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for sales and services: Service charges					
Electric	\$ 58,403,735			\$ 58.403.735	\$ 13,934,419
Water	φ 56,405,755	\$ 16,744,799		\$ 58,403,735 16,744,799	
Wastewater		8,281,802		8,281,802	
Other	940,880	1,569,908	\$ 5,013,954	7,524,742	
Total operating revenues	59,344,615	26,596,509	5,013,954	90,955,078	13,934,419
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Electric	8,828,039			8,828,039	
Water	0,000,000	7,053,864		7,053,864	
Depreciation	4,668,209	5,061,453	930,736	10,660,398	2,001,858
Utility contracts	41,881,695	6,419,051	,	48,300,746	_11
Plant management	• •	2,349,341		2,349,341	
Other			3,838,227	3,838,227	13,454,877
Total operating expenses	55,377,943	20,883,709	4,768,963	81,030,615	15,456,735
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	3,966,672	5,712,800	244,991	9,924,463	(1,522,316)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Investment earnings	57,443	87,017	11,869	156,329	28,028
Donations and grants	7,272		140,329	147,601	
Interest and fiscal charges	(1,029,405)	(713,569)	(148,801)	(1,891,775)	
Other	2,122,625	1,844,052	37,291	4,003,968	156,084
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,157,935	1,217,500	40,688	2,416,123	184,112
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS					
AND TRANSFERS	5,124,607	6,930,300	285,679	12,340,586	(1,338,204)
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:					
Capital contributions	911,231	1,527,292	1,479,198	3,917,721	274,491
Transfers in		69,108		69,108	2,268,972
Transfers out	(4,175,597)	(2,209,300)	(195,237)	(6,580,134)	
Total contributions and transfers	(3,264,366)	(612,900)	1,283,961_	(2,593,305)	2,543,463
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	1,860,241	6,317,400	1,569,640	9,747,281	1,205,259
TOTAL NET ASSETS - beginning of period	70,759,381	152,771,783	24,580,942	248,112,106	11,644,875
TOTAL NET ASSETS - end of period	\$ 72,619,622	\$ 159,089,183	\$ 26,150,582	\$ 257,859,387	\$ 12,850,134

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	ELECTRIC <u>FUND</u>	WATER SERVICES <u>FUND</u>	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE <u>FUNDS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					•
Cash received from customers	\$ 62,163,270	\$ 26,552,358	\$ 4,983,660	\$ 93,699,288	\$ 13,875,857
Payments to suppliers	(48,131,137)	(13,318,971)	(3,159,832)	(64,609,940)	(6,335,329)
Franchise fees Payments to employees for services	(1,605,892) (3,834,254)	(779,473) (2,324,314)	(63,984) (453,589)	(2,449,349) (6,612,157)	(7,048,295)
Net cash provided by operating activities	8,591,987	10,129,600	1,306,255	20,027,842	492,233
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Transfers in Transfers out	(4 175 507)	69,108	(10E 227)	69,108	2,268,972
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital	(4,175,597)	(2,209,300)	(195,237)	(6,580,134)	
financing activities	(4,175,597)	(2,140,192)	(195,237)	(6,511,026)	2,268,972
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets Donations and grants Impact fees Principal paid on revenue and certificates of obligation bonds Interest paid on revenue and certificates of obligation bonds Bond issuance costs Equity Transfer Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(6,269,812) 7,272 (2,014,809) (1,010,049) 7,193 (9,280,205)	(6,736,167) 1,612,116 (2,778,475) (696,553) (40,888) (8,639,967)	(760,527) 140,329 (392,728) (166,935) (1,179,861)	(13,766,506) 147,601 1,612,116 (5,186,012) (1,873,537) 7,193 (40,888) (19,100,033)	(2,702,705)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received	57,443	87,017	11,869	156,329	28.028
Change in temporary investments	2,941,686	1,905,318	(711,116)	4.135.888	28,028 (516,999)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	2,999,129	1,992,335	(699,247)	4,292,217	(488,971)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,864,686)	1,341,776	(768,090)	(1,291,000)	(430,471)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6,033,301_	4,979,351	1,833,289	12,845,941	1,843,475
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	4,168,615	6,321,127	1,065,199	11,554,941	1,413,004
Classified as: Current assets Restricted assets	3,797,448 371,167	5,902,544 418,583	1,065,199	10,765,191	1,413,004
Total	\$ 4,168,615	\$ 6,321,127	\$ 1,065,199	789,750 \$ 11,554,941	\$ 1,413,004
Non-cash disclosure Developer contributions Proprietary transfers to internal service funds Governmental transfers to internal service funds	\$ 911,231	\$ 1,527,292	\$ 1,479,198	\$ 3,917,721	\$ 13,094 261,397

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	ELECTRIC <u>FUND</u>	WATER SERVICES FUND	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE <u>FUNDS</u>	TOTAL	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 3,966,672	\$ 5,712,800	\$ 244,991	\$ 9,924,463	\$ (1,522,316)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash provided by operating activities:	. ,	. , ,		, ,	
Depreciation	4,668,209	5,061,453	930,736	10,660,398	2,001,858
Other income	2,122,625	231,936	37,291	2,391,852	156,084
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(7,251)		(23,359)	(30,610)	(71,365)
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	643,251	(341,856)	(67,585)	233,810	(58,562)
Decrease (increase) in customer deposits	52,779			52,779	,
Decrease (increase) in notes receivable		65,769		65,769	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(2,887,767)	(580,861)	187,691	(3,280,937)	15,097
Increase (decrease) in accrued employee benefits	33,469	(19,641)	(3,510)	10,318	(28,563)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 8,591,987	\$ 10,129,600	\$ 1,306,255	\$ 20,027,842	\$ 492,233

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS AGENCY FUNDS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

ASSETS:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,079
Accounts receivable	616,594
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 620,673

LIABILITIES:

Accounts payable	\$ 8,766
Due to other governments	 611,907
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 620,673

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes Section





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	Notes to	the Financi	al Stateme	nts	
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the City of Georgetown, Texas, ("City"), included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Georgetown was incorporated under the laws of the State of Texas in 1848 and operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City's financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. Generally accepted accounting principles require all funds that are controlled by or are dependent on the City Council to be included in the City's financial statements. The reporting entity is the primary government, or the City, and those component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the potential component unit's board and either the ability to impose its will by the primary government or the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with the data of the primary government. Based upon these considerations, the City's financial statements include the Georgetown Transportation Enhancement Corporation as a blended component unit. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the primary government, and whose exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or Based upon these considerations, the City's financial statements include the Georgetown Economic Development Corporation as a discretely presented component unit.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

The Georgetown Transportation Enhancement Corporation (GTEC), the City's 4B economic development corporation, is a legally separate entity from the City that was created in May 2001 by voters approving an additional sales tax. GTEC is governed by a seven member board appointed by City Council, of which, four are Council members. The City Council maintains budgetary control over the corporation. The City Manager serves as the General Manager of the corporation and the City's Chief Financial Officer acts as the Financial Manager. For financial reporting purposes, GTEC is presented as a blended component unit within City operations because its sole purpose is to utilize sales tax revenues for the improvement of the City's transportation system. The revenues and expenditures for GTEC are accounted for in a general capital projects fund. The City issues debt on behalf of GTEC in exchange for pledged sales tax revenue that is transferred to the City to reimburse for debt service related to the bonds. GTEC's debt is shown in the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

The Georgetown Economic Development Corporation (GEDCO) has been included in the reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit. GEDCO can not be considered a blended component unit because the revenues are not only for the benefit of the City. GEDCO was created by the City in May 2005, under the Texas Development Act of 1979 for the purpose of promoting, assisting, and enhancing economic and development activities on behalf of the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

It is funded through voter authorized sales tax. The five member Board, which includes three City Council members, is appointed by and serves at the discretion of the City Council. City Council approval is required for annual budgets and bonded debt issuance. In the event of dissolution, net assets of GEDCO shall be converted to the City. The City accounts for GEDCO as a discretely presented component unit on the government-wide financial statements.

GEDCO is audited as part of the City of Georgetown; however, separately issued unaudited financial statements are available through the City of Georgetown's Finance Department.

RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The Mayor and City Council are responsible for appointing a voting majority of the members of some local boards and commissions, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments. These entities are the Georgetown Industrial Development Corporation, Georgetown Hospital Authority, Georgetown Housing Authority, and Georgetown Higher Education Finance Corporation.

B. Basis of Presentation

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include both government-wide financial statements (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. Both sets of financial statements classify activities as either governmental, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, or business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program or function is offset by the program's revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given program and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The effect of interfund activity within the governmental and business-type activities columns has been removed from these statements.

Fund financial statements. The City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Each fund is considered a separate accounting entity and the operations of each fund are accounted for using a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Separate statements are presented for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

The government wide focus is on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in net financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The focus of the fund financial statements is on the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories. Each presentation provides a different focus, which allows the reader to compare and analyze the information to enhance the usefulness of the statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Governmental Funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds (in the fund financial statements) is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources and include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The individual funds are described as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Georgetown Transportation Enhancement Corporation (GTEC) – This capital projects fund is used to account for the City's 4B Corporation activities, created to administer the voter approved ½ cent sales tax for transportation improvements that aid in economic development efforts.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

General Capital Projects Fund – This capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of parks, buildings, and other facilities. Such resources are derived from proceeds of general obligation bonds or other sources of revenue specifically set aside for capital projects.

Non-major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds - The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

The Proprietary Fund Types are used to account for the City's organization and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. These funds are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the City is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered mainly through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Major Proprietary Funds

Electric Fund – This fund accounts for the City's electric utility, including operations, maintenance of the infrastructure and expansion of the system within the City's service territory.

Water Services Fund – This fund accounts for the City's water, sewer and water reuse systems, including operations, contracted maintenance, internal maintenance, expansion of the system within the City's service territory and the costs of environmental mandates that arise.

Non-major Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds - The funds that are operated as enterprise funds within the City but are not considered major funds are the Stormwater Drainage and Airport Funds.

Internal Service Funds - The Internal Service Funds, which provide services primarily to other funds of the government, are presented in the summary form as part of the proprietary fund financial statements. The financial statements of the internal service funds are allocated in the governmental column when presented at the government-wide level. Various operations are accounted for as internal service funds, such as operational costs associated with automobile and heavy equipment owned by the City and made available to various departments, costs related to maintaining and repairing City owned facilities, operational costs associated with the City's computer equipment within various departments, as well as jointly shared administrative departments.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds principal on-going operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personnel and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE - AGENCY FUNDS

The City's fiduciary fund is presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (cafeteria plan participants, local grantees, public improvement district, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated in the government-wide statements.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Measurement focus refers to what is being measured and basis of accounting refers to timing of revenue and expenditure recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund also uses the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net assets and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

recognized when earned, including unbilled utility services which are accrued. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to November 30, 1989 generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow private-sector guidance issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within sixty (60) days after year-end. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recorded when due, and compensated absences, which are recorded when payable from current available financial resources.

Ad valorem, sales, hotel, and franchise tax revenues recorded in the Governmental Fund Types are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept. Licenses and permits, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, and miscellaneous revenues (except earnings on investments) are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available.

D. Budgets

At least 30 days prior to the end of each fiscal year, the City Manager submits a proposed budget presenting a complete financial plan for the ensuing fiscal year to the City Council (the Council). Public hearings are conducted, at which time all interested persons' comments concerning the budget are heard. The budget must be legally adopted by the Council through passage of an ordinance no later than the twenty-seventh day of the last month of the fiscal year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all Governmental and Proprietary Fund Types. Budgets for all funds were legally adopted for the period. Budgetary control is exercised at the division level. All budgets are prepared on the budgetary basis, recognizing encumbrances outstanding at year-end as expenditures against that year's appropriation. These encumbrances are reconciled to generally accepted accounting principles where appropriate.

The Council may transfer any unencumbered appropriation balance or portion thereof from one division, office, department or agency to another at any time. The City Manager has authority, without Council approval, to transfer appropriation balances from one expenditure account to

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

another within a single division, office, department, or agency of the City; however, unbudgeted transfers between funds are prohibited.

The Council may authorize by a majority plus one vote, an emergency expenditure as an amendment to the original budget, but only in a case of grave public necessity, to meet an unusual and unforeseen condition that could not have been included in the original budget through the use of reasonable, diligent thought and attention.

Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as transferred pursuant to authorization of the City Manager or amended by the City Council. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations, with the exception of amendments related to capital projects and grant expenditures, whose actual costs were unknown when the budget was adopted. Unencumbered appropriations lapse each year at September 30.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual-General Fund presents a comparison of budgetary data to actual results. The General Fund utilizes the same basis of accounting for both budgetary purposes and actual results, except for the effect of encumbrances and unrealized investment gains and losses, which are reconciled to the actual results for this comparison.

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in all governmental and proprietary funds. Encumbrance accounting is a process whereby purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expending of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Outstanding year-end encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments are carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year.

F. Cash and Investments

For cash flow purposes, cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits, certificates of deposits and deposits in authorized investment pools.

The operating cash balances from all funds are consolidated in pooled cash and investment accounts. Excess pooled balances are invested in U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. Government agency securities, fully collateralized money market funds and local government investment pools. Maturities on all investments are consistent with the City's cash flow requirements. Investments are stated at fair value, or market price as of September 30, 2012. Interest earnings are then allocated to each fund based on average monthly pooled equity balances. Separate cash and investment accounts are maintained for restricted cash such as debt service and bond proceeds reserved for future construction.

G. Restricted Assets

Historically, the utility funds, based on certain bond covenants, were required to establish and maintain prescribed amounts of resources that could be used only to service outstanding debt. In July 1998 all outstanding revenue bonds were defeased and debt covenants modernized, eliminating required debt reserves in utility funds. Included in the restricted assets are capital recovery fees (impact fees), that are, by law, restricted for future capital improvements. Restricted assets consist of cash and investments, including customer deposits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

H. Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories consist of electric materials, motor fuel, office and other supplies valued at the weighted average cost method and are recognized as expenditures or expenses when used. The prepaid items consist of required payments made to a vendor for a contract in the following fiscal year.

I. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Short-term advances between funds are accounted for in the appropriate interfund receivable and payable accounts. Negative balances incurred in pooled cash at year-end are treated as interfund receivables of the Water Services Fund and interfund payables of the deficit fund.

J. Unearned Revenue

In accordance with accounting for regulated operations for the electric fund, certain utility expenses that do not currently require funding are deferred to future periods in which they are recovered by rates. Likewise, certain credits to income are deferred to periods in which they are matched with related costs.

K. Interfund Transactions

All legally authorized transfers have been appropriately presented as interfund transfers and are included in the fund financial statements of both Governmental and Proprietary Fund Types. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

L. Intergovernmental Revenues

Intergovernmental revenues represent entitlements and shared revenues which are accounted for within the fund financed. Such revenues, received for purposes normally financed through the general government, are accounted for within the Special Revenue Funds.

M. Accrued Employee Benefits

All employees may accumulate a maximum of two times their annual vacation, up to a cap of 240 hours, or 30 days paid upon termination. Upon termination, non-Civil Service employees will not receive payment of sick leave, unless they have a balance that originated prior to October 1, 2004. These employees were grandfathered under the old policy of receiving payment for one-half of their balance of sick leave up to 60 days at the rate of pay when the hours were banked. Upon termination, Civil Service employees are paid for the entire balance of their Civil Service sick leave earned after October 30, 2003 or October 30, 2006 (the effective date of the regulations in the City for fire civil service and police civil service employees, respectively), up to a maximum of 90 days. Civil Service employees hired prior to the effective date of the adoption of Civil Service regulations are also eligible under city policy to receive payment for one-half of their sick leave up to 60 days. Sick leave in excess of the maximums for both regular and Civil Service employees is not paid upon termination, but will be paid only upon illness while in the employ of the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Accumulated vacation and sick leave, which is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, is reported as expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of accumulated vacation leave within governmental funds that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as a long-term liability on the statement of net assets. No expenditure is reported for these amounts in the fund financial statements unless the benefits have matured, i.e. unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement. Accumulated vacation and sick leave of proprietary fund types are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

Net pension obligation (NPO) is recorded as an accrued employee benefit liability in the government-wide financials and the proprietary fund statements. The NPO is equal to the amount that the annual required contribution for the retirement plan, with Texas Municipal Retirement System, exceeds the actual contribution on a cumulative basis.

N. Capital Assets

Capital Assets other than Streets & Drainage:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at their historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Assets capitalized, not including infrastructure assets, have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and an expected useful life of over one year.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is capitalized. Interest of \$750,910 was capitalized in enterprise funds during the 2012 fiscal year.

Depreciation for assets not following the modified approach is computed using the straight-line method on the composite assets based upon the estimated useful lives as follows:

Distribution systems 25-50 years Buildings and improvements 10-20 years Furniture, fixtures and equipment 3-10 years

The City records capital contributions to proprietary funds as revenue. Total capital contributions to the enterprise funds in fiscal year 2012 were \$3,917,721 and \$274,491 in the internal service funds. Contributed capital is not recorded for governmental type funds, but is recognized as having a value of \$1,700,626.

Capital Assets - Streets & Drainage:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement #34 provides for an alternative approach to depreciation for measuring the value of infrastructure assets and the related costs incurred to maintain their service life at a locally established minimum standard. In order to adopt this alternative method, the City must use an asset management system, and must determine if the minimum standards are being maintained. This measurement occurs every three years at a minimum. The City has elected to use this alternative method for reporting its street infrastructure

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

assets. The City contracted with the engineering firm of Kasberg, Patrick and Associates to complete pavement condition surveys for the City's street network during 2011.

The City uses the CarteGraph PavementView Pavement Management Information System to track the condition levels of each of the street sections. The entire streets inventory is captured in the system and the condition of the pavement is based on the following factors:

- Type of Distress
- Amount of Distress
- Severity of Distress
- Deduct Values (function of the first three)

The Pavement Condition Index (PCI) is a measurement scale based upon a condition index ranging from zero for a failed pavement to 100 for pavement with perfect condition. The condition index is used to classify pavement in the following conditions:

PCI	Rating
100 - 85	Good
84 - 45	Fair
44 - 0	Poor

The PCI for fiscal year 2011 is 88. The previous score for 2008-2010 was 93. This will be reevaluated in 2013. The City's administrative policy is to maintain an average PCI level of 85. An 85 PCI is considered maintaining the streets in a "good" condition. Staff prepares a street maintenance budget that meets this target for Council's consideration during the budget process.

O. Long-term Obligations

The portion of long-term general obligation debt used to finance proprietary fund operations and payable from the revenues of the Enterprise Funds is recorded in such funds. General obligation bonds and other forms of long-term debt supported by general revenues are obligations of the City as a whole and not its individual funds. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the City are accounted for on the statement of net assets and payments of principal and interest relating to the general obligation bonds are recorded as expenditures when they are paid in the fund statements. Self-supporting general obligation debt, which will be repaid from non-general revenue sources, is recorded in the appropriate proprietary fund.

P. Bond Issuance Costs

For Governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized during the current period on the fund financial statements. Bond proceeds are reported as other financing source net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. For Proprietary Fund types and on the government-wide statements, premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method which does not differ significantly from the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Specifically, the actuarial calculations used to determine the annual required contributions and related liabilities of the City's retirement plan and post-employment obligations are based on assumptions about the possibility of events far into the future. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

R. Comparative Data/Reclassification

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the City's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

S. Risk Financing Activity

The City of Georgetown is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2012, the City purchased general liability and property insurance from Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool (TML-IRP). The City pays an annual premium to TML-IRP for such coverage. TML-IRP purchases reinsurance, and the City does not retain risks of loss exceeding deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

The workers compensation plan is administered and paid through the Texas Municipal League-Intergovernmental Risk Pool (TML-IRP). Under this plan, the City does not retain risks of loss exceeding the deductibles. TML-IRP also brokers the City's Aviation and Underground Storage Tank Pollution liability insurance, as well as, the canine and surgical vet coverage. The City does not retain the risks of loss exceeding the deductibles.

T. Credit Risk

Financial investments which potentially subject the City to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash, investments and accounts receivable. At September 30, 2012, there was not a significant risk arising from cash, investments or accounts receivable.

U. Nature and Purpose of Reservations and Designation of Fund Equity

The City's Fund Balance is the accumulated difference between assets and liabilities within **governmental funds**, and it allows the City to meet its contractual obligations, fund disaster or emergency costs, provide cash flow for timing purposes and fund non-recurring expenses appropriated by City Council. This policy establishes limitations on the purposes for which Fund Balances can be used in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 54.

The City's Fund Balance reports five components:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Non-spendable Fund Balance – includes inherently non-spendable assets that will never convert to cash, as well as, assets that will not convert to cash soon enough to affect the current financial period. Assets included in this category are prepaid items, inventory and non-financial assets held for resale.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – represents the portion of fund balance that is subject to legal restrictions, such as grants or hotel/motel tax and bond proceeds.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – describes the portion of fund balance that is constrained by limitations that the City Council has imposed upon itself through an ordinance or resolution, and remains binding unless the City Council removes the limitation.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – is that portion of fund balance that reflects the City's *intended* use of the resource and is assigned by City management based on Council direction for a designated purpose.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – represents funds that cannot be properly classified in one of the other four categories.

		GENERAL	TR E	GEORGETOWN ANSPORTATION ENHANCEMENT CORPORATION	1	DEBT SERVICE		GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECTS	G	NONMAJOR OVERNMENTAL FUNDS	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
Fund Balance:												
Nonspendable												
Inventory	\$	2,110									\$	2,110
Spendable												
Restricted for:												
Debt service					\$	1,749,324						1,749,324
Bond funds							\$	18,112,419				18,112,419
Hotel/motel tax									\$	526,488		526,488
Street maintenance tax										4,205,153		4,205,153
Public safety										244,969		244,969
Committed for:												
Contingency		7,000,000										7,000,000
Other capital projects			\$	8,770,010								8,770,010
Nonmajor funds										2,293,194		2,293,194
Assigned to:												
Encumbrances		1,210,247		2,237,960				6,202,258		450,862		10,101,327
Unassigned		2,419,053			_							2,419,053
Total fund balance	\$_	10,631,410	\$	11,007,970	\$	1,749,324	_\$	24,314,677	\$	7,720,666	\$	55,424,047

V. Prior Period Adjustment

The City is restating net assets as of October 1, 2010 due to an adjustment made in 2010 to capitalize personnel and operating expense in relation to an Electric system valuation performed by McCord Engineering.

Government Wide Statement of Net Assets:	Business-type Activities	Total
Net Assets, October 1, 2010, as previously recorded	\$ 233,696,460	\$ 417,947,629
Adjustment to Electric valuation	3,096,843	3,096,843
Adjust deprecation to Electric valuation	3,990,395	3,990,395
Net Assets, October 1, 2010, as restated	\$ 240,783,698	\$ 425,034,867

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Previously Reported 2010	Adjustment	Restated 2010
Business-type Activities			
Capital Assets: net of			
accumulated depreciation	\$ 241,442,444	\$ 7,087,238	\$ 248,529,682

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

For cash flow purposes, cash and temporary investments consist of demand deposits, certificates of deposits, and authorized investment pools. The operating cash balance from all funds is consolidated in pooled cash and investment accounts. Excess pooled balances are invested in U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. Government agency securities, fully collateralized money market funds and local government investment pools. Maturities on all investments are consistent with the City's cash flow requirements. Investments are recorded at cost. Interest earnings are allocated to each fund based on average monthly pooled equity balances. Separate cash and investment accounts are maintained for restricted cash such as debt service, utility debt reserves, and bond proceeds reserved for future construction.

The investment policies of the City are governed by State statutes and a City Council adopted Investment Policy. Major provisions of the City's investment policy include: responsibility for investments, authorized investments, security dealer selection and qualifying procedures, safekeeping and custodial procedures, statement of investment objectives, and investment reporting requirements.

DEPOSITS

Texas Statutes require that all bank deposits be insured or fully collateralized by the U.S. government obligations or obligations of the State of Texas and its agencies. Market value of the collateral pledged must equal at least 102% of the bank deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's bank deposits was \$6,519,621 and the bank balances were \$7,229,912 all of which were entirely covered by Federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name. The City's discretely presented component unit had a carrying amount of negative \$167,010 at year end. Bank balances were a positive \$3,569,365. In addition, the City's Certificates of Deposits of \$42,404,210 are insured or fully collateralized in accordance with Texas statutes as described above.

In order to maximize interest earnings, the City utilizes a controlled disbursement account, which allows the City to deposit only as much money as needed to fund checks presented each day.

INVESTMENTS

The City is authorized to invest in certificates of deposit, direct obligations of the U.S. government, U.S. government agency securities, fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements, no-load money market funds whose portfolios meet the City's investment requirements, and in qualified local government investment pools as approved by the City Council.

Market Risk - Market risk is the potential for a decline in market value due to rising interest rates. In compliance with the City's Investment Policy, as of September 30, 2012, the City minimized the market risk in the portfolio by limiting the weighted average maturity of security types to no longer than two years; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities matured to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and capital improvement projects; monitoring credit ratings of portfolio positions to

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

assure compliance with rating requirements imposed by the Public Funds Investment Act; and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities and similar government investment pools.

The City's investments carried at fair value as of September 30, 2012, are:

	Prima	ry Government
	Fair	Weighted Average
	Value	Maturity (days)
Investments		
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 42,404,210	183
Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool)	6,100,260	1
Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program (TexSTAR)	15,855,123	1
Viewpoint Bank Money Market	162,275	1
Comerica Bank Money Market	4,810,282	1
Southside Bank Money Market	10,012,256	1
Total Fair Value of Investments:	\$ 79,344,405	
Portfolio weighted average maturity:		184
Carrying Amount - Demand Deposits	\$ 6,519,621	
Total Cash & Investments:	\$ 85,864,026	
	Cor	mponent Unit
	Fair	Weighted Average
	Value	Maturity (days)
Investments		
Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program (TexSTAR)	\$ 2,567,255	1
Certificates of Deposit	1,002,110	3
Total Fair Value of Investments:	\$ 3,569,365	
Portfolio weighted average maturity:		2
Carrying Amount - Demand Deposits	\$ (167,010)	
Total Cash & Investments:	\$ 3,402,355	

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the possibility that the issuer of a security will fail to make timely payments of interest or principal. In general, the lower the credit quality of a security, the higher the yield, with all other factors being equal. In compliance with the City's Investment Policy, as of September 30, 2012, the City minimized credit risk losses due to default of security issuer or backer by limiting investments to the safest types of securities; pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the City will do business; and diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities were minimized. All the City's purchased investments in U.S. Agencies were rated AAA, AAA, and Aaa by Standard & Poors, Fitch and Moody's respectively.

For short-term liquidity requirements, the City primarily utilizes the Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program (TexSTAR). JPMorgan Fleming Asset Management, Inc. and First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. serve as co-administrators under an agreement with the TexSTAR board of directors to provide investment and participant services for this pool. JPMorgan Chase Bank or its subsidiary J.P. Morgan Investor Services Co. provides the custodial, transfer agency, fund accounting, and depository services for this pool.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

The City also maintains an account with the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool). Under the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. through an agreement with the State of Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts. The State of Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director, and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company authorized to operate TexPool.

At year end, balances in TexSTAR and TexPool were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. TexSTAR and TexPool operate on a \$1 net asset value basis. In order to maintain a stable \$1 price of the fund, the pools will sell portfolio holdings if the ratio of the fair value of the portfolio divided by the book value of the portfolio is less than 0.995 or greater than 1.005. The pools are stated at their fair value.

During 2012, the City realized no gains or losses from the sale of investments, as the City's investment strategy is to invest to maturity. The City recognized a net increase in the fair value of investments held at year-end of \$2,520.

3. TAXES

Property Taxes - Property is appraised and a lien on such property becomes enforceable as of January 1st of each year. Taxes are levied on and payable the following October 1st. Taxes become delinquent February 1st of the following year and are subject to interest and penalty charges. Under an agreement which began August 1, 2000, Williamson County Tax Office collects the City's taxes. In the fund financial statements, City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they are collected in the current year. Taxes collected prior to the levy date to which they apply are recorded as unearned revenues and recognized as revenue of the period to which they apply. All collections from prior year levies are considered delinquent tax revenue for reporting purposes in the year collected. The allowance for uncollectible taxes at September 30, 2012 was \$8,727.

The City is permitted by the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general government services and for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt. The combined current tax rate to finance general government services, including debt service for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, was \$.3875 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

The Williamson Central Appraisal District (Appraisal District) is responsible for the recording and appraisal of property for all taxing units in Williamson County. The Appraisal District is required to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property must be reappraised at least every four years. The City may, at its own expense, require annual reviews by the Appraisal District through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this system, if the rate, excluding tax rates for bonds and other contractual obligations adjusted for new improvements, exceeds the rate for the previous year by more than 8%, qualified voters of the City may petition for an election to determine whether to limit the tax rate to an increase of no more than 8%.

In September 2004, voters approved an initiative to freeze property taxes for homeowners over the age of 65 or disabled. This measure mirrors the State of Texas Constitutional Amendment Proposition 13, which passed overwhelmingly statewide in 2003. "Prop 13" gives local governments the option of "freezing" taxes for the elderly and disabled.

Sales Taxes - The City has adopted the provisions of Article 1066C, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes, as amended, which grant the City the power to impose and levy a 1% Local Sales and Use Tax within the City. Proceeds of the tax are credited to the General Fund except for sales taxes generated at the airport which are credited to the Airport (Enterprise) Fund. Collections and enforcements are effected

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

through the offices of the Comptroller of Public Accounts, State of Texas, who remits to the City monthly the proceeds of the tax, after deduction of a 2% service fee.

On October 1, 2001, the City began collecting an additional ½ cent sales tax for its component unit, GTEC, to fund transportation improvements that promote economic development. These funds are reported in the GTEC General Capital Projects Fund, a blended component unit of the City.

On April 1, 2003, the City began collecting an additional ¼ cent sales tax in accordance with Texas House Bill 445 to fund maintenance on streets that were in existence at the time the sales tax was adopted by the voters. In November 2010, the citizens readopted this ¼ cent sales tax option. The sunset provision will expire in March 2015. These funds are reported in the Streets Special Revenue Fund.

On October 1, 2005, the City began collecting an additional 1/8 cent sales tax in accordance with the Texas Development Corporation Act of 1979, Article 5190.6, Section 4A Texas Revised Civil Statues for the promotion and development of new and expanded business enterprises. This sales tax is administered through the Georgetown Economic Development Corporation (GEDCO), a legally separate entity from the City. GEDCO is reported as a discretely presented component unit of the City.

On October 1, 2005, the City began collecting an additional 1/8 cent sales tax to be used toward the reduction of ad valorem property taxes. Proceeds are credited to the City's General Fund.

4. TRANSFERS

т	R A	١N	S	F	F	R	s	- 1	N

			Governmental Funds					Enterprise Fu	ınds	
			Major Funds		Nonmaj	or Funds	Majo	r Funds	Nonmajor Funds	
		General Fund	Debt Service	Gen. Capital Projects	Special Revenue	Internal Services	Electric	Water	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT
	Governmental Funds:									
	Major Funds									
Т	General fund				\$ 30,091	\$ 4,550				\$ 34,641
R	GTEC		\$ 1,780,613	\$ 1,100,000						\$ 2,880,613
Α	Gen. capital projects		-		608,132	1,807,566				\$ 2,415,698
Α										
N	Nonmajor Funds									
s	Special revenue funds (SRFs)	\$ 145,148			15,000	1,200				\$ 161,348
F	Internal service funds									
Е										
R	Enterprise Funds:									
s	Major funds									
	Electric	3,937,303				169,186		\$ 69,108		\$ 4,175,597
0	Water services	1,968,770				240,530				\$ 2,209,300
U										
Т	Nonmajor funds									
	Nonmajor enterprise funds	149,297				45,940				\$ 195,237
	TOTAL TRANSFERS IN	\$ 6,200,518	\$ 1,780,613	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 653,223	\$ 2,268,972		\$ 69,108		\$ 12,072,434

Transfers eliminated in Government-wide statements: \$ 5,561,408

Net Transfers: \$ 6,511,026

The net transfers between the governmental types and business types total \$6,511,026. Per the City's fiscal and budgetary policy, utility operations transfer seven percent of gross billings for utility services

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

to the General fund as a payment of the profits of the fund or a return on investment. Other types of transfers include grant matching, fire hydrant testing, equipment purchases and capital project funding.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2012 was as follows:

		Balance 10/01/11	_	Additions	 Deletions & Transfers		Balance 9/30/12
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	6,937,867	\$	1,503,148		\$	8,441,015
Streets		140,381,824		2,829,422			143,211,246
Construction in progress	-	22,278,034		16,026,289	\$ (15,416,488)		22,887,835
Total capital assets not being depreciated		169,597,725		20,358,859	 (15,416,488)		174,540,096
Capital assets being depreciated							
Equipment		28,402,440		4,081,286	(636,353)		31,847,373
Buildings		51,821,369		4,720,707	(413,097)		56,128,979
Improvements		26,504,773		6,745,702	 		33,250,475
Total capital assets being depreciated		106,728,582		15,547,695	 (1,049,450)		121,226,827
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Equipment		(19,479,195)		(2,759,079)	636,353		(21,601,921)
Buildings		(8,872,598)		(875,260)	291,322		(9,456,536)
Improvements		(9,953,829)		(1,233,689)	 		(11,187,518)
Total accumulated depreciation		(38,305,622)		(4,868,028)	 927,675		(42,245,975)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		68,422,960	***************************************	10,679,667	 (121,775)		78,980,852
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	238,020,685	\$	31,038,526	\$ (15,538,263)	\$	253,520,948
Electric activities:					 		
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	1,120,807				\$	1,120,807
Construction in progress	*	2,199,834	\$	6,399,403	\$ (1,930,643)	*	6,668,594
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,320,641		6,399,403	 (1,930,643)		7,789,401
Capital assets being depreciated							
Equipment		1,933,870		10,277			1,944,147
Buildings		73,707		,			73,707
Improvements		104,677,598		2,597,904			107,275,502
Total capital assets being depreciated		106,685,175		2,608,181	 		109,293,356
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Equipment		(608,501)		(79,909)			(688,410)
Buildings		(28,722)		(1,644)			(30,366)
Improvements		(25,603,872)		(4,586,656)			(30,190,528)
Total accumulated depreciation		(26,241,095)		(4,668,209)			(30,909,304)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		80,444,080		(2,060,028)			78,384,052
Electric activities capital assets, net	\$	83,764,721	\$	4,339,375	\$ (1,930,643)	\$	86,173,453
					 		totomic management of the second of the seco

Schedule continued on next page

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Balance 09/30/11	Additions	Deletions & Transfers	Balance 9/30/12
Water services activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 469,355			\$ 469,355
Construction in progress	9,492,193	\$ 6,972,764	\$ (266,619)	16,198,338
Total capital assets not being depreciated	9,961,548	6,972,764	(266,619)	16,667,693
Capital assets being depreciated				
Equipment	417,118			417,118
Buildings	3,019,793			3,019,793
Improvements	197,809,369	1,793,911		199,603,280
Total capital assets being depreciated	201,246,280	1,793,911		203,040,191
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Equipment	(298,253)			(298,253)
Buildings	(1,723,970)			(1,723,970)
Improvements	(44,726,047)	(5,061,453)		(49,787,500)
Total accumulated depreciation	(46,748,270)	(5,061,453)		(51,809,723)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	154,498,010	(3,267,542)		151,230,468
Water services activities capital assets, net	\$ 164,459,558	\$ 3,705,222	\$ (266,619)	\$ 167,898,161
Other nonmajor business type activities:	***************************************			
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 981,500			\$ 981,500
Construction in progress	175,859	\$ 778,306	\$ (462,628)	491,537
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,157,359	778,306	(462,628)	1,473,037
Canital apports hains donmainted				
Capital assets being depreciated Equipment	151,627			151,627
Buildings	3,856,218			3,856,218
Improvements	31,777,009	1,956,994		33,734,003
Total capital assets being depreciated	35,784,854	1,956,994		37,741,848
		**************************************		***************************************
Less accumulated depreciation for:	(457.054)	(4.004)		(4E0 00E)
Equipment	(157,051)	(1,834)		(158,885)
Buildings Improvements	(2,424,698) (8,297,597)	(124,819) (804,083)		(2,549,517) (9,101,680)
Total accumulated depreciation	(10,879,346)	(930,736)	**************************************	(11,810,082)
Total accumulated depreciation	(10,073,040)	(550,750)	•	(11,010,002)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	24,905,508	1,804,564	(462,628)	25,931,766
Other nonmajor business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 26,062,867	\$ 2,582,870	\$ (925,256)	\$ 27,404,803
Total Business-type activities:				
•				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 2,571,662			\$ 2,571,662
Construction in progress	11,867,886	¢ 14 150 473	\$ (2,659,890)	\$ 2,571,662 23,358,469
Total capital assets not being depreciated	14,439,548	\$ 14,150,473 14,150,473	(2,659,890)	25,930,131
	. 1,100,010	11,100,110	(2)000,100)	25,550,101
Capital assets being depreciated				
Equipment	2,502,615	10,277		2,512,892
Buildings	6,949,718	0.040.000		6,949,718
Improvements Total capital assets being depreciated	334,263,976 343,716,309	6,348,809 6,359,086		340,612,785 350,075,395
Total capital assets being depreciated	343,710,309	0,308,000		330,073,395
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Equipment	(1,063,805)	(81,743)		(1,145,548)
Buildings	(4,177,390)	(126,463)		(4,303,853)
Improvements	(78,627,516)	(10,452,192)		(89,079,708)
Total accumulated depreciation	(83,868,711)	(10,660,398)		(94,529,109)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	259,847,598	(4,301,312)		255,546,286
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 274,287,146	\$ 9,849,161	\$ (2,659,890)	\$ 281,476,417

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Culture-recreation	\$ 731,250
Development	20,198
Environmental	5,514
Fire	16,149
General government	1,389,272
Highways & streets	365,514
Police	338,273
Internal service funds	2,001,858
Total depreciation expense	
governmental activities	\$ 4,868,028
Business-type activities:	
Electric	\$ 4,668,209
Water services	5,061,453
Nonmajor	 930,736
Total depreciation expense	
business-type activities	\$ 10,660,398

Invested in Capital Assets (net of related debt):

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			SINESS-TYPE ACTIVITES	TOTAL		
Invested in capital assets (net of related debt)							
Total capital assets (net of accumulated							
depreciation)	\$	253,520,948	\$	281,476,417	\$	534,997,365	
Add unspent bond proceeds				2,376,911		2,376,911	
Less long-term debt		(109,776,664)		(63,043,336)		(172,820,000)	
Invested in capital assets (net of related debt)	\$	143,744,284	\$	220,809,992	\$	364,554,276	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Overview

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012:

	Balance September 30, 2011	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2012	Due within one year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds (payable from tax pledge)	\$ 89,613,941	\$ 18,981,711	\$ (8,238,988)	\$ 100,356,664	\$ 5,829,277
Sales tax revenue bonds	9,870,000		(450,000)	9,420,000	465,000
Compensated absences	3,029,294	1,169,421	(963,554)	3,235,161	1,021,838
Net pension obligation	1,207,433	57,653		1,265,086	
Other Post Employment Benefits	267,484	93,736		361,220	
Arbitrage rebate payable	14,650			14,650	
Total governmental activities	104,002,802	20,302,521	(9,652,542)	114,652,781	7,316,115
Business-type activities:					
Revenue bonds	55,945,000	7,715,000	(12,235,000)	51,425,000	3,970,000
Compensated absences	684,676	272,323	(274,660)	682,339	277,088
Net pension obligation	125,610	12,655		138,265	
General obligation bonds	12,981,059	5,233,288	(6,596,011)	11,618,336	1,135,723
(payable from airport, stormwater and electric revenues)					
Total business-type activities	69,736,345	13,233,266	(19,105,671)	63,863,940	5,382,811
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT	\$ <u>173,739,147</u>	\$_33,535,787_	\$_(28,758,213)	\$_178,516,721_	\$_12,698,926_

Liabilities for compensated absences, net pension obligation and other post employment benefits that are included in governmental activities are expended primarily in the General Fund as benefits are used by the employees.

Fiscal													
Year Ending	Governmental				Busine	ре		Total					
September 30		<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2013	\$	6,294,277	\$	4,282,756	\$	5,105,723	\$	2,451,329	\$	11,400,000	\$	6,734,085	
2014		6,891,294		3,923,235		5,128,707		2,285,459		12,020,001		6,208,694	
2015		6,881,570		3,729,212		5,448,430		2,098,420		12,330,000		5,827,632	
2016		7,073,797		3,390,713		4,516,203		1,903,160		11,590,000		5,293,873	
2017		7, 179, 153		3,191,147		4,665,847		1,740,383		11,845,000		4,931,530	
2018-2022		32,360,458		12,182,288		20,714,541		6,192,551		53,074,999		18,374,839	
2023-2027		29,244,005		5,876,929		14,515,995		2,376,585		43,760,000		8,253,514	
2028-2032		10,382,105		1,519,945		2,947,890		162,315		13,329,995		1,682,260	
2033-2037		3,470,005		369,619				 		3,470,005		369,619	
	\$	109,776,664	\$	38,465,844	\$	63,043,336	\$	19,210,202	\$	172,820,000	\$	57,676,046	

At September 30, 2012, there was \$83,955,000 of authorized but unissued general obligation bonds. There are no authorized but unissued revenue bonds. The City is in compliance with all bond ordinances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

B. General Obligation Debt

A summary of <u>Tax-Supported General Obligation Debt</u> outstanding at September 30, 2012 follows:

\$1,862,867, 2003 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2023; interest at 3% to 4.5% (portion included below)	267,878
\$4,130,000, 2005 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2025; interest at 3% to 4.5% (portion included below)	1,930,000
\$14,080,165, 2005 General obligation and Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2020; interest at 3% to 4.75% (portion included below)	9,227,547
\$7,100,000, 2005A General obligation and Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2025; interest at 3.5% to 4.75%	5,420,000
\$4,135,000, 2006 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2026; interest at 4% to 4.625% (portion included below)	2,400,000
\$13,070,000, 2007 General obligation and Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2027; interest at 4% to 4.625% (portion included below)	10,896,299
\$8,715,000, 2007 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2027; interest at 4% to 4.5%	5,505,000
\$4,395,000, 2008 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2028; interest at 3.5% to 4.625% (portion included below)	3,062,406
\$5,400,000, 2009 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2029; interest at 3% to 5% (portion included below)	4,870,000
\$2,433,565, 2009 General obligation and Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2029; interest at 2% to 4.5% (portion included below)	1,840,415
\$2,487,351, 2010 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2029; interest at 1.75% to 4.15% (portion included below)	2,375,000
\$1,370,000, 2010 General obligation bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2029; interest at 3% to 4.5%	1,290,000
\$11,930,000, 2010 A General obligation bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2030; interest at 2% to 3.5%	11,815,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

\$9,720,000, 2011 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2031; interest at 2% to 4%	9,400,000
\$12,500,000, 2012 General obligation bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2037; interest at 1.5% to 3.625%	12,500,000
\$1,650,000, 2012 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2032; interest at 1.5% to 3.375% (portion included below)	1,650,000
\$1,016,532, 2012 General obligation and Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2029; interest at 0.2% to 3.25% (portion included below)	<u>998,410</u>
Subtotal <u>Tax-Supported General Obligation Debt</u>	\$ <u>85,447,955</u>
A summary of <u>Self-Supporting General Obligation Debt</u> outstanding at September 30,	2012:
\$567,133, 2003 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2023; interest at 3% to 4.5%; designated for GTEC capital improvements to be paid through revenues from the ½ cent GTEC sales tax	22,124
\$435,000, 2005 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2025; interest at 3% to 4.5%; to be paid through monthly Stormwater Drainage fees charged to utility customers within City limits	
\$1,804,835, 2005 General obligation and Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2020; interest at 3% to 4.75%; portion dedicated for Airport Improvements, \$1,240,200, to be paid with Airport fees. Portion dedicated for Stormwater Drainage Improvements, \$457,840, to be paid through monthly fees	
charged to utility customers within City limits	1,102,452
\$4,175,000, 2005 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2025; interest at 3% to 4.5%; designated for GTEC capital improvements to be paid through revenues from the ½ cent GTEC sales tax	3,055,000
\$7,830,000, 2006 Combination tax & revenue refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2024; interest at 4.2% to 5%; designated for GTEC capital improvements to be paid through revenues from the ½ cent GTEC sales tax	7,080,000
\$1,235,000, 2006 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2026; interest at 4% to 4.625%; designated for GTEC capital improvements to be paid through revenues from the ½ cent GTEC sales tax	975,000
\$439,666, 2007 General obligation and Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2021; interest at 4% to 4.625%; portion dedicated for Airport Improvements, \$23,855, to be paid with Airport fees. Portion dedicated for	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Stormwater Drainage Improvements, \$415,811, to be paid through monthly fees charged to utility customers within City limits	418,700
\$750,000, 2008 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2028; interest at 3.5% to 4.625%; to be paid through monthly Stormwater Drainage fees charged to utility customers within City limits	522,594
\$1,076,435, 2009 General obligation and Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2029; interest at 2% to 4.5%; portion dedicated for Airport Improvements, \$58,375, to be paid with Airport fees. Portion dedicated for Stormwater Drainage Improvements, \$1,018,060 to be paid through monthly fees	
charged to utility customers within the City limits	684,585
\$1,010,000, 2010 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2029; interest at 1.75% to 4.15%; to be paid through monthly Stormwater Drainage fees charged to utility customers within City limits	945,000
\$3,035,000, 2010 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2019; interest at 1.75% to 3.1%; paid through Electric utility revenues	2,485,000
\$1,650,000, 2012 Combination tax & revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments through August 15, 2032; interest at 1.5% to 3.375%; designated for GTEC capital improvements to be paid through revenues from the $\frac{1}{2}$ cent GTEC sales tax	1,650,000
\$2,165,180, 2012 General obligation and Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2029; interest at 0.2% to 3.25%; designated for GTEC capital improvements to be paid through revenues from the ½ cent GTEC sales tax	2,126,585
\$5,233,289 2012 General obligation and Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2029; interest at 0.2% to 3.25%; paid through Electric utility revenues	<u>5,140,005</u>
Subtotal Self-Supported General Obligation Debt	<u>\$26,527,045</u>
Total outstanding General Obligation Debt as of September 30, 2012	<u>\$111,975,000</u>
This amount is reported in the government-wide statement of activities as:	
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	\$ 100,356,664 11,618,336
	\$ <u>111,975,000</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

C. Advanced Refunding/Defeasance

In prior years, the City defeased revenue bonds by placing the proceeds of the refunding bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At September 30, 2012, the outstanding balance of the defeased bonds is \$20,520,000.

On June 7, 2012, the City issued \$8,415,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds with an average interest rate of 3.2% to advance refund \$265,000 of outstanding Series 2001 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation (average interest rate of 4.75%), \$1,940,000 of outstanding Series 2002 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation (average interest rate of 4.65%), \$950,000 of outstanding Series 2003 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation (average interest rate of 4.3%), and \$5,665,000 of outstanding Series 2009 Limited Tax Notes (average interest rate of 3.6%). The net proceeds after issuance (after insurance and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased series bonds. As a result, the following bonds are considered to be defeased and the liabilities for those bonds have been removed from the financial statements.

Maturities	Series 2001	Series 2002	Series 2003	Series 2009
2013	\$ 265,000	\$ 160,000		\$ 150,000
2014		165,000		150,000
2015		170,000	\$150,000	155,000
2016		180,000	90,000	5,210,000
2017		190,000	95,000	
2018		195,000	90,000	
2019		205,000	95,000	
2020		215,000	100,000	
2021		225,000	105,000	
2022		235,000	110,000	
2023			115,000	
	\$ 265,000	\$ 1,940,000	\$950,000	\$ 5,665,000

The City advanced refunded these bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 12 years by approximately \$649,000 and to obtain a net economic gain (difference between the present values of debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$629,000.

D. Sales Tax Revenue Debt - Georgetown Transportation Enhancement Corporation

A summary of Sales Tax Revenue Debt outstanding at September 30, 2012 follows:

\$11,330,000, 2007 Senior lien sales tax revenue bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2027; interest at 4% to 4.5%; repaid with 1/2 cent sales tax revenue

\$ 9,420,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Total outstanding Sales Tax Revenue Debt as of September 30, 2012	\$ <u>9,420,000</u>
E. Revenue Debt	
A summary of Revenue Debt outstanding at September 30, 2012 follows:	
\$1,225,000, 1998-B Taxable Utility System Revenue & Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2015; interest at 6.15% to 6.65%	\$250,000
\$6,940,000, 2003 Utility System Revenue bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2023; interest at 3.55% to 4.55%	700,000
\$4,025,000 2005 Utility System Revenue bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2025; interest at 2.85% to 4.75%	2,955,000
\$8,665,000 2006 Utility System Revenue bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2026; interest at 4% to 4.625%	6,880,000
\$3,205,000, 2006 Utility System Revenue & Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2020; interest at 4% to 4.5%	2,395,000
\$8,250,000 2007 Utility System Revenue bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2027; interest at 4% to 4.5%	6,855,000
\$3,935,000, 2007 Utility System Revenue & Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2021; interest at 4% to 4.25%	2,820,000
\$9,415,000, 2008 Utility System Revenue bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2028; interest at 3.5% to 4.625%	8,155,000
\$7,055,000, 2008 Utility System Revenue & Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2048; interest at 3.5% to 4%	3,250,000
\$10,120,000, 2010 Utility System Revenue bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2029; interest at 3% to 4%	9,575,000
\$7,715,000, 2012 Utility System Revenue & Refunding bonds due in annual installments through August 15, 2023; interest at 2% to 4%	7,590,000
Total Outstanding Revenue Debt as of September 20, 2012	\$ <u>51,425,000</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

F. Revenue Bond Advanced Refunding/Defeasance

All net revenues of the electric and water services system are pledged for the payment of debt service for the revenue bonds. Net revenues, as defined by the various bond ordinances, include income and revenues derived from the operation of the system, after deduction of the amount necessary to pay all operating, maintenance, replacement and betterment charges of the system. These bond ordinances require that the net revenues, as defined, equal at least 1.25 times the average annual debt service on all revenue bonds. The City was in compliance with this requirement at September 30, 2012.

In prior years, the City defeased revenue bonds by placing the proceeds of the refunding bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At September 30, 2012, the outstanding balance of the defeased bonds is \$21,590,000.

On June 7, 2012, the City issued \$7,715,000 in Utility System Revenue Refunding bonds with an average interest rate of 3.25% to advance refund \$4,055,000 of outstanding 2002 Utility System Revenue Bonds (with an average interest rate of 4.65%) and \$3,925,000 of outstanding 2003 Utility System Revenue Bonds (with an average interest rate of 4.25%). The net proceeds (after insurance and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased series bonds. As a result, the following bonds are considered to be defeased and the liabilities for those bonds have been removed from the financial statements.

Maturities	Series			Series
_		2002		2003
2013	\$	330,000		
2014		345,000		
2015		360,000	\$	370,000
2016		375,000		385,000
2017		390,000		400,000
2018		410,000		415,000
2019		430,000		430,000
2020		450,000		450,000
2021		470,000		470,000
2022		495,000		490,000
2023				515,000
	\$ 4	4,055,000	\$:	3,925,000

The City advanced funded these bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 12 years by approximately \$847,000 and to obtain a net economic gain (difference between the present values of debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$829,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

G. Discretely Presented Component Unit - Loan Payable

Georgetown Economic Development Corporation (GEDCO) received a loan from the Water Services Fund as part of a tri-party agreement for economic development. The loan repayment schedule by GEDCO is as follows:

Fiscal			
Year Ending	 GEI	DCO	
September 30	Principal Interest		
2013	\$ 55,000	\$	47,200
2014	55,000		45,000
2015	60,000		42,800
2016	60,000		40,400
2017	65,000		38,000
2018-2022	360,000		148,800
2023-2027	450,000		63,000
	\$ 1,105,000	\$	425,200

7. RETIREMENT PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan, in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). The City of Georgetown is one of 847 municipalities having the benefit plan administered by TMRS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. Each of the 847 municipalities has an annual, individual actuarial valuation performed. The following assumptions were used for the December 31, 2011 valuations:

Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	26.1 Years - Closed Period
Amortization period for new gains/losses	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	10-year Smoothed Market
Investment Rate of Return	7.0%
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by age and service
Includes Inflation At	3.0%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.9%

The December 31, 2011 calculations were based upon the following benefits. Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 5 years or more of service or with 20 years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after 5 years. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Membership as of 12/31/11
Number of:
Active members 472
Retirees and beneficiaries 102
Inactive members 144
Total 718

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The city elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The city may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB.

TMRS issues a publically available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits, and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained from TMRS' website at www.TMRS.com.

The city offers supplemental death to:	Plan Year 2011	Plan Year 2012
Active employees (yes or no)	Yes	Yes
Retirees (yes or no)	Yes	Yes

B. Contributions

The contribution rate for the employees is 7%, and the City matching ratio is currently 2 to 1, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for the City is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually; the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable remainder of the plan's 26.1 year amortization period. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases. The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that is the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. (i.e. December 31, 2011 valuation is effective for rates beginning January 2013).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

The City's total payroll in fiscal year 2012 was \$27,251,060 and the City's contributions were based on a payroll of \$27,197,442. Both the City and the covered employees made the required contributions, amounting to \$3,222,805 for the City and \$1,903,820 for the employees. The City's contribution amounted to 11.84% of the covered payroll during the fiscal year. The employees' contribution amounted to 7% of covered payroll.

Schedule of Actuarial Liabilities and Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date 12/31/2011

Actuarial Value of Assets	(A)	\$ 61,924,599
Actuarial Accrued Liability	(B)	\$ 72,851,512
Percentage funded	(C)=(A)/(B)	85.0%
Unfunded (Over-funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	(D)=(B)-(A)	\$ 10,926,913
Annual Covered Payroll	(E)	\$ 27,263,189*
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	(D)/(E)	40.1%

^{*}Based on calendar year ending 12/31/11, which varies from the City's fiscal year.

Annual Pension Cost

Fiscal Year Funding	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	APC Funded	Percentage of Annual Pension Cost Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (NPO)	Employer's Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
09/30/10	\$ 4,000,420	\$ 3,235,666	80.88	\$1,314,617	12.94
09/30/11	\$ 3,718,939	\$ 3,700,513	99.50	\$1,333,043	13.24
09/30/12	\$ 3,293,113	\$ 3,222,805	97.86	\$1,403,351	11.85

C. Net Pension Obligation Calculation

The NPO cost associated with the City's retirement benefits for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 and previous years, are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	2012	2011	2010
Annual required contribution	\$ 3,280,012	\$ 3,701,920	\$ 3,992,755
Interest in net pension obligation	93,313	98,596	41,240
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(80,212)	(81,577)	(33,575)
Annual pension cost	3,293,113	3,718,939	4,000,420
Employer contributions	(3,222,805)	(3,700,513)	(3,235,666)
Change in net pension obligation	\$ 70,308	\$ 18,426	\$ 764,754
Beginning net pension obligation	1,333,043	1,314,617_	549,863_
Net pension obligation	\$ 1,403,351	\$ 1,333,043	\$ 1,314,617

The schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information (RSI) immediately following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AAL for benefits.

8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

In addition to the contributions made to TMRS, the City provides certain other post-employment benefits to its retirees and dependents through its health insurance provider, an agent multiple-employer system. Full time employees of the City of Georgetown are eligible to receive continued health benefits, dental and vision coverage for the person and the person's dependents unless anyone is eligible for coverage through another employer. Retirees of the City are eligible to continue with coverage at the same level they had during employment. Retirees are eligible at age 60 with 5 years of services or at any age with 20 years of service. Other post-employment benefit levels for retirees is the same as coverage provided to active City of Georgetown employees in accordance with the terms and conditions of the current City of Georgetown Health Plan.

Other post employment benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City recognizes the cost of providing these benefits as an expense on the government wide fund statements. The estimated obligation of providing these benefits was \$361,220 in 2012 according to a report on the results of the actuarial valuation of assets and benefits values associated with OPEB requirements. This is an increase of \$93,736 over last year's obligation of \$267,484.

In fiscal year 2009, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 45. The Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method is used to calculate the GASB ARC for the City's retiree health care plan. Using the plan benefits, the present health premiums and a set of actuarial assumptions, the anticipated future payments are projected. The projected unit credit method then provides for a systematic recognition of the cost of these anticipated payments. The yearly ARC is computed to cover the cost of benefits being earned by covered members as well as to amortize a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

The City is under no obligation, statutory or otherwise, to offer other post employment benefits to any retirees, or their dependants. Allocation of city funds to make these benefits available is determined on an annual basis by the City Council as part of the budget approval process. In December 2010, the City Council approved an ordinance that permanently segregates the retiree population from the active employee population in the health plan and established a retiree stipend. Council agreed to fund a retiree supplement per month per retiree to stabilize the retiree rate to an amount comparable to their current rates while a more permanent policy on retiree healthcare is developed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

A copy of the Actuarial Valuation Report for the Employee Retirement Benefit Program may be obtained by contacting Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company at 5605 N. MacArthur Blvd., Suite 870, Irving, Texas 75038-2631.

The City recognized the following liability in the financial statements at September 30, 2012:

Annual Other Post Employment Benefits Cost and Net OPEB (Obligation) Asset

The annual OPEB cost associated with the City's retiree benefits for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 and previous two years, is as follows:

	2012	2011	2010
Annual Required contribution	\$ 119,206	\$ 114,434	\$ 111,101
Interest on net OPEB obligation	12,037	7,991	3,783
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(11,152)	(7,404)	(431)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) end of year	 120,091	 115,021	 114,453
Contributions made (pay as you go)	(26, 355)	(25, 114)	(17,864)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 93,736	\$ 89,907	\$ 96,589
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	\$ 267,484	\$ 177,577	\$ 80,988
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 361,220	\$ 267,484	\$ 177,577

Assumptions:

	OPEB
Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2011
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit cost method
Amortization method	Level as a percent of payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years, open period
Assumed Rate of	
Return on Investments	4.5%, net of expenses
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	Initial rate of 8.5% declining to an
	ultimate rate of 4.5% after 8 years
Payroll growth	3.0% per annum
Inflation rate	3.0% per annum

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, reflecting a long-term perspective. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 and the two preceding years are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

					N	et OPEB	Percentage of	
Year Ended	Anr	nual OPEB	Er	nployer	Ol	oligation	Annual OPEB	
September 30		Cost	Con	tributions	En	d of Year	Cost Contributed	1
2010	\$	114,453	\$	17,864	\$	177,577	16%	
2011		115,021		25,114		267,484	22%	
2012		120,091		26,355		361,220	22%	

9. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Long-Term Agreements

The City has the following long-term agreements, which represent significant commitments:

A. Wholesale Power Agreements - On June 28th, 2012 the City of Georgetown delivered notice to the LCRA declaring LCRA to be in breach of the Wholesale Power Agreement (WPA) covering the supply of electricity and all related services to the City's Georgetown Utility System (GUS). Therefore, on August 13th, 2012, per the terms of the WPA, the City of Georgetown delivered to LCRA a notice of termination to be effective on September 13th, 2012. LCRA followed up with a lawsuit in Travis County seeking a temporary injunction by the court to prevent the contract termination, and also asked for summary judgment in their favor on the issue of breach. Georgetown made a plea to the jurisdiction of the court based upon sovereign immunity. The court denied the temporary injunction, summary judgment, and also ruled the case to be within its jurisdiction. Georgetown immediately appealed to the circuit court on the plea and is currently awaiting a hearing on that issue. A trial on the merits of the case is on hold pending the final resolution of the plea to the jurisdiction, and could potentially take several years to be resolved.

Prior to terminating the WPA with LCRA, GUS received almost 90% of its power needs from LCRA, but also had existing contracts with several other suppliers. Beginning on September 13th, 2012 GUS began receiving energy from its other suppliers to replace the energy LCRA had planned to serve. GUS also extended its active management of its daily energy supply to cover the larger market exposures, congestion issues, and real time settlements that LCRA previously handled. GUS currently has power arrangements to cover 100% of its projected needs through May 2013. GUS is currently evaluating its energy needs through June of 2016. Post 2016 GUS has covered 60% of its needs to 2021, and is maintaining a wind contract for Southwestern University to 2028. The financial impact of these changes is projected lower purchased power costs which are being passed on to customers through a lower Power Cost Adjustment (PCA) portion of the electric rate to retail customers to prevent excessive accumulation of fund balance, including offering a negative PCA for the first time in the utility's history. In September the PCA rate was \$0.01 per kWh. Starting in October that rate was lowered to negative \$0.003 per kWh, and is likely to be lowered further in 2013. General fund franchise fee revenues are based on the number of kWh sold; therefore, no impact on other City funds is expected.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

- B. **Brazos River Authority (BRA) Water Contracts** Effective September 1, 2001, the City revised its previous water availability agreements with the BRA to further plan for future water needs and to standardize the pricing to a system-wide rate. The effective system-wide rate for BRA's fiscal year beginning September 1, 2012 is \$62.50 per acre foot and the City paid a total of \$2,010,500 for water during the fiscal year. The City has two separate agreements with the BRA as follows:
 - (1) Lake Georgetown Water This agreement, effective September 1, 2001 and expiring August 31, 2050, requires BRA to make available to the City 6,720 acre-feet of water per year at BRA's system wide rate. The City paid \$420,000 for water under this agreement for the City's fiscal year.
 - (2) Lake Stillhouse Hollow Water This agreement, effective September 1, 2001 and expiring August 31, 2040, requires BRA to make available to the City 25,448 acre-feet of water per year at BRA's system wide rate. The City paid \$1,590,500 for water under this agreement in fiscal year 2012.
- C. Brazos River Authority Williamson County Regional Raw Water Line Agreement The City is a party to an agreement dated June 30, 1986, with the Brazos River Authority (BRA), City of Round Rock, Jonah Water Special Utility District and Chisholm Trail Special Utility District. The Brazos River Authority designed, constructed, owns and operates a pipeline to transport water from Lake Stillhouse Hollow to Lake Georgetown to benefit the parties in the agreement. Total project construction cost for the raw water line was approximately \$40 million. In 2007, BRA refunded a portion of the original \$89 million in debt. It is approximately \$69 million, including principal and interest. Each participant agreed to pay for the annual cost of debt and operations of the line. The City's obligation is \$31 million, including principal and interest, to be repaid annually through 2032. The amount for fiscal year 2012 was \$1,023,396. The following schedule reflects the City's obligation:

Year Ending September 30	Amount
2013	1,021,945
2014	1,011,637
2015	1,006,612
2016	1,011,637
2017	1,011,368
2018-2032	17,267,230
Total	\$22,330,429

D. **Texas Capital Fund Programs** - The City has received awards from this program, which is operated by the State of Texas to assist in local economic development. Two types of assistance are provided to businesses relocating to the area: (1) infrastructure improvements and (2) low cost funding for facility construction. Infrastructure improvements become the asset of the City upon construction, without repayment of the grant to the State. If the City receives funding to construct a facility for a business, the City owns the facility and leases it to the business. These lease payments are then repaid to the State. The leases and pass through

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

payments are recorded in the Agency Fund of the City. The City has three active awards for facility construction, where long term agreements are in effect:

- (1) **Reedholm Instruments, Inc.** This facility was completed in 1997 and lease payments began in March 1997. The business is current on lease payments and has an outstanding balance of \$86,523 as of September 30, 2012.
- (2) **Xycarb Ceramics, USA, Inc.** This facility was completed in January 1998 and lease payments began in February 1998. The business has an outstanding balance of \$136,310 as of September 30, 2012.
- (3) **Schunk Quartz** This facility was completed in January 1998 and lease payments began in February 1998. The business has an outstanding balance of \$136,310 as of September 30, 2012.
- E. Chisholm Trail Special Utility District - In February 1999, the City and Chisholm Trail Special Utility District (CTSUD) entered into an agreement which provided CTSUD water treatment capacity in exchange for allowing Georgetown the right to provide water service in the Highway 195 and expanded Sun City areas. The City transferred to CTSUD, a phased financial position in the Lake Water Treatment Plant (LWTP), valued at \$1,681,070, equaling 4.36 mgd of the offpeak plant capacity. In 2009, the City and CTSUD entered into a subsequent agreement to: 1) convert the existing 4.36 mgd of LWTP off-peak capacity to 4.09 mgd of firm capacity, 2) jointly construct and operate expanded facilities at the Lake Water Treatment Plant with such 11 mgd expansion scheduled to start in March 2011, 3) construct a new treatment plant at a new site south of Lake Georgetown, and 4) an option to purchase a portion of CTSUD water service territory for the sum of \$1,265,787. Upon completion of the LWTP expansion in 2013, CTSUD will own 9.59 mgd of capacity in the LWTP representing 33.65% of the total capacity of the plant. CTSUD pays prorata operating costs for all water produced at the LWTP. The project is substantially complete. CTSUD has paid their share of the construction costs via quarterly settlements. Once the project is fully complete, we expect to settle final costs in early April.
- F. Highlands at Mayfield Ltd In July 2005, the City and Highlands at Mayfield, Ltd (Highlands) entered into an agreement, subsequently amended in October 2006, to provide for partial reimbursement by Highlands for the cost of constructing a 1.25 mg elevated storage tank to provide water service to the development. Upon notification by Highlands that it would not be able to make the reimbursement totaling \$465,319 required by the contract, the City and Highlands amended the contract in September 2010 to defer the payment until August 2012 in exchange for interest payments until the reimbursement payment is made. The Highlands has made their quarterly interest payments as required and requested that one additional interest payment plus the capacity payment of \$465,319 be made on December 31, 2012. The City is currently working with Highlands on another amendment to the agreement that could possibly allow Highlands to use the capacity payment to pay for the line extension with repayment scheduled when they issue MUD bonds.
- G. **Del Webb Corporation (Sun City Texas)** The Del Webb Corporation (Del Webb) began development in April 1995 of a proposed 9,500 unit; 5,300 acre active retirement community to be called Sun City Texas. The City, through a Development Agreement, and in exchange for payment of Service Improvement Fees (SIP fee discussed below) provides fire protection, wastewater, water and electric service to Sun City. The project is annexed into the City limits as phases of the project are platted. Home sales began in June 1995 and were expected to average 425 homes per year for 20 years. As of September 30, 2012, 6,414 units have been completed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

In May 2006, the City approved the *Eighth Amendment to the Development Agreement* with Del Webb. The Eighth Amendment set the build out at 7,500 age restricted units at Sun City. Additionally, it escalated the payment of "stranded costs" and addressed the water and wastewater capacity needed to serve the 2,500 age restricted units above the 5,000 units originally defined in the Seventh Amendment. The SIP fee for units 5,001 through 7,500 was also set in this agreement at \$3,292 per unit. As of September 30, 2012 there were 1,414 units under this agreement.

- H. Georgetown Village Public Improvement District In 1999, the City of Georgetown created the Georgetown Village Public Improvement District No. 1, pursuant to Chapter 372 of the Texas Local Government Code. The City is required to construct and provide operation, repair and maintenance of parks, recreational facilities, alleyways, lighting, landscaping and related improvements to the district that are above the standards that are met elsewhere in the City. Property owners are assessed an annual maintenance assessment of \$0.20 per \$100 valuation. Assessment revenue of \$215,727 was recognized for 2012. As of September 30, 2012 all costs associated with the Georgetown Village Public Improvement District have been reimbursed.
- I. Shell Road Public Improvement District In 2001, the City created the Shell Road Public Improvement District, pursuant to Chapter 372 of the Texas Local Government Code. The City was required to design and construct the realignment of Shell Road, which was accomplished through an interlocal agreement with Williamson County. The cost of the construction was \$832,500 and will be repaid by the property owners in the PID through an assessment based on each property's linear feet of the Shell Road alignment. Each assessment is due at the time the tract is platted, at the time of the sale of the tract, or within seven years after the realignment of the road, whichever is earlier. In March 2011, this agreement was amended to extend the repayment period to February 2013. Assessments totaling \$832,500 were billed in fiscal year 2004. As of September 30, 2012 outstanding assessments totaled \$254,050.
- J. Cimarron Hills Public Improvement District In May 2000, the City and Paloma Cimarron Hills, L.P. entered into a development agreement for a 606 home, 813 acre subdivision within the City's Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ). As part of this agreement, the City created the Cimarron Hills PID to reimburse the developer for costs of certain infrastructure improvements. Each lot within the development is assessed an annual fee based on its type of usage. The City also collects a per unit transportation fee which will be used to fund necessary roadway improvements and bridge crossings in the area. As of September 30, 2012, 223 lots had been sold and 111 homes had been completed for this development. PID assessment collection began in 2002. In 2012, PID assessments were \$528,858. The developer was reimbursed \$539,966 from current year collections and available fund balance. The assessments and related disbursements are recorded in the Agency Funds.
- K. Wolf Ranch Towne Center In July 2003, the City approved a development agreement with Simon Properties for the 750,000 sq ft Wolf Ranch Towne Center. The project includes Target and 70 other retailers and restaurants. As part of the agreement, the City provided utility improvements to the site, as well as, funded \$10.5 million of highway improvements for the project. The \$10.5 million was funded with debt to be repaid by Georgetown Transportation Enhancement Corporation (GTEC). Improvements to SH 29, as well as, provide the frontage road for IH-35 were constructed as part of this project. As of September 30, 2012, \$10,555,000 of GTEC debt had been issued for this project.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

The City's development agreement with Simon includes a sales tax rebate allowable under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code. Fifty-three percent of the 1% general operating sales tax revenue generated at the development is rebated to Simon as an economic development incentive. This arrangement continues for 20 years or up to \$15 million, which funds the public on-site improvements paid by Simon.

In June 2004, the City created the Wolf Ranch Public Improvement District (PID) #1 for all Simon owned property within the Wolf Ranch development. In the event that revenues from the project are insufficient to fund any outstanding debt related to the project, an assessment would be levied against the property in the PID to protect the City from potential revenue shortfalls. Should revenues meet or exceed expectations, no assessment is made. The revenues did not meet expectations, therefore the assessment increased. The balance in the Public Road Improvement District assessment receivable is \$842,974 including interest as of September 30, 2012.

- L. In November 2006, the City entered into a 10 year tax abatement agreement with **Citigroup**, **NA**, **Inc.** who constructed a \$475 million data center within the City. The abatement began in tax year 2009 (fiscal year 2008/09). The Georgetown Economic Development Corporation (GEDCO) also entered into an agreement with Citicorp, NA to fund \$1.3 million of offsite wastewater improvements as an incentive for the creation of 50 jobs. The amount of the abatement for tax year 2012 (fiscal year 2011/12) is \$115.2 million of appraised market value.
- M. In December 2010, the City Council approved the award of a contract for the acquisition and deployment of an Advanced Metering Infrastructure system to Elster Integrated Solutions for an amount not to exceed \$8.6 million. The implementation will take place over a three year time span. As of September 30, 2012, there is \$6,050,000 in expenses associated with this project. The project will be funded with cash reserves and/or revenue bonds issued by the Electric Utility.
- N. In November 2006, the City created the **Williams Drive Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone** (TIRZ) to fund improvements needed for redevelopment of the Williams Drive gateway area. A master plan for the area was developed in 2006, with implementation planned for future years. As of September 30, 2012, \$20,352 has been collected.
- O. **Downtown Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone** was established in 2004 to fund improvements in the downtown overlay district to assist in funding the downtown master plan. As of September 30, 2012, \$280,082 has been collected.
- P. **Rivery Park Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone** was established in 2008 to fund a convention center/hotel complex, as well as, expansion to Rivery Park. The City and Williamson County agreed to reimburse up to \$25 million for the project. As of September 30, 2012, \$38,247 has been collected.
- Q. In April 2008, the City entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with Williamson County for the expansion of FM 2338 (Williams Drive). The County agreed to up front the costs of the project in order to accelerate its construction to address safety issues near Sun City. Under the MOU, the City agreed to repay the County at a later date for the City's share of these costs. The City will be responsible for 65% of the total project costs, estimated at \$22 million, for the portion of the project inside the City.

In January 2009, the City Council approved an inter-local agreement with Williamson County to addresses repayment for the **Williams Drive expansion project** as previously approved as a

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Memorandum of Understanding in April 2008. In December 2008, the City was notified that the City was awarded \$8.8 million from the Capital Area Metropolitan Planning Organization (CAMPO) for funding their portion of the project. These funds will be forwarded directly to the County for funding the project. The City has reimbursed the County \$7,367,861 of CAMPO funding. The remaining balance of \$4.7 million will be repaid to the County over 3 years. Payments from the City totaled \$4.7 million as of September 2012. Approximately \$1.2 million of outstanding, not grant funded costs related to the relocation of utilities are currently being reviewed by the City with final payment to be negotiated in 2012.

R. In October 2011, City Council approved an economic development agreement with GCV Enterprises LLC, dba Grape Creek Winery to establish and operate a winery on the downtown square. Georgetown Economic Development Corporation (GEDCO) entered into an agreement with the developer to reimburse up to \$280,000 for improvements to the property and patio related to the project. Downtown Tax increment Reinvestment Zone entered into a reinvestment zone agreement with the developers in September 2012 to fund \$60,000 for construction improvements. In addition, GEDCO has entered into a lease agreement with Grape Creek for an initial term commencing on January 1, 2012 and ending five (5) years after the Open Date. Grape Creek shall have three (3) consecutive options to renew the term of the lease, each for an additional five (5) year term. The project is currently under construction and is set to open March 2013.

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- A. In November 2012, the City issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012A, in the amount of \$12,500,000. This is the second bond issue related to the May 2011 authorization of \$30 million for the Public Safety Facility.
- B. Chisholm Trail Special Utility District (CTSUD) Memorandum of Understanding (MOU): In February 2012, the City and CTSUD jointly funded a feasibility study to determine the potential for the regionalization of utility services through consolidated operations. This study, completed in June 2012, indicated there were substantial opportunities for economic benefits for both entities if they were to merge operations. This would be achieved through the creation of a Local Government Corporation (LGC), which is a separate legal entity created by the City under Chapter 431 of the Texas Local Government Code that would allow for the City to acquire the assets of the District and still maintain some level of representative oversight by the impacted customers. Once consolidation is completed the District would be dissolved.

On October 18, 2012, the City and CTSUD executed an MOU that outlined the framework for how this merger was to be achieved. Approval of the Definitive Agreement, finalizing the plan, and the creation of the LGC is expected in early 2013. Total consolidation requires approval by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) and issuance of bonds by the City to defease the outstanding debt of the District which is approximately \$16 million. This process is expected to be completed by September 30, 2013.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies, principally the federal government, are subject to audit and adjustment by the agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Litigation

The City is involved in various legal actions in which claims of varying amounts are being asserted against the City. The City follows the practice of providing for these claims only when they become probable and reasonably determinable in amount. In the opinion of City management, these actions will not result in a significant change in the City's financial position.

Construction Contracts

Estimated costs to complete significant construction projects in progress at year-end totaled approximately \$3,268,000 for Governmental Funds and approximately \$3,472,000 for Enterprise Funds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Texas Municipal Retirement System Trend Data

Fiscal Year (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (1)	Percentage Funded	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (1)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
2003	\$ 15,549,049	\$ 18,658,884	83.3%	\$ 3,109,835	\$ 12,183,510	25.5%
2004	18,195,567	22,347,396	81.4%	4,151,829	13,698,260	30.3%
2005	20,947,687	25,168,237	83.2%	4,220,550	14,985,460	28.2%
2006	23,848,360	31,247,055	76.3%	7,398,695	16,585,727	44.6%
2007	27,478,717	36,054,408	76.2%	8,575,691	18,062,706	47.5%
2008	31,091,875	47,706,550	65.2%	16,614,675	21,074,348	78.8%
2009	34,184,686	52,405,684	65.2%	18,220,998	23,534,408	77.4%
2010	38,645,252	52,851,987	73.1%	14,206,735	25,250,743	56.3%
2011	54,329,259	66,412,267	81.8%	12,083,008	26,111,956	46.3%
2012	61,924,599	72,851,512	85.0%	10,926,913	27,263,189	40.1%

Source: Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS") Annual Report and City payroll reports.

Notes:

Other Post Employment Benefits

				U	nfunded			Percentage
	Actuarial	Α	ctuarial	Α	ctuarial		Annual	of UAAL
Year Ended	Value of	F	Accrued	Accru	ed Liability	Funded	Covered	for Covered
September 30	Assets	L	_iability		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
2010		\$	854,006	\$	854,006	0%	\$ 25,250,743	3%
2011			854,006		854,006	0%	26,111,956	3%
2012			978,491		978,491	0%	27,263,189	4%

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company, Actuarial Valuation Report

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Trend data presented is information as of December 31 of the previous year, which is the fiscal year of the TMRS.

⁽¹⁾ Actuarial accrued liabilities for year end 2010 and 2011 are based on a December 31, 2009 study. Actuarial accrued liabilities for year end 2012 are based on a December 31, 2011 study.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - MODIFIED APPROACH FOR STREETS INFRASTRUCTURE CAPITAL ASSETS

GASB Statement 34 allows the City to use the Modified Approach with respect to infrastructure assets instead of depreciating these assets. The City Council adopted an average PCI level of 85 which is considered "good" condition for a street. The City's system for reporting assets is fully discussed in Note N on page 70 of the notes. The following is additional information for the City's streets infrastructure for fiscal year 2012. This information is updated every three years and comparative data is included.

				Center	
Cam ditian	Detino	0	% of	Line	% of
Condition	Rating	Segments	Segments	Miles	Segments
Very Good	90-100	2,194	72.1%	190.8	72.4%
Good	80-90	557	18.3%	45.5	17.3%
Fair	45-80	282	9.3%	26.0	9.9%
Poor	< 45	11	0.4%	1.1	0.4%
		3,044	100.0%	263.4	100.0%

Notes:

[a] Center line miles will vary from the total number of center line due to street segments that were omitted from the survey. Street segments that were either scheduled or currently receiving maintenance were omitted from the street survey.

РС	PCI Rating by Functional Class											
	2005-2007	2008-2010	2012									
Arterial	91.91	93.00	89.70									
Collector	88.38	93.75	86.30									
Local	91.00	92.70	87.50									
Total	90.87	93.00	88.00									

Costs to Maintain System at Designated Level											
Fiscal Year Ending											
September 30,	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007					
Estimated Maintenance Cost	\$3,448,359	\$3,350,973	\$3,643,734	\$ 3,324,234	\$ 2,985,734	\$ 2,599,234					
Budgeted Maintenance Cost	3,484,079	3,078,770	3,623,688	3,530,234	4,284,000	4,656,423					
Actual Maintenance Cost	3,170,741	3,269,757	2,905,769	2,309,171	2,637,368	2,958,071					

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted for expenditures for particular purposes.

<u>Court Fees</u> - to account for the receipt and expenditure of court fees that are legally restricted for court security and technology.

<u>Conservation</u> – to account for the Energy Conservation Fee that is charged to Electric customers. This fee is used for the enactment of House Bill 3693 to address the issue of peak demand by initiating energy efficiency initiatives and conservation strategies. The funds collected will be used for a weatherization program and solar water heating program.

<u>Development</u> - to account for the receipt of private donations, grants, and money raised through special events to provide assistance to building/property owners for maintaining the appearance of the downtown historic district. Funds are distributed through an application/approval process with either a low-interest loan or grant; and to account for the receipt and expenditure of revenues from building proceeds to further develop downtown structures.

<u>Fire Billing and Donations</u> - to account for the receipt and expenditures of funds received by the City for various fire services, including calls for service, donations, abandoned vehicle revenue and inspections.

<u>Library Restricted</u> - to account for the receipt and expenditure of restricted donations such as memorials and gifts for a designated library purchase or program. Also accounts for the receipt of the Texas State Library grant for librarian salaries and books.

<u>Transportation</u> – to account for the receipt and expenditures of funds received by the City for the Williams Drive expansion project.

<u>Parks</u> - to account for revenues earned by the City from activities on City park land, which are restricted for improvements to park land and for parkland dedication fees paid by developers, which are restricted by zones for new parks. Also accounts for the partial administration of a federal drug prevention grant in coordination with Georgetown Project.

<u>Police</u> - to account for a Texas Department of Transportation grant for a Selective Traffic Enforcement Project (STEP) related to overtime costs and the receipt and expenditure of seized donated funds.

<u>Streets Sales Tax</u> - to account for the receipt and expenditure of revenues collected from the ¼ cent sales tax approved by the citizens in November 2001 under Texas House Bill 445. The funds are required to be spent on maintenance of streets that were in existence at the time of adoption of the tax.

<u>Tourism</u> - to account for the receipt and expenditure of funds received by the City from the assessment of hotel and motel occupancy tax. Usage of funds is restricted to promotion of tourism and arts within the City.

<u>Village Public Improvement District</u> - to account for the receipt and expenditure of the revenues collected from property assessments paid by Georgetown Village Public Improvement District residents and the developer to fund maintenance on upgraded parks facilities within the subdivision.

<u>Downtown, Williams Drive and Rivery Park Tax Increment Reinvestment Zones (TIRZ)</u> – to account for public improvements within an area that will generate private-sector development. The tax base is frozen at a predevelopment level and the increases in taxes derived from increases in assessed valuations are to retire bonds originally issued for the development or to leverage future growth in the assigned areas.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

				SPEC	IAL	REVENUE FUN	NDS		
ASSETS:		COURT FEES	CON	ISERVATION	DE	<u>VELOPMENT</u>		FIRE LLING AND <u>ONATIONS</u>	LIBRARY STRICTED
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable: Tax	\$	63,843 81,254	\$	224,998 286,361	\$	213,437 271,649	\$	58,468 74,414	\$ 10,652 13,557
Grants Other			***************************************			124,949		54,832 141,330	 19,914
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	145,097	\$	511,359	\$	610,035	\$	329,044	\$ 44,123
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE									
Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	2,222	***************************************		\$	191,887	\$	21,732 141,330 163,062	\$ 9,719
Fund Balance: Restricted Committed	**************************************	142,875	\$	511,359		80,629 337,519		165,982	34,404
Assigned Total fund balance		142,875		511,359		418,148		165,982	 34,404
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	145,097	\$	511,359	\$	610,035	\$	329,044	\$ 44,123

-		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS TAX INCREMENT VILLAGE STREET REINVESTMENT IMPROVEMENT PARKS POLICE TAX TOURISM ZONES DISTRICT										
	<u>PARKS</u>		POLICE		TAX		TOURISM		ZONES		DISTRICT	
\$	359,503 457,549	\$	60,587 77,113	\$	2,212,040 2,815,323	\$	233,422 297,083	\$	149,020 189,661	\$	115,928 147,545	\$ 3,701,898 4,711,509
*******	47,305		126,624	-	325,562	-	30,819			***************************************	202	356,583 326,319 188,635
\$	864,357	\$	264,324	\$	5,352,925	\$	561,324	\$	338,681	\$	263,675	\$ 9,284,944
\$	3,455	\$	2,702	\$	1,147,772	\$	6,836 28,000	\$	2,733	\$	5,890	\$ 1,394,948
	3,455		2,702		1,147,772		34,836		2,733		5,890	169,330 1,564,278
	781,963 78,939 860,902		102,094 159,528 261,622		4,205,153		526,488	**************************************	335,948	***************************************	257,785 257,785	4,976,610 2,293,194 450,862 7,720,666
\$	864,357	\$	264,324	\$	5,352,925	\$	561,324	\$	338,681	\$	263,675	\$ 9,284,944

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS									
	COURT <u>FEES</u>	CONSERVATION	DEVELOPMENT	FIRE BILLING AND DONATIONS	LIBRARY RESTRICTED	TRANSPORTATION				
REVENUES:		. 440.700	. 404.444	6 440.440	f 50 440	¢ 100.005				
Grants and entitlements Hotel/Motel tax Property assessments		\$ 116,796	\$ 191,141	\$ 418,440	\$ 56,148	\$ 196,605				
Sales tax	6 05 045									
Court fees nvestment earnings	\$ 65,945 706	1,689	894	1,042	212					
Oonations	700	1,003	102,220	11,814	59,701					
Fire incident billings			102,220	225,074	00,701					
Other		349,949	408,702	1,051						
Total revenues	66,651	468,434	702,957	657,421	116,061	196,605				
EXPENDITURES:										
Culture - recreation		200,162	70,143		238,954					
Development			60,979							
Fire services				662,900						
lighways and streets						196,605				
Police	76,136									
Capital outlay			222,331	200 000	000 054	400.005				
Total expenditures	76,136	200,162	353,453	662,900	238,954	196,605				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				(= 4=0)	(400,000)					
EXPENDITURES	(9,485)	268,272	349,504	(5,479)	(122,893)	Water and the second se				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in	15,168		15,000	14,923	(4.88=1					
Transfers out	(20,000)		45.000	44.000	(1,200)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,832)		15,000	14,923	(1,200)					
NET OLIVINGE IN EUROP DAY ANGE	/4.4.0.45%	000 070	204 504	0.444	(424.002)					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(14,317)	268,272	364,504	9,444	(124,093)					
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of period	157,192	243,087	53,644	156,538	158,497					
FUND BALANCES, End of period	\$ 142,875	\$ 511,359	\$ 418,148	\$ 165,982	\$ 34,404	\$				

		SPECIAL RE	EVENUE FUNDS			TOTAL 2012
PARKS	POLICE	STREET TAX	TOURISM	TAX INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONES	VILLAGE IMPROVEMENT <u>DISTRICT</u>	
		\$ 343,000	\$ 454,531	\$ 137,542	\$ 215,727	\$ 1,322,130 454,531 353,269
\$ 4,029	\$ 999	2,069,376 17,919	2,432	1,446	2,093	2,069,376 65,945 33,461
3,190 148,149_	34,087 74,382_		84,310			211,012 225,074 1,066,543
155,368	109,468	2,430,295	541,273	138,988	217,820	5,801,341
83,108			460,367	203,783	140,981	1,193,715 264,762 662,900
	3,055	1,440,464 608,132		9,950		1,637,069 79,191 840,413
83,108	3,055	2,048,596	460,367	213,733	140,981	4,678,050
72,260	106,413	381,699	80,906	(74,745)	76,839	1,123,291
	(125,148) (125,148)	608,132	(15,000) (15,000)			653,223 (161,348) 491,875
72,260	(18,735)	989,831	65,906	(74,745)	76,839	1,615,166
788,642	280,357	3,215,322	460,582	410,693	180,946	6,105,500
\$ 860,902	\$ 261,622	\$ 4,205,153	\$ 526,488	\$ 335,948	\$ 257,785	\$ 7,720,666

COURT FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	2012					
	ORIGINAL & FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS		VARIANCE TO BUDGET	
REVENUES:						**************************************
Court fees	\$	93,000	\$	65,945	\$	(27,055)
Investment earnings		800		705		(95)
Total revenues		93,800		66,650		(27,150)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel		55,860		55,859		1
Operations		67,243		11,025		56,218
Total expenditures	-	123,103		66,884		56,219
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		(29,303)		(234)	***************************************	29,069
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Operating transfers in		15,168		15,168		
Transfers out		(40,000)		(20,000)		(20,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(24,832)		(4,832)		(20,000)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER						
FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGETARY BASIS		(54,135)		(5,066)		49,069
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of period		54,135		146,726		92,591
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS,						
End of period	\$			141,660	\$	141,660
Adjustments to GAAP:						
Reverse current year encumbrances				1,215		
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS						
End of period			\$	142,875		

CONSERVATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

			***************************************	2012		
	ORIGINAL & FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS		VARIANCE TO BUDGET	
REVENUES:					-	
Investment earnings			\$	1,689	\$	1,689
Conservation revenue	\$	240,000		251,295		11,295
Grants				116,796		116,796
Other				98,655		98,655
Total revenues	***************************************	240,000		468,435		228,435
EXPENDITURES:						
Operations		488,360		135,741		352,619
Total expenditures		488,360		135,741		352,619
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(248,360)		332,694		581,054
	-	(=:0,000)				
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of period		248,360		151,007		(97,353)
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS,	****		*******			
End of period	\$			483,701	\$	483,701
Adjustments to GAAP:						
Reverse current year encumbrances				27,658		
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS						
End of period			\$	511,359		

DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Married States				2012			
		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS	Name and Advanced	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Grants and entitlements			\$	592,140	\$	191,141	\$	(400,000)
Investment earnings	\$	600	Φ	592,140 600	Φ	191,141	Φ	(400,999) 294
Technology fee	Ψ	000		000		10,516		10,516
Donations						102,220		102,220
Other						398,186		398,186
Total revenues		600		592,740		702,957		110,217
EXPENDITURES:								
Operations		35,440		124,296		124,296		
Capital outlay				503,284		496,947		6,337
Total expenditures	-	35,440		627,580		621,243		6,337
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(24.040)		(24.840)		04.744		440 554
OVER EXPENDITURES		(34,840)	-	(34,840)	minute	81,714		116,554
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers in		15,000		15,000	-	15,000		
Total other financing sources		15,000		15,000		15,000		***************************************
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER								
FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGETARY BASIS		(19,840)		(19,840)		96,714		116,554
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of period		19,840		19,840		53,644		33,804
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS,								
End of period	\$		\$			150,358	\$	150,358
Adjustments to GAAP:								
Reverse current year encumbrances						267,790		
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS								
End of period					\$	418,148		

FIRE BILLING AND DONATIONS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Manharatori				2012			
		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	E	ACTUAL SUDGETARY BASIS		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:					_			
Grants and entitlements	\$	415,373	\$	415,373	\$	418,440	\$	3,067
Investment earnings		2,000		2,000		1,043		(957)
Donations		1,000		1,000		11,814		10,814
Fire incident billings		50,000		87,200		225,073		137,873
Other		4,500		4,500	***************************************	1,050		(3,450)
Total revenues		472,873		510,073		657,420	-	147,347
EXPENDITURES:								
Operations		644,799		681,999		681,938		61_
Total expenditures		644,799		681,999		681,938		61
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(171,926)	_	(171,926)	********	(24,518)		147,408
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								44.000
Transfers in			***************************************			14,923		14,923
Total other financing sources			***********			14,923		14,923
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGETARY BASIS		(171,926)		(171,926)		(9,595)		162,331
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of period		171,926		171,926		155,230		(16,696)
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS, End of period	\$		\$			145,635	\$	145,635
Adjustments to GAAP:								
Reverse current year encumbrances						20,347		
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS End of period					\$	165,982		

LIBRARY RESTRICTED SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		20	012			
	ORIGINAL & FINAL BUDGET	В	ACTUAL JDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE TO BUDGET		
REVENUES: Grants and entitlements Investment earnings Donations	\$ 70,000 400 60,000	\$	56,148 212 59,701	\$	(13,852) (188) (299)	
Total revenues	 130,400	***************************************	116,061		(14,339)	
EXPENDITURES: Personnel Operations Capital Total expenditures	 72,704 56,827 12,396 141,927		58,899 39,320 12,357 110,576		13,805 17,507 39 31,351	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(11,527)		5,485		17,012	
OTHER FINANCING (USES): Transfers out Total other financing (uses)	 (1,200) (1,200)		(1,200) (1,200)	***************************************		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES) - BUDGETARY BASIS	(12,727)		4,285		17,012	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of period	12,727		29,758		17,031	
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS, End of period	\$	***************************************	34,043	\$	34,043	
Adjustments to GAAP: Reverse current year encumbrances			361			
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS End of period		\$	34,404			

TRANSPORTATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

			2012	
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE TO BUDGET
REVENUES:				
Grant Revenue	\$	\$ 196,605	\$ 196,605	\$
Total revenues	M	196,605	196,605	
EXPENDITURES:				
Operations		196,605	196,605	
Total expenditures		196,605	196,605	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES FUND BALANCE, Beginning of period				
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS, End of period	\$	\$		\$
Adjustments to GAAP:				
Reverse current year encumbrances				
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS End of period			\$	

PARKS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		2012	
	ORIGINAL & FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE TO BUDGET
REVENUES:			
Investment earnings	\$ 8,550	\$ 4,029	\$ (4,521)
Donations		3,470	3,470
Other	118,250	147,868	29,618
Total revenues	126,800	155,367	28,567
EXPENDITURES:			
Operations	92,680	79,330	13,350
Capital outlay	490,835	23,121	467,714
Total expenditures	583,515	102,451	481,064
EVOCOS (DECISIONOS) OF BEVENIUS			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(AEC 74E)	52,916	509,631
OVER EXPENDITURES	(456,715)	52,510	303,631
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of period	456,715	771,367	314,652
	,,,,,	,	5,
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS,			
End of period	\$	824,283	\$ 824,283
Adjustments to GAAP:			
Reverse current year encumbrances		36,619	
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS			
End of period		\$ 860,902	

POLICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	***************************************	2012	
	ORIGINAL & FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE TO BUDGET
REVENUES:		Control of the Contro	
Investment earnings	\$ 1,000	\$ 999	\$ (1)
Donations	25,000	33,705	8,705
Other	2,900	74,381	71,481
Total revenues	28,900	109,085	80,185
EXPENDITURES: Personnel			
Operations	10,486	3,328	7,158
Total expenditures	10,486	3,328	7,158
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING (USES): Transfer out Total other financing (uses)			105,757
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES) - BUDGETARY BASIS	(106,734)	(19,391)	(19,391)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of period	221,041	279,809	279,809
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS, End of period	\$ 114,307	260,418	\$ 260,418
Adjustments to GAAP:			
Reverse current year encumbrances		1,204	
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS End of period		\$ 261,622	

STREET TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

			2012	
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE TO BUDGET
REVENUES: Sales tax Grants and entitlements Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 1,940,000 8,000 1,948,000	\$ 2,316,000 8,000 2,324,000	\$ 2,069,376 343,000 17,919 2,430,295	\$ (246,624) 335,000 17,919 106,295
EXPENDITURES: Operating Capital outlay Total expenditures	1,582,000 1,582,000	3,091,586 1,070,350 4,161,936	3,091,586 1,070,268 4,161,854	82 82
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	366,000	(1,837,936)	(1,731,559)	106,377
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in Total other financing sources			608,132 608,132	608,132 608,132
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGETARY BASIS	366,000	(1,837,936)	(1,123,427)	714,509 142,764
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of period FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS, End of period	\$ 854,297	2,692,233 \$ 854,297	2,834,997 	\$ 857,273
Adjustments to GAAP: Reverse current year encumbrances			2,493,583	
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS End of period			\$ 4,205,153	

TOURISM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	-			2	012			
		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS	V	ARIANCE TO BUDGET
REVENUES:							_	
Hotel/Motel tax	\$	315,000	\$	336,210	\$	454,531	\$	118,321
Investment earnings Other		3,500 95,870		3,500 95,870		2,432 84,310		(1,068)
Total revenues	-	414,370		435,580	***************************************	541,273		(11,560) 105,693
Total revenues		414,370		433,000		341,273		100,000
EXPENDITURES:								
Personnel		162,278		159,993		159,958		35
Operations		239,161		326,368		326,360		88
Total expenditures		401,439		486,361		486,318		43
EVOCAS (DECICIENSY) OF DEVENUES								
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		12,931		(50,781)		54,955		105,736
OVER EXICHDITORES	************	12,331	_	(30,701)		<u> </u>		100,700
OTHER FINANCING (USES):								
Transfers out		(35,812)		(15,000)		(15,000)		
Total other financing (uses)		(35,812)	_	(15,000)		(15,000)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES) - BUDGETARY BASIS		(22,881)		(65,781)		39,955		105,736
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of period		382,087		424,987		443,326		18,339
FUND DALLANOS DUDOSTADY DAGO								
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS, End of period	\$	359,206	\$	359,206		483,281	\$	124,075
End of portod	<u> </u>	000,200	<u> </u>	000,200		400,201		124,070
Adjustments to GAAP: Reverse current year encumbrances						43,207		
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS End of period					\$	526,488		

TAX INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	2012							
		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	E	ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS		/ARIANCE O BUDGET
REVENUES:								
Property assessments	\$	113,682	\$	113,682	\$	137,543	\$	23,861
Investment earnings		1,000		1,000		1,445		445
Total revenues		114,682		114,682		138,988		24,306
EXPENDITURES:								
Operations		212,363		381,363		207,586		173,777
Total expenditures		212,363		381,363		207,586	***************************************	173,777
	anamora recons		-		-			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(97,681)		(266,681)		(68,598)		198,083
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of period		398,198		567,198		400,743		(166,455)
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS,					**********			
End of period	\$	300,517	\$	300,517		332,145	\$	31,628
Adjustments to GAAP:								
Reverse current year encumbrances						3,803		
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS								
End of period					\$	335,948		

VILLAGE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

				2012	
		ORIGINAL & FINAL BUDGET	ВІ	ACTUAL JDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE TO BUDGET
REVENUES:					
Property assessments Investment earnings	\$	216,909	\$	215,727 2,093	\$ (1,182)
Total revenues	***************************************	216,909		217,820	 2,093 911
EXPENDITURES:					
Operations		221,247		178,777	 42,470
Total expenditures		221,247		178,777	 42,470
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		(4,338)		39,043	43,381
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of period		142,306		180,946	38,640
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS,					
End of period	\$	137,968		219,989	\$ 82,021
Adjustments to GAAP:					
Reverse current year encumbrances				37,796	
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS					
End of period			\$	257,785	



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Supplementary Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules – Major Governmental Funds

These supplementary statements and schedules are included to provide management additional information for financial analysis.

GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 AND 2011

		2012	_	 2011
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,764,478	:	\$ 4,924,861
Investments Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts):		4,791,154		3,425,947
Delinquent taxes		201,513		198,328
Sales taxes		1,465,031		1,368,610
Other		2,018,730		2,060,649
Prepaid items		5,137		
Inventories	***************************************	2,110	_	 9,061
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	12,248,153	<u>;</u>	\$ 11,987,456
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	1,071,583	;	\$ 1,201,466
Unearned revenue		545,160	_	 631,343
Total liabilities		1,616,743	_	 1,832,809
Fund Balance:				
Nonspendable		2,110		9,061
Spendable:		_,		-,
Committed		7,000,000		6,847,000
Assigned		1,210,247		1,403,968
Unassigned		2,419,053	_	 1,894,618
Total fund balance		10,631,410	_	 10,154,647
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	12,248,153	<u>;</u>	\$ 11,987,456

GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 AND 2011

	2012	2011
REVENUES:		
Property taxes:		
Current	\$ 8,932,034	\$ 8,820,739
Delinquent	29,070	71,769
Penalties and interest	92,536	90,807
Other	198,084	182,419
Sales tax	8,837,465	8,295,344
Franchise taxes	3,924,052	3,874,815
Licenses and permits	1,236,478	890,948
Charges for service	8,268,169	8,082,889
Fines	616,815	762,923
Donations and grants	17,218	140,990
Investment income	42,523	46,272
Other income	519,319	426,876
Total revenues	32,713,763	31,686,791
EXPENDITURES:		
Current:		
Culture - recreation	7,183,369	7,289,676
Development	1,890,481	2,195,537
Fire services	7,590,667	7,011,366
General government	2,992,852	3,384,950
Highways and streets	3,424,145	3,025,313
Environmental services	4,823,170	4,321,888
Police	10,498,193	10,060,311
Total expenditures	38,402,877	37,289,041
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(5,689,114)	(5,602,250)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		
Transfers in	6,200,518	6,079,801
Transfers out	(34,641)	(85,022)
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,165,877	5,994,779
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	476,763	392,529
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of period	10,154,647	9,762,118
FUND BALANCES, End of period	\$ 10,631,410	\$ 10,154,647

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 (WITH COMPARATIVE FOR 2011)

		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		2012 ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS		VARIANCE TO BUDGET		2011 ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS
REVENUES:	-	BODGET		BODGET	-	DASIS		TO BODGET		DASIS
TAXES:										
Property tax:										
Current	\$	9,150,000	\$	9,150,000	\$		\$	(217,966)	\$	8,820,739
Delinquent Penalties and interest		70,000 80,000		70,000 80,000		29,070		(40,930)		71,769
Total property tax		9,300,000		9,300,000	-	92,536 9,053,640		12,536 (246,360)		90,807 8,983,315
Sales tax		8,375,000		8,375,000		8,837,464		462,464		8,295,344
Franchise taxes		3,757,849		3,757,849		3,924,052		166,203		3,874,815
Other		178,000	-	178,000		244,763		66,763		182,419
Total taxes		21,610,849		21,610,849		22,059,919		449,070		21,335,893
LICENSES AND PERMITS:										
Permits and inspection fees		726,500		726,500		1,252,853		526,353		881,284
Licenses		10,000		10,000		7,080		(2,920)		23,834
Total licenses and permits		736,500		736,500		1,259,933		523,433		905,118
CHARGES FOR SERVICES:										
Library		71.620		71,620		75,310		3,690		73.934
Animal services		20,000		20,000		981		(19,019)		7,906
Parks and recreation		1,960,500		1,960,500		1,977,440		16,940		2,012,883
Environmental services		4,998,000		5,310,000		5,141,546		(168,454)		4,923,255
Fire protection		1,049,000		1,049,000		911,857		(137,143)		915,035
Police support Total charges for services		123,950 8,223,070		123,950 8,535,070		137,580 8,244,714		13,630 (290,356)		135,706 8,068,719
Total onlinged for dorvidos		0,220,010		0,000,010	-	0,244,714		(200,000)	-	0,000,710
FINES AND FORFEITURES:		871,500		871,500		616,815		(254,685)	_	762,923
INTEREST AND OTHER:										
Investment income		40,000		40,000		42,703		2,703		46,422
Rent		169,000		169,000		160,734		(8,266)		155,750
Miscellaneous		232,500		232,500		375,804		143,304		412,116
Total interest and other	*******	441,500		441,500		579,241		137,741		614,288
TOTAL REVENUES		31,883,419		32,195,419		32,760,622		565,203	_	31,686,941
EXPENDITURES: CULTURE - RECREATION: Downtown & Community Service Admin:										
Personnel				68,557		68,553		4		
Operations				21,485		21,485				
Total downtown & community svc admin				90,042		90,038		4		
Parks:										
Personnel		1211802		1,170,732		1,166,962		3,770		1,344,075
Operations		912,810		916,450		908,229		8,221		889,619
Capital outlay		50,000		50,000		49,978		22		25,189
Total parks		2,174,612		2,137,182	_	2,125,169		12,013	_	2,258,883
Recreation:										
Personnel		1,004,809		989,359		975,183		14,176		962,585
Operations		924,876		905,876		905,334		542		880,309
Capital outlay										389
Total recreation		1,929,685		1,895,235		1,880,517		14,718		1,843,283
Recreation programs:										
Personnel		800,732		746,767		746,766		1		748,729
Operations Total recreation programs		684,353 1,485,085	-	825,368 1,572,135	-	807,060 1,553,826	_	18,308 18,309		823,616 1,572,345
. Stat. 70010ation programs		1,700,000	-		-	1,000,020		10,509	_	1,072,040
			1	22					(co	ntinued)

		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		2012 ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS	•	VARIANCE TO BUDGET		2011 ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS
Library:	•	000 700	•	000 700	•	007.044	•	44 504	•	054 603
Personnel Operations	\$	968,738 559,560	\$	968,738 559,560	\$	927,214 558,158	\$	41,524 1,402	\$	951,683 570,969
Capital outlay		130,000		130,000		129,885		115		130,877
Total library		1,658,298		1,658,298		1,615,257	_	43,041		1,653,529
TOTAL CULTURE - RECREATION		7,247,680		7,352,892		7,264,807		88,081		7,328,040
DEVELOPMENT: Planning:										
Personnel		775,731		727,969		688,197		39,772		778,075
Operations		156,030		157,480		157,430		50		153,408
Total planning		931,761		885,449		845,627	_	39,822		931,483
Inspection services:										
Personnel		579,200		588,132		588,132		2		670,871 116,394
Operations		92,917 672,117		93,412 681,544		93,409 681.541		3 3		787,265
Total inspection services		072,117		001,044		001,541				701,200
Code enforcement:		250 922		298,187		267,739		30,448		387,254
Personnel Operations		359,822 87,345		85.325		85,325		30,440		86,543
Total code enforcement		447,167		383,512		353,064		30,448		473,797
TOTAL DEVELOPMENT	***************************************	2,051,045		1,950,505		1,880,232		70,273		2,192,545
ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES:										
Environmental Services				54007		54.007				62,226
Personnel		62,323 4,364,285		54,397 4,708,547		54,397 4,708,075		472		4,268,594
Operations Capital outlay		5,000		639		638		1		4,928
Total environmental services		4,431,608		4,763,583		4,763,110		473		4,335,748
TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES	·	4,431,608		4,763,583		4,763,110		473		4,335,748
FIRE SERVICES:										
Support Services:						540.540		20		405 500
Personnel		495,745 385,847		548,573 374,672		548,540 374,592		33 80		495,520 382,279
Operations Total support services	****	881,592		923,245		923,132		113		877,799
		001,002		<u> </u>			***************************************			
Emergency Services:		5,909,720		5,362,945		5,356,920		6,025		5,448,130
Personnel Operations		777,844		835,994		834,592		1,402		675,046
Capital outlay				484,225		484,224		1	_	
Total emergency services		6,687,564		6,683,164		6,675,736		7,428	_	6,123,176
TOTAL FIRE SERVICES		7,569,156		7,606,409	-	7,598,868		7,541		7,000,97
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:										
General government:										
Operations		1,739,746		1,813,697		1,813,697				2,105,221
Total general government		1,739,746		1,813,697		1,813,697				2,105,22
City council:										
Personnel		220,825		220,825		217,346		3,479		208,714
Operations		158,067		134,921	_	129,270	_	5,651		181,62
Total city council		378,892		355,746		346,616		9,130		390,339

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 (WITH COMPARATIVE FOR 2011)

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		2012 ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE TO BUDGET		2011 ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS
City manager's office:								
Personnel	\$ 485,737	\$	455,117	\$	455,113	\$ 4	\$	436,579
Operations	144,892		154,492		154,491	1		140,523
Capital outlay			40,840		40,793	47		
Total city manager's office	630,629		650,449		650,397	52	_	577,102
Communication office:								
Personnel	173,799		173,601		173,601			174,916
Operations	63,410		65,083		65,082	1		51,073
Capital outlay	,		55,555		,	·		6,158
Total communication office	237,209		238,684		238,683	1	_	232,147
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	2,986,476		3,058,576		3,049,393	9,183		3,304,809
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS:								
Transportation Admin:								
Personnel	243,589		243,909		243,909			123,072
Operations	23,808		23,488		17,650	5,838		58,707
Capital outlay	20,000		508,100		341,485	166,615		55,, 5.
Total transportation admin	267,397		775,497		603,044	172,453		181,779
Streets:	222 222		222 222		705.540	0.044		700.100
Personnel	803,886		803,886		795,542	8,344		780,166
Operations	1,162,796		1,162,796		1,115,419	47,377		841,116
Capital outlay Total streets	1,250,000	-	1,250,000		656,736	593,264		1,466,696
Total streets	3,216,682		3,216,682	_	2,567,697	648,985	-	3,087,978
TOTAL HIGHWAYS AND STREETS	3,484,079		3,992,179		3,170,741	821,438	-	3,269,757
POLICE SERVICES:								
Organization and administration:								
Personnel	406,326		402,481		402,480	1		341,385
Operations	1,263,338		1,289,533		1,283,999	5,534		1,200,532
Capital outlay			9,705		9,705			24,754
Total organization and administration	1,669,664		1,701,719		1,696,184	5,535		1,566,671
Field operations bureau:								
Personnel	7,564,901		7,405,446		7,292,520	112,926		7,044,752
Operations	340,190		464,590		464,574	16		340,318
Total field operations bureau	7,905,091	-	7,870,036	_	7,757,094	112,942		7,385,070
Animal services:								
Personnel	436,931		436,931		416,108	20,823		432,726
Operations	195,579		195,579		179,346	16,233		171,439
Total animal services	632,510		632,510		595,454	37,056_		604,165
Municipal court:								
Personnel	407,127		407,127		370,084	37,043		423,152
Operations	119,129		119,129		105,297	13,832		129,078
Total municipal court	526,256		526,256	_	475,381	50,875		552,230
TOTAL POLICE SERVICES	10,733,521		10,730,521		10,524,113	206,408		10,108,136

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	2012 ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE TO BUDGET	2011 ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 38,503,565	\$ 39,454,665	\$ 38,251,264	\$ 1,203,401	\$ 37,540,010
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(6,620,146)	(7,259,246)	(5,490,642)	1,768,604	(5,853,069)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	6,294,205	6,294,205	6,200,518	(93,687)	6,079,801
Transfers out	(19,718)	(34,643)	(34,641)	2	(85,022)
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,274,487	6,259,562	6,165,877	(93,685)	5,994,779
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDINTURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGETARY BASIS	(345,659)	(999,684)	675,235	1,674,919	141,710
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS, Beginning of period	7,829,950	8,483,975	8,746,108	262,133	8,604,398
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS, End of period	\$ 7,484,291	\$ 7,484,291	9,421,343	\$ 1,937,052	8,746,108
Adjustments to GAAP:					
Reverse current year encumbrances Record net unrealized gain (loss) on investmer Record allowance for doubtful accounts	nts		1,210,247 (180)		1,403,969 (242) 4,812
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS, End of peri	od		\$ 10,631,410		\$ 10,154,647

GEORGETOWN TRANSPORTATION ENHANCEMENT CORPORATION COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 AND 2011

ASSETS:	2012	2011
Investments Accounts receivable: Sales Tax	\$ 11,341,753 651,125	\$ 14,794,527 608,271
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 11,992,878	\$ 15,402,798
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ 984,908 984,908	\$ 392,699 392,699
Fund Balance: Committed Assigned Total fund balance	8,770,010 2,237,960 11,007,970	10,682,665 4,327,434 15,010,099
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 11,992,878	\$ 15,402,798

GEORGETOWN TRANSPORTATION ENHANCEMENT CORPORATION COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 AND 2011

	2012	2011
REVENUES:		
Sales tax	\$ 4,138,751	\$ 3,901,932
Development contributions	474,726	590,398
Investment earnings	38,303_	48,795
Total revenues	4,651,780	4,541,125
EXPENDITURES:		
General government	185,399	210,531
Capital outlay	6,352,838	6,359,523
Total expenditures	6,538,237	6,570,054
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER		
EXPENDITURES	(1,886,457)	(2,028,929)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		
Bond proceeds	1,650,000	
Principal retirement	(450,000)	(430,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	(435,059)	(434,869)
Transfers out	(2,880,613)	(1,727,554)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,115,672)	(2,592,423)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(4,002,129)	(4,621,352)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of period	15,010,099	19,631,451
FUND BALANCES, End of period	\$ 11,007,970	\$ 15,010,099

GEORGETOWN TRANSPORTATION ENHANCEMENT CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 (WITH COMPARATIVE FOR 2011)

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	2012 ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE TO BUDGET	2011 ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS
REVENUES:					
Sales tax	\$ 3,950,000	\$ 3,950,000	\$ 4,138,751	\$ 188,751	\$ 3,901,932
Investment earnings	30,000	30,000	38,078	8,078	48,927
Other	730,000	730,000	474,726	(255,274)	590,398
Total revenues	4,710,000	4,710,000	4,651,555	(58,445)	4,541,257
EXPENDITURES:					
Operations	263,552	263,552	187,084	76,468	210,606
Capital outlay	3,557,500	6,495,094	4,261,679	2,233,415	9,802,010
Total expenditures	3,821,052	6,758,646	4,448,763	2,309,883	10,012,616
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	888,948	(2,048,646)	202,792	2,251,438	(5,471,359)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Bond proceeds Principal, interest and fiscal charges Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	(868,559) (1,740,058) (2,608,617)	(887,309) (2,880,613) (3,767,922)	1,650,000 (887,309) (2,880,613) (2,117,922)	1,650,000	(867,019) (1,727,554) (2,594,573)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGETARY BASIS	(1,719,669)	(5,816,568)	(1,915,130)	3,901,438	(8,065,932)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of period	5,447,132	9,574,031	10,734,338	10,734,338	18,800,270
FUND BALANCES - BUDGETARY BASIS, End of period	\$ 3,727,463	\$ 3,757,463	8,819,208	\$ 14,635,776	10,734,338
Adjustments to GAAP:					
			2,237,960		4,327,434
Reverse current year encumbrances Reverse bond proceeds Reverse bond interest			872 (50,070)		647 (52,320)
FUND BALANCES - GAAP BASIS End of period			\$ 11,007,970		\$ 15,010,099

DEBT SERVICE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 AND 2011

	***************************************	2012		2011
ASSETS:				
Investments Accounts receivable:	\$	1,743,931	\$	1,972,464
Delinquent taxes	-	144,235		140,626
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,888,166	\$	2,113,090
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:				
Liabilities:				
Deferred Revenue	\$	138,842	\$	136,504
Total liabilities	-	138,842	***************************************	136,504
Fund Balances:				
Restricted		1,749,324		1,976,586
Total fund balance	•	1,749,324		1,976,586
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,888,166	\$	2,113,090

DEBT SERVICE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 AND 2011

	2012	2011
REVENUES:		
Ad valorem taxes:		
Current	\$ 6,814,269	\$ 5,559,926
Delinquent	15,727	48,323
Total ad valorem taxes	6,829,996	5,608,249
Investment earnings and other	10,171_	9,409
Total revenues	6,840,167	5,617,658
EXPENDITURES:		
Principal retirement	5,083,987	4.568.369
Interest and fiscal charges	3,528,979	3,074,492
Total expenditures	8,612,966	7,642,861
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES		(
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,772,799)	(2,025,203)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		
Bond Proceeds	3,181,711	
Payment to refunding escrow agent	(3,416,787)	
Transfers in	1,780,613	1,727,554
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,545,537	1,727,554
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(227,262)	(297,649)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of period	1,976,586	2,274,235
FUND BALANCES, End of period	\$ 1,749,324	\$ 1,976,586

DEBT SERVICE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS
FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 (WITH COMPARATIVE FOR 2011)

	ORIGINAL & FINAL BUDGET	2012 ACTUAL BUDGETAR' BASIS	VARIANCE Y TO BUDGET	2011 ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS
REVENUES:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 6,595,000	\$ 6,829,995		\$ 5,608,249
Investment earnings	20,000	9,987	' (10,013)	8,488
Other				2,593,313
Total revenues	6,615,000	6,839,982	224,982	8,210,050
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Principal, interest and fiscal charges	(8,933,641)	(8,239,806	693,835	(8,548,623)
Bond proceeds	(=,===,=,-,	8,415,000		(0,0 .0,0=0)
Payment to refunding escrow agent		(9,036,729		
Transfers in	1,740,058	1,780,613	40,555	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,193,583)	(7,080,922	112,661	(8,548,623)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES) - BUDGETARY BASIS	(578,583)	(240,940	337,643	(338,573)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of period	1,807,060	1,936,560	129,500	2,275,133
FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS,	-		*****	
End of period	\$ 1,228,477	1,695,620	\$ 467,143	1,936,560
Adjustments to GAAP:				
Reverse bond interest		53,496		40,004
Reverse unrealized (loss) gain on investments		208	3	22
FUND BALANCE - GAAP BASIS		A 4 7 40 5 5 5		
End of period		\$ 1,749,324	, and a second	<u>\$ 1,976,586</u>

GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECTS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 AND 2011

	2012	2011
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable	\$ 11,355,809 14,452,848 100,842	\$ 11,583,950 8,049,863 218,926
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 25,909,499	\$ 19,852,739
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities: Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$ 1,399,057 195,765	\$ 353,759 195,765
Total liabilities	1,594,822	549,524
Fund Balances: Restricted Assigned Total fund balances	18,112,419 6,202,258 24,314,677	17,748,555 1,554,660 19,303,215
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 25,909,499	\$ 19,852,739

GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECTS
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 AND 2011

	2012	2011
REVENUES:		
Investment earnings	\$ 106,330	\$ 52,184
Grants & Donations	136,824	
Other	809,420_	302,816
Total revenues	1,052,574	355,000
EXPENDITURES:		
Capital outlay	8,745,206	5,044,898
Total expenditures	8,745,206	5,044,898
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES		
OVER EXPENDITURES	(7,692,632)	(4,689,898)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		,
Bond proceeds	14,150,000	21,650,000
Interest and fiscal charges	(130,209)	(176,957)
Transfers in	1,100,000	(170,937)
Transfers out	(2,415,697)	(765,991)
Total other financing sources (uses)	12,704,094	20,707,052
Total other imanding doubted (adea)	12,70-7,00-7	20,707,002
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	5,011,462	16,017,154
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of period	19,303,215	3,286,061
FUND BALANCES, End of period	\$ 24,314,677	\$ 19,303,215

GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGET BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - RECONCILED TO GAAP BASIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 (WITH COMPARATIVE FOR 2011)

	ORIGINA BUDGE		2012 ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE TO BUDGET	2011 ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS
REVENUES:					
Investment earnings	\$ 10,00	00 \$ 10,000	\$ 107,185	\$ 97,185	\$ 49,446
Grants & Donations	200,0	200,000	136,824	(63,176)	
Other	646,00	········	809,419	163,419	302,816
Total revenues	856,0	00 856,000	1,053,428	197,428	352,262
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital outlay	4,417,00	00 19,663,757	13,430,397	6,233,360	5,908,086
Bond issuance cost	150,00			19,791	176,957
Total expenditures	4,567,00	00 19,813,757	13,560,606	6,253,151	6,085,043
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,711,0	00) (18,957,757)	(12,507,178)	6,450,579	(5,732,781)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Bond proceeds	3,970,00	3,970,000	14,150,000	10,180,000	21,650,000
Transfers in	-,	-,,	1,100,000	1,100,000	,,,
Transfers out	(1,544,00	00) (2,415,697)	(2,415,697)	, ,	(765,991)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,426,00	00 1,554,303	12,834,303	11,280,000	20,884,009
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGETARY BASIS	(1,285,00	00) (17,403,454)	327,125	17,730,579	15,151,228
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of period	1,401,0	57 17,519,511	17,786,147	266,636	2,595,665
FUND BALANCES - BUDGETARY BASIS, End of Period	\$ 116,09	57 \$ 116,057	18,113,272	\$ 17,997,215	17,746,893
Adjustments to GAAP:					
Reverse unrealized loss on investments Reverse current year encumbrances			(853) 6,202,258		1,662 1,554,660
FUND BALANCES - GAAP BASIS, End of period			\$ 24,314,677		\$ 19,303,215

Combining Financial Statements Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - The City's utilities are accounted for and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Each utility, accounted for as an independent entity, is an enterprise fund. Enterprise fund accounting is used where the intent of the City Council is to finance or recover the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis primarily through user charges or when the City Council has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

<u>Airport Fund</u> - used to account for revenues and expenses related to the operation and maintenance of the City's airport. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing, collection and capital improvements.

<u>Stormwater Drainage Fund</u> - used to account for revenues and expenses related to the operations, capital projects, and debt service of the stormwater drainage facilities.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for services performed by one government organization or department for others.

<u>Fleet Management Fund</u> - The City uses this fund to purchase and account for all major equipment and vehicles. Each item is assigned an annual lease value which the leasing department pays to the Internal Service Fund. The annual lease value is determined by the projected replacement cost divided by the years of useful life of the item. The payments made by the departments enable the Internal Service Fund to replace equipment and vehicles on a pre-planned schedule to minimize maintenance costs and reduce safety risks due to worn out equipment and vehicles. The fund also provides maintenance for all vehicles through the Vehicle Service Center.

<u>Joint Services Fund</u> - The Joint Services Fund is composed of departments which provide services to more than one city fund. Charges for services provided are determined by allocating each specific department's cost to the using fund.

<u>Facilities Maintenance Fund</u> - The City uses this fund to account for janitorial service, light maintenance, painting, landscape maintenance and roofing and air conditioning repairs for all City buildings. Each building is assigned an annual maintenance cost, which is paid to the Internal Service Fund by the occupying departments, based on square footage occupied. The payments made by the departments enable the Internal Service Fund to provide major and minor facility repairs on a preplanned schedule to minimize maintenance costs and provide preventative care to reduce long-term maintenance and replacement costs.

Information Services Fund - The City uses this fund to account for purchases and maintenance of the City's computer systems. Each department pays an annual predetermined lease payment, based upon the equipment the department has. These payments enable the fund to replace older equipment and upgrade the City's computer resources and provide assistance in maintenance of equipment. This fund also provides for the management of the City's computer systems through personnel in the Information Services department.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

ASSETS:	AIRPORT <u>FUND</u>	STORMWATER DRAINAGE <u>FUND</u>	TOTAL NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 187,275	\$ 877,924	\$ 1,065,199
Investments	238,349	1,117,357	1,355,706
Accounts receivable:		, ,	
Services (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	264,620	271,708	536,328
Inventories	52,847		52,847
Total current assets	743,091	2,266,989	3,010,080
Noncurrent Assets:			
Deferred charges - bond issuance costs	36,709	82,485	119,194
Capital assets:	***************************************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Land and land rights	981,500		981,500
Distribution system	79,335	27,933,290	28,012,625
Buildings and improvements	9,577,597		9,577,597
Machinery, furniture and equipment	137,577	14,050	151,627
Construction in progress		491,536	491,536
Less accumulated depreciation	(6,580,854)	(5,229,228)	(11,810,082)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	4,195,155	23,209,648	27,404,803
Total noncurrent assets	4,231,864	23,292,133	27,523,997
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,974,955	\$ 25,559,122	\$ 30,534,077
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:			
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 97,781	\$ 214,436	\$ 312,217
Accrued Employee benefits	7,233	16,398	23,631
Current portion of long-term debt	125,778	280,163	405,941
Accrued interest	4,578	14,507	19,085
Total current liabilities	235,370	525,504	760,874
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued Employee benefits	10,565	24,665	35,230
Long-term debt payable	739,265	2,848,126	3,587,391
Total noncurrent liabilities	749,830	2,872,791	3,622,621
Total liabilities	985,200	3,398,295	4,383,495
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets (net of related debt)	3,330,111	20,081,359	23,411,470
Unrestricted	659,644	2,079,468	2,739,112
Total net assets	3,989,755	22,160,827	26,150,582
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 4,974,955	\$ 25,559,122	\$ 30,534,077

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	A	AIRPORT <u>FUND</u>		ORMWATER PRAINAGE <u>Fund</u>	TOTAL NONMAJOR <u>ENTERPRISE FUNDS</u>		
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Other		2,881,144	_\$	2,132,810	\$	5,013,954	
Total operating revenues		2,881,144		2,132,810	***************************************	5,013,954	
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Depreciation		157,432		773,304		930,736	
Other		2,808,687		1,029,540		3,838,227	
Total operating expenses	***************************************	2,966,119		1,802,844	***************************************	4,768,963	
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(84,975)	***************************************	329,966		244,991	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Investment earnings		2,180		9,689		11,869	
Donations and grants		140,329		, -		140,329	
Interest and fiscal charges		(46,626)		(102,175)		(148,801)	
Other		37,291		` , ,		37,291	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		133,174		(92,486)		40,688	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS							
AND TRANSFERS	-	48,199		237,480		285,679	
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:							
Capital contributions				1,479,198		1,479,198	
Transfers out		(45,940)		(149,297)		(195,237)	
Total contributions and transfers		(45,940)	*****************	1,329,901	Baseline of the second of the	1,283,961	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		2,259		1,567,381		1,569,640	
TOTAL NET ASSETS - beginning of period		3,987,496		20,593,446		24,580,942	
TOTAL NET ASSETS - end of period	\$	3,989,755	\$	22,160,827	\$	26,150,582	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	AIRPORT <u>FUND</u>	TOTAL NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers Payments to suppliers Franchise fees Payments to employees for services Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 2,882,627 (2,541,185) (256,324) 85,118	\$ 2,101,033 (618,647) (63,984) (197,265) 1,221,137	\$ 4,983,660 (3,159,832) (63,984) (453,589) 1,306,255		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers out Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	(45,940) (45,940)	(149,297) (149,297)	(195,237) (195,237)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets Donations and grants Principal paid on revenue and certificates of obligation bonds Interest paid on revenue and certificates of obligation bonds Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	140,329 (120,220) (42,011) (21,902)	(760,527) (272,508) (124,924) (1,157,959)	(760,527) 140,329 (392,728) (166,935) (1,179,861)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received Change in temporary investments Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,180 (71,820) (69,640) (52,364) 239,639 \$ 187,275	9,689 (639,296) (629,607) (715,726) 1,593,650	11,869 (711,116) (699,247) (768,090) 1,833,289 \$ 1,065,199		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year Classified as: Current assets Total Non-cash disclosure Developer contributions	\$ 187,275 187,275 \$ 187,275	\$ 877,924	1,065,199 1,065,199 1,065,199 1,479,198		
			(continued)		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		IRPORT <u>FUND</u>	 RMWATER RAINAGE <u>FUND</u>	TOTAL NONMAJOR <u>ENTERPRISE FUNDS</u>		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(84,975)	\$ 329,966	\$	244,991	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation		157,432	773,304		930,736	
Other income		37,291			37,291	
Decrease (increase) in inventories		(23,359)			(23,359)	
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		(35,808)	(31,777)		(67,585)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		32,424	155,267		187,691	
Increase (decrease) in accrued employee benefits		2,113	 (5,623)		(3,510)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	85,118	\$ 1,221,137	\$	1,306,255	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

ASSETS:	FLEET MANAGEMENT <u>FUND</u>	JOINT SERVICES <u>FUND</u>	FACILITIES MAINTENANCE <u>FUND</u>	INFORMATION SERVICES <u>FUND</u>	TOTAL <u>2012</u>			
Current:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 646,282	\$ 136,789	\$ 314,155	\$ 315,778	\$ 1,413,004			
Investments	822,540	174,095	399,833	401,899	1,798,367			
Prepaid expense		7,400			7,400			
Accounts receivable		186,102		200	186,302			
Inventories	4 400 000	351,875	740.000	717.077	351,875			
Total current assets	1,468,822	856,261	713,988	717,877	3,756,948			
Property and equipment:								
Land and land rights		214,066			214,066			
Buildings and improvements	26,181	813,680	804,947		1,644,808			
Machinery, furniture and equipment	17.892.906	1,158,974	692,603	4,776,761	24,521,244			
Units in progress	,,	.,,.	497,198	.,,.	497,198			
Total property and equipment cost	17,919,087	2,186,720	1,994,748	4,776,761	26,877,316			
Less accumulated depreciation	(10,867,672)	(1,926,667)	(888,607)	(3,121,681)	(16,804,627)			
Net property and equipment	7,051,415	260,053	1,106,141	1,655,080	10,072,689			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 8,520,237	\$ 1,116,314	\$ 1,820,129	\$ 2,372,957	\$ 13,829,637			
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:								
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 105,820	\$ 559,070	\$ 48,989	\$ 137,451	\$ 851,330			
Accrued employee benefits	16,193		16,293	19,433	51,919			
Total current liabilities	122,013	559,070	65,282	156,884	903,249			
Long term liabilities:								
Accrued employee benefits	21,400		25,901	28,953	76,254			
Total liabilities	143,413	559,070	91,183	185,837	979,503			
Net Assets:								
Invested in capital assets (net of related debt)	7,051,415	260,053	1,106,141	1,655,080	10,072,689			
Unrestricted	1,325,409	297,191	622,805	532,040	2,777,445			
Total net assets	8,376,824	557,244	1,728,946	2,187,120	12,850,134			
	0,0,0,021	007,=11	1,7 = 0,0 10	_,,0	12,000,101			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	MA	FLEET JOI MANAGEMENT SERV FUND FUN		FACILITIES MAINTENANCE <u>FUND</u>	INFORMATION SERVICES FUND	TOTAL <u>2012</u>
OPERATING REVENUES - Charges for services	\$	1,676,154	\$ 8,044,145	\$ 1,914,262	\$ 2,299,858	\$ 13,934,419
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Administration			789,998			789,998
Accounting			571,766			571,766
City wide HR services			157,871			157,871
Conservation			238,038			238,038
Economic development administration			317,903			317,903
Employee and organizational services			606,355			606,355
Facilities maintenance contracts			,	1,026,937		1,026,937
Facilities maintenance services				656,280		656,280
Finance and administration			839,853	,		839,853
Fleet management operations		267,588	200,000			267,588
GIS		_0.,000			324,511	324,511
Information resources					807,629	807,629
Information resources capital replacement & contracts					1,266,097	1,266,097
Joint services contracts			1,029,517		1,200,007	1,029,517
Legal services			320,689			320,689
Main Street			114,786			114,786
Purchasing			558,291			558,291
Service center		934,680	000,201			934,680
Systems engineering		001,000	1,252,495			1,252,495
Utility office			1,373,593			1,373,593
Depreciation		1,050,086	20,769	121,031	809,972	2,001,858
Total operating expenses		2,252,354	8,191,924	1,804,248	3,208,209	15,456,735
Total operating expenses		2,202,004	0,131,324	1,004,240	0,200,200	10,400,700
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	***************************************	(576,200)	(147,779)	110,014	(908,351)	(1,522,316)
NONOPERATING REVENUES:						
Investment earnings		12,461	2,288	6,453	6,826	28,028
Other		37,336	116,348	•	2,400	156,084
Total nonoperating revenues		49,797	118,636	6,453	9,226	184,112
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(526,403)	(29,143)	116,467	(899,125)	(1,338,204)
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:						
Capital contributions		162 562		40.202	70 600	274 404
Transfers in		163,563 1,286,580		40,302	70,626	274,491
Total contributions and transfers				298,500	683,892	2,268,972
Total contributions and transfers		1,450,143		338,802	754,518	2,543,463
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		923,740	(29,143)	455,269	(144,607)	1,205,259
NET ASSETS, Beginning of period		7,453,084	586,387	1,273,677	2,331,727	11,644,875
NET ASSETS, End of period	\$	8,376,824	\$ 557,244	\$ 1,728,946	\$ 2,187,120	\$ 12,850,134

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	FLEET MANAGEMENT <u>FUND</u>	JOINT SERVICES <u>FUND</u>	FACILITIES MAINTENANCE <u>FUND</u>	INFORMATION SERVICES <u>FUND</u>	TOTAL <u>2012</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Department contributions Payments to suppliers Payments to employees for services Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,676,154 (685,053) (428,070) 563,031	\$ 7,985,383 (2,998,876) (5,203,440) (216,933)	\$ 1,914,262 (1,164,762) (537,170) 212,330	\$ 2,300,058 (1,486,638) (879,615) (66,195)	\$ 13,875,857 (6,335,329) (7,048,295) 492,233
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers in Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,286,580 1,286,580		298,500 298,500	683,892 683,892	2,268,972 2,268,972
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities	(2,173,153) (2,173,153)		(109,619) (109,619)	(419,933) (419,933)	(2,702,705) (2,702,705)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received Change in temporary investments Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash	12,461 (92,780) (80,319) (403,861)	2,288 41,373 43,661 (173,272)	6,453 (274,240) (267,787) 133,424	6,826 (191,352) (184,526) 13,238	28,028 (516,999) (488,971) (430,471)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year Classified as: Current assets Total	1,050,143 646,282 646,282 \$ 646,282	310,061 136,789 136,789 \$ 136,789	180,731 314,155 314,155 \$ 314,155	302,540 315,778 315,778 \$ 315,778	1,843,475 1,413,004 1,413,004 \$ 1,413,004
Non-cash disclosure Proprietary transfer to internal service funds Governmental transfers to internal service funds	\$ 163,563	100,100	\$ 40,302	\$ 13,094 57,532	\$ 13,094 261,397 (continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	MAI	FLEET NAGEMENT <u>FUND</u>	s	JOINT ERVICES <u>FUND</u>	 ACILITIES NTENANCE <u>FUND</u>	ORMATION ERVICES <u>FUND</u>	TOTAL 2012
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(576,200)	\$	(147,779)	\$ 110,014	\$ (908,351)	\$ (1,522,316)
Depreciation		1,050,086		20,769	121,031	809,972	2,001,858
Other income		37,336		116,348		2,400	156,084
Decrease (increase) in inventories				(71,365)			(71,365)
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable				(58,762)		200	(58,562)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		51,500		(76,144)	2,344	37,397	15,097
Increase (decrease) in accrued employee benefits	***************************************	309			 (21,059)	 (7,813)	 (28,563)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_\$	563,031	\$	(216,933)	\$ 212,330	\$ (66,195)	\$ 492,233



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Supplementary Individual Fund Financial Statements – Enterprise Funds

hese supplementary nancial analysis.			

ELECTRIC FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and 2011

		TOTALS
400570	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
ASSETS:		
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,797,448	\$ 5,504,458
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$ 3,797,446 371,167	
Investments	2,983,709	528,843 3,825,131
Investments - restricted	2,963,709 472,441	2,572,705
Accounts receivable:	4/2,441	2,372,703
Services (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	8,821,328	8,595,943
Other	317,833	1,186,469
Inventories	2,320,742	2,313,491
Total current assets	19,084,668	24,527,040
	,	
Noncurrent Assets:		
Deferred charges - bond issuance costs	(107,125)	373,125
Total noncurrent assets	(107,125)	373,125
Property and Equipment:		
Land and land rights	1,120,807	1,120,807
Distribution system	107,275,502	104,677,598
Buildings and improvements	73,707	73,707
Machinery, furniture and equipment	1,944,147	1,933,870
Construction in progress	6,668,594	2,199,834
Total cost property and equipment	117,082,757	110,005,816
Less accumulated depreciation	(30,909,304)	(26,241,095)
Net property and equipment	86,173,453	83,764,721
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 105,150,996	\$ 108,664,886
LIADULTIFO AND NET ACCETO.		xxxixxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS: Liabilities:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,564,655	\$ 6,452,422
Accrued employee benefits	150,152	139,587
Current portion of long-term debt	2,141,899	1,902,313
Accrued interest	130,669	151,886
Total current liabilities payable from unrestricted assets	5,987,375	8,646,208
Current liabilities naughla from restricted assets:		
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets: Construction contracts and retainages payable	3,375	3,375
Customer deposits	843,565	896,344
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	846,940	899,719
Total current liabilities	6,834,315	9,545,927
Long term liabilities:		
Accrued employee benefits	354,925	332,021
Unearned revenue	900,089	900,089
Long-term debt	24,442,045	27,127,468
Total noncurrent liabilities	25,697,059	28,359,578
Total liabilities	32,531,374	37,905,505
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets (net of related debt)	59,589,509	56,939,572
Unrestricted	13,030,113	13,819,809
Total net assets	72,619,622	70,759,381
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 105,150,996	\$ 108,664,886
TOTAL LIMBILITIES MIND INCT MOSETS	\$ 105,150,996	\$ 108,664,886

ELECTRIC FUND
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS
FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 AND 2011

OPERATING REVENUES:	2012	<u>2011</u>
Electric services	\$ 58,403,735	\$ 57,694,311
Other:		
Penalties	424,018	408,246
Connection and hookup fees	516,862	432,510
Total other	940,880	840,756
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	59,344,615	58,535,067
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Electric operations:		
Personnel	3,867,723	3,559,124
Operations	4,960,316_	1,995,772
Total electric operations	8,828,039	5,554,896
Depreciation	4,668,209	4,646,066
Electric contracts	41,881,695	43,136,443
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	55,377,943	53,337,405
NET OPERATING INCOME	3,966,672	5,197,662
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Investment earnings	57,443	74,182
Interest and fiscal charges	(1,029,405)	(952,226)
Donations and grants	7,272	32,728
Other	2,122,625	1,687,252
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,157,935	841,936
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	5,124,607	6,039,598
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:		
Capital contributions	911,231	507,769
Transfers out	(4,175,597)	(4,819,744)
Total contributions and transfers	(3,264,366)	(4,311,975)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	1,860,241	1,727,623
NET ASSETS, Beginning of period	70,759,381	69,031,758
NET ASSETS, End of period	\$ 72,619,622	\$ 70,759,381
• •		

WATER SERVICES FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and 2011

*	TOTALS		
	2012	2011	
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:	6 5000 544	A 4 000 000	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,902,544	\$ 4,269,999	
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Investments	418,583 7,512,824	709,352 2,968,241	
Investments - restricted	2,909,654	9,359,555	
Prepaid expenses	1,842,958	1,842,958	
Accounts receivable:	1,042,000	1,042,000	
Services (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	4,188,880	3,919,993	
Other	1,348,693	1,275,724	
Total current assets	24,124,136	24,345,822	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Long-term note receivables	1,115,036	1,180,805	
Deferred charges - bond issuance costs	451,493	716,035	
Total noncurrent assets	1,566,529	1,896,840	
		1,000,010	
Property and Equipment:			
Land and land rights	469,355	469,355	
Distribution system	199,603,280	197,809,369	
Buildings and improvements	3,019,793	3,019,793	
Machinery, furniture and equipment	417,118	417,118	
Construction in progress	16,198,338	9,492,193	
Total cost property and equipment	219,707,884	211,207,828	
Less accumulated depreciation	(51,809,723)	(46,748,270)	
Net property and equipment	167,898,161	164,459,558	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 193,588,826	\$ 190,702,220	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:			
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 983,814	\$ 1,564,675	
Accrued employee benefits	103,305	109,807	
Current portion of long-term debt	2,557,883	2,672,688	
Accrued interest	156,663	179,393	
Total current liabilities payable from unrestricted assets	3,801,665	4,526,563	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:			
Construction contracts and retainages payable	636,439	399,843	
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	636,439	399,843	
Total current liabilities	4,438,104	4,926,406	
Long torse linkilities.		Marie Control of the	
Long term liabilities: Accrued employee benefits	153,362	166 501	
Long-term debt	29,908,177	166,501 32,837,530	
Total noncurrent liabilities	30,061,539	33,004,031	
Total liabilities	34,499,643	37,930,437	
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets (net of related debt)	137,809,013	137,815,956	
Unrestricted	21,280,170	14,955,827	
Total net assets	159,089,183	152,771,783	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 193,588,826	\$ 190,702,220	

WATER SERVICES FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 AND 2011

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Water/Irrigation:		
Water services	\$ 16,432,979	\$ 17,416,629
Wastewater services	8,281,802	7,974,330
Irrigation services	311,820	505,685
Water/Wastewater tap fees	692,412	454,393
Total water/irrigation	25,719,013_	26,351,037_
Other:		
Penalties	193,399	201,610
Connection and hookup fees	57,458	57,231
Service fees	626,639	532,770
Total other	877,496	791,611
Total other		731,011
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	26,596,509	27,142,648
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Water services distribution:		
	0.004.072	0.427.504
Personnel	2,304,673	2,437,584
Operations	4,749,191	5,271,340_
Total water services distribution	7,053,864	7,708,924
Depreciation	5,061,453	4,737,306
Water services plant management	2,349,341	2,442,617
Water services contracts	6,419,051	6,428,636
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	20,883,709	21,317,483
NET OPERATING INCOME	5,712,800	5,825,165
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Investment earnings	87,017	85,706
Interest and fiscal charges	(713,569)	(906,881)
Other	1,844,052	1,240,443
Ottlel Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	1,217,500	419,268
Total Holloperating revenue (expenses)	1,217,300	419,200
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS		
AND TRANSFERS	6,930,300	6,244,433
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:	-	
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSPILITO.		
Capital contributions	1,527,292	974,448
Transfers in	69,108	69,108
Transfers out	(2,209,300)	(1,978,288)
Total contributions and transfers	(612,900)	(934,732)
Total contributions and transfers	(012,000)	(00 1,1 02)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	6,317,400	5,309,701
NET ASSETS, Beginning of period	152,771,783	147,462,082
NET ASSETS, End of period	\$ 159,089,183	\$ 152,771,783

STORMWATER DRAINAGE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and 2011

	TOTALS		
	2012	<u>2011</u>	
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 877,924	\$ 685,838	
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		907,812	
Investments	1,117,357	478,061	
Accounts receivable:	074 700	222.224	
Services (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	271,708	239,931	
Total current assets	2,266,989_	2,311,642	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Deferred charges - bond issuance costs	82,485	93,732	
Total noncurrent assets	82,485	93,732	
, otal nonouncin access			
Property and Equipment:	_		
Distribution system	27,933,290	25,976,295	
Machinery, furniture and equipment	14,050	14,050	
Construction in progress	491,536	175,859	
Total cost property and equipment	28,438,876	26,166,204	
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,229,228)	(4,455,924)	
Net property and equipment	23,209,648	21,710,280	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 25,559,122	\$ 24,115,654	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS: Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 214,436	\$ 59,169	
Accounts payable Accrued employee benefits	16,398	ъ 59,169 19,037	
Current portion of long-term debt	280,163	272,508	
Accrued interest	14,507	15,556	
Total current liabilities	525,504	366,270	
rotal sarront hashines			
Long term liabilities:			
Accrued employee benefits	24,665	27,649	
Long-term debt	2,848,126_	3,128,289	
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,872,791_	3,155,938	
Total liabilities	3,398,295	3,522,208	
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets (net of related debt)	20,081,359	19,217,293	
Unrestricted	2,079,468	1,376,153	
Total net assets	22,160,827	20,593,446	

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 25,559,122	\$ 24,115,654	

STORMWATER DRAINAGE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 AND 2011

	2012	<u>2011</u>
OPERATING REVENUES: Stormwater drainage fees	\$ 2,118,378	\$ 2,023,809
Other:		
Penalties Total at her	14,432	12,238
Total other	14,432	12,238
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	2,132,810	2,036,047
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Stormwater drainage:		
Personnel	191,642	205,193
Operations Capital Outlay	835,752 2,146	925,093
Total stormwater drainage	1,029,540	1,130,286
	.,,0-0,0-0	1,100,200
Depreciation	773,304	730,650_
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,802,844	1,860,936_
NET OPERATING INCOME	329,966	175,111
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Investment earnings	9,689	9,080
Interest and fiscal charges	(102,175)	(109,371)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(92,486)	(100,291)
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	237,480	74,820
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:		
Capital contributions	1,479,198	580,165
Transfers out	(149,297)	(142,523)
Total contributions and transfers	1,329,901	437,642_
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	1,567,381	512,462
NET ASSETS, Beginning of period	20,593,446	20,080,984
NET ASSETS, End of period	\$ 22,160,827	\$ 20,593,446

AIRPORT FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and 2011

	TOTALS	3
	2012	2011
ASSETS:	-	
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 187,275	\$ 239,639
Investments	238,349	166,529
Accounts receivable:		
Services (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	264,620	228,812
Inventories	52,847	29,488
Total current assets	743,091	664,468
Noncurrent Assets:		
Deferred charges - bond issuance costs	36,709	41,985
Total noncurrent assets	36,709	41,985
Property and Equipment:		
Land and land rights	981,500	981,500
Distribution system	79,335	79,335
Buildings and improvements	9,577,597	9,577,597
Machinery, furniture and equipment	137,577	137,577
Total cost property and equipment	10,776,009	10,776,009
Less accumulated depreciation	(6,580,854)	(6,423,422)
Net property and equipment	4,195,155	4,352,587
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,974,955	\$ 5,059,040
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:	*	
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 97,781	\$ 65,357
Accrued employee benefits	7,233	6,228
Current portion of long-term debt	125,778	120,220
Accrued interest	4,578	5,240
Total current liabilities	235,370	197,045
	-	-
Long term liabilities:		
Accrued employee benefits	10,565	9,456
Long-term debt	739,265	865,043
Total noncurrent liabilities	749,830	874,499
Total liabilities	985,200	1,071,544
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets (net of related debt)	3,330,111	3,367,324
Unrestricted	659,644_	620,172
Total net assets	3,989,755	3,987,496
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 4,974,955	\$ 5,059,040

AIRPORT FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 AND 2011

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Fuel sales	\$ 2,341,998	\$ 2,872,381
Contract leases	217,024	197,932
Hangar/tie down rental fees	320,322	314,787
Terminal sales	1,800	3,716
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	2,881,144	3,388,816
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Administration:		
Personnel	258,437	282,147
Operations	2,459,478	2,928,668
Capital	90,772	331,008
Total administration	2,808,687	3,541,823
Depreciation	157,432	157,599
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,966,119	3,699,422
NET OPERATING LOSS	(84,975)	(310,606)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment earnings	2,180	2,979
Interest and fiscal charges	(46,626)	(51,771)
Donations and grants	140,329	94,323
Other	37,291_	43,697
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	133,174	89,228
TRANSFERS:		
Transfers out	(45,940)	
Total transfers	(45,940)	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	2,259	(221,378)
NET ASSETS, Beginning of period	3,987,496	4,208,874
NET ASSETS, End of period	\$ 3,989,755	\$ 3,987,496



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Agency Funds Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

The Agency Fund is used to account for assets and liabilities held by the City acting as an agent for others.

Public Improvement Districts (PID) -

to account for the receipt of the revenue collected from property assessments paid by Cimarron Hills residents to fund the infrastructure of the new development. The City acts as an agent for the collection of the assessments and then sends the revenue to an Escrow Agent for Cimarron Hills.

to account for the receipt of the revenue collected from property assessments paid by property owners in the Shell Road Public Improvement District. The City acts as an agent for the creation of the PID and collection of the assessments and then sends the revenue to Williamson County, who provided the initial up-front costs for road construction.

<u>Texas Capital Fund Repayments</u> - to account for the lease payments received from businesses who have benefited from the Texas Capital Fund economic development grants and the corresponding payments to the state to repay the grants. Reedholm Instruments, Inc., Xycarb Ceramics, and USA Schunk Quartz, Inc., are the businesses currently in the repayment/lease mode for these grants.

AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	BALANCE OCTOBER 1, 2011	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2012
Public Improvement Districts: ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 13,453 255,925	\$ 530,592 1,526	\$ 539,966	\$ 4,079 257,451
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 269,378	\$ 532,118	\$ 539,966	\$ 261,530
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable	\$ 16,614	\$ 532,118	\$ 539,966	\$ 8,766
Due to other governments	252,764_			252,764_
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 269,378	\$ 532,118	\$ 539,966	\$ 261,530
Texas Capital Fund Repayments: ASSETS:				
Accounts receivable	\$ 437,066	\$	\$ 77,923	\$ 359,143
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 437,066	\$	\$ 77,923	\$ 359,143
LIABILITIES:				
Due to other governments	\$ 437,066	\$	\$ 77,923	\$ 359,143
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 437,066	\$	\$ 77,923	\$ 359,143
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS:	40.450	A 500 500	.	4.070
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 13,453 692,991	\$ 530,592 1,526	\$ 539,966 77,923	\$ 4,079 616,594
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 706,444	\$ 532,118	\$ 617,889	\$ 620,673
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$ 16,614 689,830	\$ 532,118	\$ 539,966 77,923	\$ 8,766 611,907
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 706,444	\$ 532,118	\$ 617,889	\$ 620,673

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CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY SOURCE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 and 2011

		2012	 2011
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS			
Land Buildings Improvements Machinery, furniture and equipment Construction in progress	\$	8,226,949 55,618,858 175,327,032 7,326,131 22,390,637	\$ 6,723,801 51,311,248 165,763,133 7,231,533 20,775,043
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	268,889,607	\$ 251,804,758
INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS General Fund Capital Projects Funds:	\$	6,262,773	\$ 6,900,835
General obligation bonds and certificates of obligation		103,339,203	90,891,858
State grant		1,007,385	814,302
Other Special Revenue Funds:		145,400,368	140,760,851
Federal grant		2,265,506	2,265,506
Other		2,383,250	2,350,000
State grant		2,351,975	2,351,975
Transfer from proprietary fund		3,902,708	3,492,992
Acquisitions prior to August 31, 1985 - source undetermined	•	1,976,439	 1,976,439
TOTAL INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	268,889,607	\$ 251,804,758

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		LAND	 BUILDINGS		IMPROVEMENTS	Ţ	EQUIPMENT		NSTRUCTION PROGRESS		TOTAL
FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY											
Culture-recreation											
Library			\$ 11,073,052	\$	61,340	\$	922,230			\$	12,056,622
Parks administration Parks maintenance	\$	740 570	639,193 5.985		1,880,062		32,719				2,551,974
Recreation	Φ	743,579 113,979	2,149,070		2,417,735 1,060,780		247,292 903,458				3,414,591 4,227,287
Total culture-recreation		857,558	 13,867,300	_	5,419,917		2,105,699				22,250,474
Development											
Planning administration							124,728				124,728
Planning							34,212				34,212
Inspections	***************************************		 				65,975				65,975
Total development		***************************************	 				224,915				224,915
Economic development					05.000		F 400				•• •••
Administration Total economic development			 	*******	25,000 25,000		5,489 5.489	w			30,489 30,489
rotal economic development	•		 		25,000	•	5,469				30,469
Environmental services											
Environmental services Total environmental services		494,000 494,000	 				79,573				573,573
Total environmental services		494,000					79,573				573,573
Fire											
Administration		13,614					69,943				83,557
Operations		40.044	 2,696,012		241,350		451,985				3,389,347
Total fire	***************************************	13,614	 2,696,012		241,350		521,928			-	3,472,904
General Government											
City council		593,084	522,136		146,832		107,998				1,370,050
City manager's office		296,852	20 500 704		115,592		17,719				430,163
Facilities General government		661,044 2,316,432	30,506,761 7,173,597		3,725,517 4,421,026		355,686 634,710				35,249,008 14,545,765
Total general government		3,867,412	 38,202,494	_	8,408,967		1,116,113				51,594,986
Highways and streets					,						
Bridges					10,277,022						10,277,022
Streets					148,394,286		349,409				148,743,695
Streets capital improvements		2,994,365	 		2,033,874		423,044				5,451,283
Total highways and streets	-	2,994,365	 		160,705,182		772,453				164,472,000
Police											
Administration			65,521		466,829		1,429,188				1,961,538
Operations Bureau							936,262				936,262
Animal services			787,531		90,489		90,207				968,227
Municipal court Total police			 853,052		557,318		13,602 2,469,259				13,602 3,879,629
Total police		·····	 000,002	_	337,010		2,403,203				3,07 3,023
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS		8,226,949	 55,618,858		175,357,734		7,295,429				246,498,970
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS		0,220,545	 33,610,636		175,557,754		7,290,429				240,490,970
CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS								¢	22,390,637		22,390,637
CONSTRUCTION IN FROSRESS	*****************		 					Ψ	22,390,637	***************************************	22,390,637

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL											
FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	8,226,949	\$ 55,618,858	\$	175,357,734	\$	7,295,429	\$	22,390,637	\$	268,889,607
1 SHOO ON TIME MODE TO	*	0,220,0.70	 00,010,000	Ψ.	110,001,104	· ·	.,200,720	*			230,000,007

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets related to internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	BALANCE 9/30/2011		ADDITIONS	DELETIONS		BALANCE 9/30/2012
FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY					-	
Culture-recreation						
Library	\$ 12,048,322		8,300		\$	12,056,622
Parks administration	2,551,974					2,551,974
Parks maintenance	3,414,591		40.004			3,414,591
Recreation Total culture-recreation	4,177,923 22,192,810		49,364 57,664			4,227,287
Total culture-recreation			37,004			22,250,474
Development						
Planning administration	124,728					124,728
Planning	34,212					34,212
Inspections	81,206			\$ 15,231		65,975
Total development	240,146	<u> </u>		15,231		224,915
Economic development						
Administration	30,489					30,489
Total economic development	30,489	<u> </u>				30,489
Environmental services						
Environmental services	573,573	3				573,573
Total economic development	573,573	<u> </u>				573,573
Fire						
Administration	83,557					83,557
Operations	3,509,109		30,749	150,511		3,389,347
Total fire	3,592,666		30,749	150,511		3,472,904
rotal mo			00,743	100,011	***************************************	0,472,304
General government						
City council	1,632,636			262,586		1,370,050
City manager's office	430,163					430,163
Facilities	30,506,886		4 740 400			30,506,886
General government Total general government	14,545,765 47,115,450		4,742,122 4,742,122	262,586		19,287,887 51,594,986
Total general government		<u> </u>	7,172,122	202,300		31,394,900
Highways and streets						
Bridges	9,039,783		546,408			9,586,191
Streets	140,473,162		8,997,093			149,470,255
Streets capital improvements Total highways and streets	3,892,008 153,404,953		1,523,546 11,067,047			5,415,554
Total Highways and Streets			11,067,047			164,472,000
Police						
Administration	1,961,538					1,961,538
Operations bureau	936,262					936,262
Animal services	968,227					968,227
Municipal court	13,602					13,602
Total police	3,879,629					3,879,629
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	231,029,716		15,897,582	428,328	•	246,498,970
CONSTRUCTION IN PROCEEDS	00 775 040		45.077.040	44 004 040		00 000 007
CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS	20,775,042		15,977,213	14,361,618		22,390,637
	20,775,042	<u> </u>	15,977,213	14,361,618		22,390,637
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL	\$ 251 QO4 750		31 874 70F	\$ 14.790.046	•	268 990 607
FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 251,804,758	\$	31,874,795	\$ 14,789,946	\$	268,889,607

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets related to internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts.

Statistical Section





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Statistical Section

This part of the City of Georgetown's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents:

Financial Trend		164
	es contain trend information to help the reader understand how the inancial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity.		174
	es contain information to help the reader assess the government's t local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity		184
of the governm	es present information to help the reader assess the affordability ent's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and E	Economic Information	198
	es offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader environment within which the government's financial activities	
Operating Informati	ion	200

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report related to the services the government provides and the activities it performs

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2012	2011	2010	2009
Governmental activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 143,744,284	\$ 138,536,744	\$ 144,725,810	\$ 138,048,388
Restricted	26,064,001	30,407,806	23,615,403	26,858,729
Unrestricted	28,994,589	21,859,346	15,909,956	14,563,686
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 198,802,874	\$ 190,803,896	\$ 184,251,169	\$ 179,470,803
Business-type activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	\$ 220,809,992	\$ 210,252,907	\$ 197,910,197	\$ 187,953,410
Unrestricted	37,049,395	30,771,961	35,786,263	33,507,546
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 257,859,387	\$ 241,024,868	\$ 233,696,460	\$ 221,460,956
Primary government				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 364,554,276	\$ 348,789,651	\$ 342,636,007	\$ 326,001,798
Restricted	26,064,001	30,407,806	23,615,403	26,858,729
Unrestricted	66,043,984	52,631,307	51,696,219	48,071,232
Total primary government net assets	\$ 456,662,261	\$ 431,828,764	\$ 417,947,629	\$ 400,931,759

2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	-	2003
\$ 129,354,365 25,011,217	\$ 116,738,898 36,306,468	\$ 122,268,551 18,254,529	\$ 107,692,319 16,836,756	\$ 96,516,068 12,067,284	\$	102,199,237 5,073,123
16,470,172	5,598,174	6,567,654	9,833,977	7,169,828		6,886,592
\$ 170,835,754	\$ 158,643,540	\$ 147,090,734	\$ 134,363,052	\$ 115,753,180	\$	114,158,952
\$ 167,724,995	\$ 141,211,947	\$ 117,419,122 5,389,063	\$ 98,081,179 1,251,844	\$ 88,000,994 389,312	\$	74,920,347 844,225
29,144,912	30,295,994	30,942,450	31,393,246	29,760,025		28,239,895
\$ 196,869,907	\$ 171,507,941	\$ 153,750,635	\$ 130,726,269	\$ 118,150,331	\$	104,004,467
\$ 297,079,360 25,011,217 45,615,084	\$ 257,950,845 36,306,468 35,894,168	\$ 239,687,673 23,643,592 37,510,104	\$ 205,773,498 18,088,600 41,227,223	\$ 184,517,062 12,456,596 36,929,853	\$	117,119,584 5,917,348 35,126,487
\$ 367,705,661	\$ 330,151,481	\$ 300,841,369	\$ 265,089,321	\$ 233,903,511	\$	158,163,419

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2012	2011	2010	2009
Expenses		•		•
Governmental activities:				
Culture-recreation	\$ 9,328,048	\$ 9,393,530	\$ 9,076,669	\$ 8,696,162
Development	2,284,858	2,374,321	2,345,178	2,381,380
Fire	8,634,002	8,110,294	7,196,359	6,835,927
General government	4,851,250	5,293,370	5,201,299	5,107,748
Police	11,522,334	11,029,444	10,787,024	11,026,676
Streets	5,564,690	6,522,933	5,730,682	4,372,708
Environmental services	4,830,921	4,339,101	4,206,166	4,287,029
Interest on long-term debt	4,375,653_	3,656,673_	3,624,733	3,650,386
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 51,391,756	50,719,666	48,168,110	46,358,016
Business-type activities				
Airport	3,012,745	3,751,193	2,811,206	2,441,533
Electric	56,407,348	54,289,631	50,756,369	48,444,272
Environmental services				
Stormwater	1,905,019	1,970,307	1,799,680	1,807,147
Water	21,597,278	22,224,364	20,124,249	20,011,184
Total business-type activities expenses	82,922,390	82,235,495	75,491,504	72,704,136
Total primary government expenses	\$ 134,314,146	\$ 132,955,161	\$ 123,659,614	\$ 119,062,152
Program Revenues				
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services:				
Culture-recreation	\$ 2,285,209	\$ 2,252,608	\$ 2,150,107	\$ 1,481,954
Development	1,668,635	905,118	1,125,058	827,387
Fire	1,137,982	1,032,663	1,195,871	1,409,208
General government	1,206,994	435,926	487,264	5,121
Police	895,703	1,009,004	1,265,589	1,154,135
Streets				
Environmental services	5,491,495	5,116,570	4,809,271	4,582,794
Operating grants and contributions	956,438	962,183	405,023	1,268,957
Capital grants and contributions	2,431,374	4,422,720	2,747,483	1,600,980
Total governmental activities				<u> </u>
program revenues	16,073,830	16,136,792_	14,185,666_	12,330,536
Business-type activities:				
Charges for services:				
Airport	2,881,144	3,388,816	2,435,613	2,234,637
Electric	59,344,615	58,535,067	60,136,705	57,164,312
Environmental services				
Stormwater	2,132,810	2,036,047	1,959,007	1,913,546
Water	26,596,509	27,142,648	22,022,414	23,541,415
Operating grants and contributions	147,601	127,051		
Capital grants and contributions	3,917,721	2,062,382	4,842,643	17,378,138_
Total business-type activities				
program revenues	95,020,400	93,292,011	91,396,382	102,232,048
Total primary government				
program revenues	\$ 111,094,230	\$ 109,428,803	\$ 105,582,048	\$ 114,562,584
Net (expense)/revenue				
Governmental activities	\$ (35,317,926)	\$ (34,582,874)	\$ (33,982,444)	\$ (34,027,480)
Business-type activities	12,098,010	11,056,516_	15,904,878_	29,527,912
Total primary government net expense	\$ (23,219,916)	\$ (23,526,358)	\$ (18,077,566)	\$ (4,499,568)

2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
\$ 6,978,982	\$ 5,460,488	\$ 5,649,191	\$ 4,701,552	\$ 4,773,059	\$ 4,165,382
2,457,868	2,518,113	2,325,761	2,061,017	1,956,243	1,607,886
5,553,135	4,962,020	4,397,108	3,767,816	3,862,168	3,611,523
3,604,501	3,227,227	3,671,786	4,405,436	4,005,079	3,715,369
9,595,062	8,251,836	7,392,816	5,961,731	5,833,644	5,476,245
3,147,899	5,212,766	3,757,919	1,522,161	2,752,225	3,267,717
4,181,243	2,976,803	2,010,409	2,256,135	1,253,934_	1,241,202
35,518,690	32,609,253	29,204,990	24,675,848	24,436,352	23,085,324
3,459,377	2,589,385	2,753,948	2,606,270	1,962,826	1,773,928
48,183,299	38,936,172	37,866,853	29,026,475	26,237,073	23,957,507
4,315,729	3,611,767	3,519,487	2,868,758	2,740,495	2,577,159
1,689,013	1,447,690	1,370,267	1,216,219	986,876	841,591
18,980,021	17,584,962	15,668,061	14,234,866	13,218,349	11,727,956
76,627,439	64,169,976	61,178,616	49,952,588	45,145,619	40,878,141
\$ 112,146,129	\$ 96,779,229	\$ 90,383,606	\$ 74,628,436	\$ 69,581,971	\$ 63,963,465
\$ 1,391,416	\$ 1,101,159	\$ 991,505	\$ 812,920	\$ 672,882	\$ 643,950
1,232,533	1,596,801	1,761,166	1,350,955	1,097,581	887,830
1,044,870	848,066	210,453	478,378	141,280	209,207
1,418,786	783,235	635,546	1,452	700 000	000.404
1,344,259	1,182,064 26,900	880,807 101,685	838,302	769,389	602,434
492,632	683,731	168,863	900,681	176,169	228,828
909,209	3,654,737	6,153,637	13,474,330	110,077	1,700,000
7,833,705	9,876,693	10,903,662	17,857,018	2,967,378	4,272,249
3,308,889	2,473,286	2,595,764	2,352,094	1,667,154	1,459,523
52,846,962	44,028,755	42,526,728	35,002,038	30,152,942	26,689,395
4,398,047	3,738,774	3,446,566	3,227,268	2,932,480	2,791,467
1,832,165	1,793,773	1,716,066	1,572,854	1,331,962	1,209,132
23,313,864	20,800,851	20,318,603	17,046,731	15,500,302	15,055,711
11,071,907_	8,850,968	14,217,294	6,665,628	12,051,096	2,070,954
96,771,834	81,686,407	84,821,021	65,866,613	63,635,936	49,276,182
\$ 104,605,539	\$ 91,563,100	\$ 95,724,683	\$ 83,723,631	\$ 66,603,314	\$ 53,548,431
\$ (27,684,985)	\$ (22,732,560)	\$ (18,301,328)	\$ (6,818,830)	\$ (21,468,974)	\$ (18,813,075)
20,144,395	17,516,431	23,642,405	15,914,025	18,490,317	8,398,041
\$ (7,540,590)	\$ (5,216,129)	\$ 5,341,077	\$ 9,095,195	\$ (2,978,657)	\$ (10,415,034)

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2012	2011	2010	2009
General Revenues and Other				
Changes in Net Assets				
Governmental activities:				
Property Tax	\$ 15,751,826	\$ 14,362,895	\$ 14,360,142	\$ 14,934,694
Sales Tax	15,045,592	14,148,242	13,482,999	12,543,071
Taxes - other	1,143,217	1,100,490	1,000,571	278,982
Franchise taxes	3,924,052	3,874,815	2,603,222	2,801,666
Interest on investments	230,788	187,314	140,384	504,145
Gain on sale of capital assets				
Other	710,403	590,398	537,528	3,415,713
Transfers	6,511,026	6,871,447	6,637,964	8,184,258
Total governmental activities	\$ 43,316,904	\$ 41,135,601	\$ 38,762,810	\$ 42,662,529
Business-type activities:	-		to real residence and the second	
Interest on investments	\$ 156,329	\$ 171,947	\$ 133,132	\$ 667,389
Gain on sale of capital assets				
Other	4,003,968	2,971,392	2,835,458	2,580,006
Transfers	(6,511,026)	(6,871,447)	(6,637,964)	(8,184,258)
Total business-type activities	(2,350,729)	(3,728,108)	(3,669,374)	(4,936,863)
Total primary government	\$ 40,966,175	\$ 37,407,493	\$ 35,093,436	\$ 37,725,666

Changes in Net Assets				
Governmental activities	\$ 7,998,978	\$ 6,552,727	\$ 4,780,366	\$ 8,635,049
Business-type activities	9,747,281	7,328,408	12,235,504	24,591,049
Total primary government	\$ 17,746,259	\$ 13,881,135	\$ 17,015,870	\$ 33,226,098

2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
\$ 12,610,638	\$ 10,737,981	\$ 8,919,694	\$ 8,329,395	\$ 6,927,438	\$ 6,380,597
13,236,686	12,206,099	10,962,790	8,496,160	7,395,657	6,091,190
1,134,493	1,185,511	844,718	749,301	585,921	560,458
2,739,567	2,083,306	2,209,235	1,942,246	1,844,683	1,579,729
2,222,952	2,085,055	1,398,706	507,038	171,949	197,103
002 224		462 710	859,286	466 40E	0.400.400
803,334	E 007 414	463,719	1,167,654	466,185	2,420,183
7,129,529 \$ 39,877,199	5,987,414 \$ 34,285,366	6,230,148 \$ 31,029,010	5,220,063 \$ 27,271,143	5,671,960 \$ 23,063,793	4,661,635 \$ 21,890,895
φ 39,077,199	φ 34,203,300 —————————————————————————————————	\$ 31,029,010	\$ 27,271,143	Ψ 23,003,793	\$ 21,090,095
\$ 1,018,860	\$ 1,495,484	\$ 1,673,167	\$ 732,461 160,949	\$ 444,169	\$ 159,864
2,295,472	4,417,805	3,938,942	988,566	883,338	1,009,560
(7,129,529)	(5,987,414)	(6,230,148)	(5,220,063)	(5,671,960)	(4,661,635)
(3,815,197)	(74,125)	(618,039)	(3,338,087)	(4,344,453)	10,131,573
\$ 36,062,002	\$ 34,211,241	\$ 30,410,971	\$ 23,933,056	\$ 18,719,340	\$ 32,022,468
					-
\$ 12,192,214	\$ 11,552,806	\$ 12,727,682	\$ 20,452,313	\$ 1,594,819	\$ 3,077,820
16,329,198	17,442,306	23,024,366	12,575,938	14,145,864_	18,529,614
\$ 28,521,412	\$ 28,995,112	\$ 35,752,048	\$ 33,028,251	<u>\$ 15,740,683</u>	<u>\$ 21,607,434</u>

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2012	2011		
General Fund				
Nonspendable				
Prepaids and inventory	\$ 2,110	\$ 9,061		
Committed				
Contingency	7,000,000	6,847,000		
Assigned				
Encumbrances	1,210,247	1,403,968		
Unassigned	2,419,053	1,894,618		
Total general fund	\$ 10,631,410	\$ 10,154,647		
Other governmental funds				
Restricted				
Debt Service	\$ 1,749,324	\$ 1,976,586		
Bond Funds	18,112,419	17,748,555		
Hotel/motel tax	526,488	460,582		
Street maintenance tax	4,205,153	3,215,322		
Public safety	244,969	306,926		
Committed	,	,		
Other capital projects	8,770,010	10,682,665		
Nonmajor funds	2,293,194	1,899,631		
Assigned	2,200,101	1,000,001		
Encumbrances	8,891,080	6,105,133		
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 44,792,637	\$ 42,395,400		
Total all other governmental funds	<u> </u>	Ψ 42,333,400		
			2010	2009
General Fund			¢ 4 460 405	¢ 10011
Reserved Unreserved			\$ 1,160,195 8,601,923	\$ 1,001,1 9,506,5
Total general fund			\$ 9,762,118	\$ 10,507,6
Total general fund			Ψ 3,732,110	Ψ 10,007,0
Other governmental funds			* 00 050 00 7	# 00 000 0
Reserved			\$ 30,050,627	\$ 29,932,8
Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds				
Capital projects funds				
- Capital projects funds				A 00 000 0

Note: City of Georgetown first applied GASB Statement No. 54 in fiscal year 2011; therefore, the new fund balance distinctions for years prior to fiscal year 2011 are not available.

Total all other governmental funds

\$ 30,050,627

\$ 29,932,873

2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
\$ 955,743 10,986,752 \$ 11,942,495	\$ 1,342,069 9,223,131 \$ 10,565,200	\$ 1,038,758 7,917,556 \$ 8,956,314	\$ 1,181,489 6,289,465 \$ 7,470,954	\$ 952,348 4,484,457 \$ 5,436,805	\$ 879,218 3,104,887 \$ 3,984,105
\$ 10,889,998	\$ 20,648,352	\$ 11,214,177	\$ 6,280,990	\$ 4,166,714	\$ 4,040,224
18,173,048 \$ 29,063,046	19,043,457 \$39,691,809	9,778,067 \$20,992,244	12,389,201 \$ 18,670,191	462,040 9,192,972 \$13,821,726	279,158 1,948,752 \$ 6,268,134

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2012	2011	2010	2009
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 15,883,636	\$ 14,591,564	\$ 14,572,432	\$ 14,169,419
Property assessment	353,269	313,093	262,060	278,982
Sales tax and other taxes	15,698,207	14,724,741	13,987,624	13,289,438
Franchise taxes	3,924,052	3,874,815	2,603,222	2,801,666
Licenses and permits	1,236,478	890,948	841,392	791,882
Charges for service	8,493,243	8,199,073	8,157,465	7,687,489
Fine and forfeitures	682,760	810,950	1,060,361	981,228
Donations and grants	1,687,184	4,121,625	3,078,392	2,058,301
Investment income	230,788	187,313	140,384	737,755
Other revenue	2,870,008	1,735,082	1,585,584	1,897,179
Total revenues	51,059,625	49,449,204	46,288,916	44,693,339
Expenditures				
Culture - recreation	8,377,084	8,229,049	7,773,346	7,535,763
Development	2,155,243	2,195,537	2,088,809	2,213,899
Fire services	8,253,567	7,725,794	6,909,597	6,597,024
General government	3,178,251	3,595,481	3,288,185	3,324,758
Highways and streets	5,061,214	6,044,755	5,171,678	3,840,312
Police	10,577,384	10,221,220	10,026,352	10,137,983
Environmental Services	4,823,170	4,321,888	4,199,433	4,285,345
Capital outlay	15,938,457	12,604,835	8,930,286	12,444,569
Debt service				
Principal retirement	5,533,987	4,998,369	4,791,550	4,478,467
Interest and fiscal charges	4,094,247	3,686,318	3,642,426	3,608,738
Total expenditures	67,992,604	63,623,246	56,821,662	58,466,858
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(16,932,979)	(14,174,042)	(10,532,746)	(13,773,519)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	9,734,354	7,915,723	8,895,212	10,055,272
Transfers out	(5,492,299)	(2,654,379)	(2,847,628)	(3,367,769)
Sale of property	(-, ,,	((=,,,	(-117
Capital lease issued				
Payment to refunding escrow agent	(3,416,787)			
Bonds issued	18,981,711	21,650,000	3,857,351	6,575,000
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	19,806,979	26,911,344	9,904,935	13,262,503
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,874,000	\$ 12,737,302	\$ (627,811)	\$ (511,016)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital				
expenditures	18.5%	17.0%	17.6%	17.6%
5. p 31141141 00	10.070	17.570	17.570	17.570

2008		2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
						(Approximately and approximately approximate
\$ 12,703,5		\$ 10,938,488	\$ 9,047,916	\$ 8,408,150	\$ 7,217,442	\$ 6,596,246
210,6		155,864	173,011	89,134	81,916	76,816
14,000,2		13,053,780	11,495,335	8,927,263	7,797,747	6,477,415
2,739,5	567	2,083,306	2,209,235	1,942,246	1,844,683	1,579,729
1,158,4		1,527,886	1,723,082	1,266,295	1,078,048	866,451
2,289,4	193	1,830,286	1,067,460	955,940	919,219	946,450
1,110,8	315	1,067,934	907,983	773,882	684,999	533,703
298,8		683,731	168,863	798,822	286,246	228,827
2,222,9	952	2,085,055	1,398,706	507,038	171,949	197,102
2,823,2		1,112,119_	1,428,485_	2,134,184	764,592	3,463,798
39,557,7	13	34,538,449	29,620,076	25,802,954	20,846,841	20,966,537
6,325,7		5,397,344	4,968,902	5,197,709	4,509,436	3,904,361
2,454,8		2,611,432	2,127,927	1,952,474	1,914,223	1,565,612
5,380,2		4,903,325	4,171,527	3,675,033	3,832,320	3,507,243
3,038,8		3,018,023	2,302,417	1,987,046	1,905,979	1,619,356
2,768,3	367	1,739,495	1,761,494	1,741,217	1,931,782	1,587,154
9,222,7	'04	8,162,359	7,070,088	5,798,432	5,585,002	5,359,643
21,622,8	346	15,538,147	15,950,142	11,916,076	6,570,321	9,749,963
3,495,6	884	2,755,592	2,387,035	2,500,901	1,262,782	1,159,660
4,480,5	504	2,909,116	2,307,846	1,897,649	1,253,934	1,241,201
58,789,8	318	47,034,833	43,047,378	36,666,537	28,765,779	29,694,193
(19,232,1	105)	(12,496,384)	(13,427,302)	(10,863,583)	(7,918,938)	(8,727,656)
10,196,7	752	7,823,154	8,580,426	6,400,033	5,856,656	5,190,366
(4,658,1		(3,558,105)	(3,940,019)	(2,691,211)	(1,454,546)	(528,730)
\ 47,C		54,599	31,102	896,113	, , , , ,	
,		•	,	•	283,120	
		(3,160,147)	(7,736,794)	(9,243,904)		
4,395,0	000	31,645,334	20,300,000	22,385,166	12,240,000	3,125,000
9,980,6	37	32,804,835	17,234,715	17,746,197	16,925,230	7,786,636
\$ (9,251,4	100)	\$ 20,308,451	\$ 3,807,413	\$ 6,882,614	\$ 9,006,292	\$ (941,020)
21.	.5%	19.5%	17.3%	17.8%	11.3%	12.0%

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR	TOTAL TAX LEVY	CURRENT TAX COLLECTIONS	PERCENT OF LEVY COLLECTED	DELINQUENT TAX COLLECTIONS
2003	\$ 6,912,129	\$ 6,598,745	95.47%	\$ 46,401
2004	7,525,174	7,215,477	95.88%	30,046
2005	8,694,027	8,274,192	95.17%	161,088
2006	9,442,953	9,096,910	96.34%	76,076
2007	11,500,980	11,138,968	96.85%	111,061
2008	13,156,096	12,744,960	96.87%	91,036
2009	14,828,927	14,349,606	96.77%	139,828
2010	15,142,165	14,653,346	96.77%	127,176
2011	15,098,808	14,635,299	96.93%	120,092
2012	16,444,180	16,050,914	97.61%	44,797

Source: City of Georgetown Tax Assessor.

TOTAL TAX COLLECTIONS		TOTAL COLLECTIONS AS A PERCENT OF CURRENT LEVY	DEI	STANDING LINQUENT TAXES	OUTSTANDING DELINQUENT TAXES AS A PERCENT OF CURRENT LEVY		
\$	6,645,146	96.14%	\$	266,983	3.86%		
	7,245,523	96.28%		279,652	3.72%		
	8,435,280	97.02%		258,746	2.98%		
	9,172,986	97.14%		277,077	2.93%		
	11,250,029	97.82%		250,951	2.18%		
	12,835,996	97.57%		320,807	2.44%		
	14,489,434	97.71%		339,493	2.29%		
	14,780,522	97.61%		361,643	2.39%		
	14,755,391	97.73%		343,417	2.27%		
	16,095,711	97.88%		349,082	2.12%		

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	REAL PROPERTY				PERSON	NAL PRO	PERTY
FISCAL YEAR	-	ASSESSED VALUE (1)		ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE		ASSESSED VALUE (1)	-	ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE
2003	\$	1,915,334,794	\$	1,915,334,794	\$	200,707,337	\$	200,707,337
2004		1,935,628,300		1,935,628,300		196,487,678		196,487,678
2005		2,094,066,974		2,094,066,974		166,921,359		166,921,359
2006		2,367,099,144		2,367,099,144		157,265,408		157,265,408
2007		2,749,816,041		2,749,816,041		136,821,317		136,821,317
2008		3,330,727,230		3,330,727,230		238,557,091		238,557,091
2009		3,769,863,117		3,769,863,117		244,892,514		244,892,514
2010		3,780,404,329		3,780,404,329		246,488,943		246,488,943
2011		3,786,177,221		3,786,177,221		269,771,730		269,771,730
2012		3,885,150,718		3,885,150,718		311,033,417		311,033,417

Source: City of Georgetown Tax Assessor.

⁽¹⁾ Net of exemptions.

	TOTAL		RATIO OF TOTAL
 ASSESSED VALUE (1)		ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE	ASSESSED VALUE TO TOTAL ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE
\$ 2,116,042,131		\$ 2,116,042,131	100.00%
2,132,115,978		2,132,115,978	100.00%
2,260,988,333		2,260,988,333	100.00%
2,524,364,552		2,524,364,552	100.00%
2,886,637,358		2,886,637,358	100.00%
3,569,284,321		3,569,284,321	100.00%
4,014,755,631		4,014,755,631	100.00%
4,026,893,272		4,026,893,272	100.00%
4,055,948,951		4,055,948,951	100.00%
4,196,184,135		4,196,184,135	100.00%

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR & NINE YEARS AGO

		 	2012	-Version-		2003	
				PERCENTAGE			PERCENTAGE
				OF TOTAL			OF TOTAL
	TYPE OF	ASSESSED		ASSESSED	ASSESSED		ASSESSED
TAXPAYER	BUSINESS	 VALUE	RANK	VALUE(1)	 VALUE	RANK	VALUE(1)
SPG Wof Ranch LP	Development	\$ 56,731,371	1	1.31%			
St. David's Healthcare Partners	Hospital	33,539,870	2	0.78%			
Citigroup Technology Inc.	Development	33,366,629	3	0.77%			
The Bassham Trust	Development	25,224,797	4	0.58%			
Citigroup Technology Inc.	Development	21,402,215	5	0.50%			
South Austin Ave Prof Bldg	Hospital	19,500,000	6	0.45%			
Wal-Mart Real Estate Bus Trust	Development	16,155,679	7	0.37%			
Texas Outdoor Power Equipment	Motorsports	14,510,566	8	0.34%			
Republic Square K/C, Ltd	Development	12,500,000	9	0.29%	\$ 7,817,091	6	0.37%
Hewlett Holdings, Ltd	Automobile Dealer	12,213,954	10	0.28%	8,923,207	4	0.42%
Verizon Southwest	Utility				13,102,770	1	0.62%
HE Butt Grocery Company	Grocer				10,419,235	2	0.49%
Rivery Partners	Development				9,862,190	3	0.47%
Watersedge-Georgetown Ltd	Apartments				8,500,500	5	0.40%
KH - Georgetown Partners Ltd	Development				7,531,034	7	0.36%
Watersedge - Georgetown II Ltd	Apartments				7,429,814	8	0.35%
Manitowoc Boom Trucks, Inc	Manufacturing				7,420,211	9	0.35%
Airborn	Manufacturing				3,778,369	10	0.18%
		\$ 245,145,081		5.68%	\$ 84,784,421		4.01%
Total							

⁽¹⁾ The total assessed valuation for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 was certified at \$4,318,148,209.

Sources: City Tax Assessor/Collector.

^{*} Per certified roll. Does not include some major property owners whose property is under protest as of date of certification.

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	CITY	OF GEORGET	OWN			
FISCAL	GENERAL	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL	GEORGETOWN INDEPENDENT	WILLIAMSON	
YEAR	FUND	FUND	CITY	SCHOOL DISTRICT	COUNTY	TOTAL
2003	0.20	0.10	0.30	1.73	0.46	2.49
2004	0.22	0.10	0.32	1.77	0.48	2.57
2005	0.23	0.11	0.34	1.76	0.51	2.61
2006	0.21	0.14	0.35	1.73	0.50	2.58
2007	0.22	0.15	0.37	1.63	0.50	2.50
2008	0.20	0.15	0.35	1.29	0.49	2.13
2009	0.20	0.15	0.35	1.29	0.47	2.11
2010	0.21	0.14	0.35	1.29	0.49	2.13
2011	0.21	0.14	0.35	1.36	0.46	2.17
2012	0.22	0.16	0.38	1.36	0.46	2.20

Source: Information furnished by respective tax assessors.

TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

NAICS Sectors	2012*	2011	2010	2009
Agriculture/Forestry/Fishing/Hunting	\$ 4,825			
Mining, quarrying, oil & gas extraction				\$ 445,156
Utilities	19,253,904	\$ 18,628,820	\$ 20,319,600	18,647,965
Construction	4,967,279	4,002,432	3,625,542	4,250,912
Manufacturing	4,585,577	5,873,390	6,061,597	5,748,311
Wholesale trade	16,186,257	14,174,184	10,063,489	13,253,476
Retail trade	405,055,103	378,427,824	380,552,640	367,257,156
Transportation, warehousing	1,242,589	1,061,271	767,634	1,178,847
Information	30,485,692	29,916,065	27,915,345	26,448,683
Finance, insurance	482,899	424,931	459,699	380,069
Real estate, rental, leasing	2,165,251	3,781,875	2,716,214	2,389,616
Professional, scientific, technical svcs	7,522,451	5,292,086	5,294,148	4,586,618
Management of companies, enterprises				
Admin, support, waste mgmt, remediation svc	3,601,364	3,359,965	3,464,947	3,141,955
Educational svcs	372,185	154,882	28,427	46,588
Healthcare, social assistance	308,645	444,834	389,729	283,517
Arts, entertainment, recreation	11,914,044	11,362,973	10,983,705	10,424,729
Accommodation, food services	86,308,956	81,339,685	76,959,382	75,006,166
Other svcs (except public administration)	18,603,403	16,990,190	15,102,925	14,421,211
Public administration	20,023	31,428	34,518	33,271
Other		1,198	547	
Total =	\$ 613,075,621	\$ 575,268,033	\$ 564,740,088	\$ 547,499,090
City direct sales tax rate	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%

Source: Window on State Government - Susan Combs, Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts website. Amounts subject to sales tax have been restated by the state since the 2012 CAFR release. *2012 is projected as 4th Quarter actuals were not in at time of update.

Notes: All reporting is now by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) sector. Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Codes are no longer being assigned to taxpayers.

	2008	2007	2006	2005 2004		2003
\$	416,435		\$ 7,434,128			
•	16,475,883	\$ 13,957,517	13,957,517	\$ 12,511,431		
	4,361,179	4,620,912	7,167,280	12,296,405	\$ 7,941,520	\$ 6,029,954
	9,390,419	8,796,766	3,667,839	3,762,034	4,183,849	4,669,755
	16,269,671	23,911,829	19,394,697	17,336,331	14,278,595	16,190,503
	383,981,936	367,740,330	343,600,743	227,297,553	198,402,189	193,285,682
	1,558,622	1,926,996	1,471,067	1,075,479	678,344	783,305
	26,845,497	24,852,272	22,752,620	18,035,023	16,454,334	15,060,779
	357,522	358,689	382,058	244,854	28,302	3,449
	2,862,995	4,007,642	6,328,408	6,269,451	3,880,901	4,777,489
	6,435,627	6,124,832	6,206,899	5,312,421	5,437,347	4,990,963
	• •	, , , ,	-,,	306,696	-,,	.,,
	3,658,966	3,155,585	3,581,585	3,747,298	3,629,316	3,684,132
	40,108	28,053	18,923	23,747	18,657	-1 11
	221,776	167,879	162,620	156,928	151,172	162,861
	9,975,461	7,972,749	4,718,667	4,301,266	3,983,882	3,693,671
	74,477,233	66,071,016	56,700,789	47,515,213	42,346,791	37,004,699
	14,341,106	14,192,006	12,205,808	9,079,169	10,917,442	10,676,164
	24,072	,,	2,624,994	10,102,695	8,340,851	7,696,163
	6,797	647	11,700	18,391	408,571	1,028,154
-	,					.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
\$	571,701,305	\$ 547,885,720	\$ 490,996,697	\$ 366,880,954	\$ 321,082,063	\$ 309,737,723
	2.00%	2.00%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL	CITY DIRECT	STATE OF
YEAR_	RATE	TEXAS
2003	1.8%	6.25%
2004	1.75%	6.25%
2005	1.75%	6.25%
2006	2%	6.25%
2007	2%	6.25%
2008	2%	6.25%
2009	2%	6.25%
2010	2%	6.25%
2011	2%	6.25%
2012	2%	6.25%

Source: Information furnished by City of Georgetown.

SALES TAX REVENUE PAYERS BY INDUSTRY FISCAL YEARS 2012 AND 2003

	2012					
NAICS Sectors	Number of Filers	Percent of Total	Tax Liability	Percent of Total		
Agriculture/Forestry/Fishing/Hunting	3	0.19%	\$ 97	0.00%		
Mining, quarrying, oil & gas extraction	4	0.23%				
Utilities	7	0.41%	385,078	3.14%		
Construction	115	7.12%	99,346	0.81%		
Manufacturing	105	6.52%	91,712	0.75%		
Wholesale trade	59	3.63%	323,725	2.64%		
Retail trade	590	36.55%	8,101,102	66.07%		
Transportation, warehousing	16	0.99%	24,852	0.20%		
Information	36	2.25%	609,714	4.97%		
Finance, insurance	12	0.74%	9,658	0.08%		
Real estate, rental, leasing	25	1.53%	43,305	0.35%		
Professional, scientific, technical svcs	140	8.65%	150,449	1.23%		
Management of companies, enterprises	1	0.06%				
Admin, support, waste mgmt, remediation svcs	100	6.17%	72,027	0.59%		
Educational svcs	12	0.76%	7,444	0.06%		
Healthcare, social assistance	22	1.34%	6,173	0.05%		
Arts, entertainment, recreation	50	3.10%	238,281	1.94%		
Accommodation, food services	141	8.73%	1,726,179	14.08%		
Other svcs (except public administration)	137	8.50%	372,068	3.03%		
Public administration	8	0.50%	400	0.00%		
Other	33	2.02%				
Totals	1,615	100.00%	\$ 12,261,609	100.00%		

	2003					
NAICS Sectors	Number of Filers	Percent of Total	Tax Liability	Percent of Total		
Agriculture/Forestry/Fishing/Hunting	1	0.09%				
Mining, quarrying, oil & gas extraction	2	0.16%				
Utilities	1	0.09%				
Construction	86	7.67%	\$ 105,524	1.95%		
Manufacturing	46	4.11%	81,721	1.51%		
Wholesale trade	49	4.38%	283,334	5.23%		
Retail trade	422	37.70%	3,382,499	62.40%		
Transportation, warehousing	12	1.05%	13,708	0.25%		
Information	20	1.77%	263,564	4.86%		
Finance, insurance	3	0.22%	60	0.00%		
Real estate, rental, leasing	20	1.81%	83,606	1.54%		
Professional, scientific, technical svcs	91	8.12%	87,342	1.61%		
Management of companies, enterprises	0	0.00%				
Admin, support, waste mgmt, remediation svcs	94	8.36%	64,472	1.19%		
Educational svcs	2	0.18%				
Healthcare, social assistance	7	0.63%	2,850	0.05%		
Arts, entertainment, recreation	14	1.21%	64,639	1.19%		
Accommodation, food services	91	8.14%	647,582	11.95%		
Other svcs (except public administration)	96	8.59%	186,833	3.45%		
Public administration	8	0.69%	134,683	2.48%		
Other	56	5.03%	17,993	0.33%		
Totals	1,118_	100.00%	\$ 5,420,410	100.00%		

2002

Source: Window on State Government.

Notes: The City direct sales tax rate for 2012 and 2003 is 2% and 1.75%, respectively. Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the City's revenue. All reporting is now by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) sectors. Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Codes are no longer being assigned to taxpayers, and data on SIC filers is no longer available.

^{*2012} is projected as 4th quarter actuals were not available at the time of update.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Revenue Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	
2003	\$ 22,217,455		\$ 166,968	\$ 34,498,514	\$ 4,514,031	
2004	33,194,673		368,787	38,903,763	4,261,564	
2005	44,306,603		255,702	40,064,012	4,509,384	
2006	54,429,567		142,633	45,885,000	4,265,434	
2007	68,855,734	\$ 11,330,000	74,944	51,070,000	4,539,267	
2008	69,970,050	11,115,000	12,831	57,280,000	4,984,950	
2009	73,008,888	10,715,000		53,640,000	10,096,112	
2010	72,532,310	10,300,000		59,825,000	13,777,690	
2011	89,613,941	9,870,000		55,945,000	12,981,059	
2012	100,356,664	9,420,000		51,425,000	11,618,336	

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
\$ 61,396,968	15.90%	\$ 1,761
76,728,787	13.89%	2,113
89,135,701	13.88%	2,319
104,722,634	13.44%	2,530
135,869,945	11.73%	3,080
143,362,831	11.97%	3,136
147,460,000	11.61%	3,152
156,435,000	11.56%	3,268
168,410,000	11.63%	3,444
172,820,001	12.16%	3,469

RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR	POPULATION	ASSESSED VALUE (1)	GROSS BONDED DEBT (2)	LESS SELF SUPPORTING DEBT (3)	TOTAL TAX SUPPORTED DEBT
2003	34,855	\$ 2,116,042,131	\$ 26,731,486	\$ 7,639,031	\$ 19,092,455
2004	36,309	2,132,115,978	37,456,237	19,511,564	17,944,673
2005	38,438	2,260,988,333	48,815,988	20,675,096	28,140,892
2006	41,395	2,524,364,552	58,695,001	21,111,145	37,583,856
2007	44,117	2,886,637,358	73,395,001	25,608,155	47,786,846
2008	45,710	3,569,284,321	74,955,000	21,166,473	53,788,527
2009	46,787	4,014,755,631	83,105,000	25,692,525	57,412,475
2010	47,865	4,026,893,772	86,310,000	28,744,046	57,565,954
2011	48,902	4,055,948,951	102,595,000	27,222,363	75,372,637
2012	49,825	4,196,184,135	111,975,000	26,527,045	85,447,955

Sources: City of Georgetown Planning and Development Division and the Georgetown Chamber of Commerce.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Net of exemptions.

⁽²⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation debt.

⁽³⁾ Includes general obligation debt repaid from other sources (Airport, Stormwater Drainage and Georgetown Transportation Enhancement Corporation funds).

⁽⁴⁾ Less debt service funds available.

LESS DEBT NET SERVICE FUNDS BONDED AVAILABLE DEBT		RATIO OF NET BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE (4)	RATIO OF GROSS BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE (4)	NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA (4)	TOTAL BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA (4)		
\$ 663,644	\$ 18,428,811	0.87%	1.23%	\$ 528.73	\$ 747.89		
768,436	17,176,237	0.81%	1.72%	473.06	1,010.43		
508,151	27,632,741	1.22%	2.14%	718.89	1,256.77		
878,668	36,705,188	1.45%	2.29%	886.71	1,396.70		
1,329,213	46,457,633	1.61%	2.50%	1,053.06	1,633.52		
1,224,087	52,564,440	1.47%	2.07%	1,149.95	1,613.01		
2,530,149	54,882,326	1.37%	2.01%	1,173.03	1,722.16		
2,274,235	55,291,719	1.37%	2.09%	1,155.16	1,755.68		
1,976,586	73,396,051	1.81%	2.48%	1,500.88	2,057.55		
1,749,324	83,698,631	1.99%	2.63%	1,679.85	2,212.26		

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		DEI	CITY'S SHARE (2)						
TAXING BODY		AMOUNT	AS OF	PERCENT		AMOUNT	_	PER CAPITA (1)	
ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING DEBT:									
Georgetown I.S.D. Williamson County Total estimated overlapping debt	\$	209,300,000 808,969,392 * 1,018,269,392	6-30-12 9-30-12	78.88% 11.25% 25.15%	\$	165,099,938 91,031,026 256,130,965	\$	3,314 1,827 5,140	
DIRECT DEBT - City of Georgetown		111,975,000	9-30-12	100.00%		111,975,000	_	2,247	
DIRECT AND ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING DEBT	\$	1,130,244,392			\$	368,105,965	\$	7,387	

Source: Jurisdiction listed.

⁽¹⁾ GISD population - 63,164 Williamson County population - 442,782 City of Georgetown population - 49,825

⁽²⁾ Information represents the share of the respective debt which are obligations of the citizens of the City of Georgetown

^{*} Includes Williamson County and Avery Ranch



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COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2012	2011	2010		2009	
Debt Limit	\$ 47,207,072	\$ 45,629,426	\$ 45,302,549	\$	45,166,001	
Total net debt applicable to limit (1)	7,350,236	8,640,634	8,043,904		7,664,261	
Legal debt margin	\$ 39,856,836	\$ 36,988,792	\$ 37,258,645	\$	37,501,740	
Total net debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit	15.57%	18.94%	17.76%		16.97%	
ASSESSED VALUATION 2012	ASSESSED VALUATION 2012					
Allowable tax levy for annual debt servi assuming 90% collection rate	\$	47,207,072				
2012 annual debt service requirements Principal Interest and fiscal charges	for general obliga	ation debt:	\$4,059,109 3,291,127		7,350,236	
Legal margin for annual debt service re	quirements			\$	39,856,836	

NOTE: All taxable property within the City is subject to the assessment levy and collection by the City of a continuing, direct annual ad valorem tax sufficient to provide for the payment of principal and interest on the Bonds within the limits prescribed by law. Article XI, Section 5, of the Texas Constitution is applicable to the City, and limits the maximum ad valorem tax rate to \$2.50 per \$100 assessed valuation (for all City purposes). The Charter of the City adopts the provisions of the constitution without further limitation. Under rules promulgated by the Office of the Attorney General of Texas, such office will not approve tax bonds of the City unless the City can demonstrate its ability to pay debt service requirements on all outstanding City tax bonds, including the issue to be approved, from a tax levy of \$1.25 per \$100 of valuation, based on 90% collection of tax.

⁽¹⁾ The legal margin computation includes the general obligation debt that will be repaid by self-supporting sources such as the Airport, Stormwater Drainage and Georgetown Transportation Enhancement Corporation (GTEC) funds.

2008	2007		2007 2006		2005	2005 2004	
\$ 40,154,449	\$	32,474,670	\$	28,399,101	\$ 25,436,119	\$ 23,986,305	\$ 23,805,474
 7,614,171		5,278,417	***************************************	4,916,116	4,645,554	2,949,202	2,739,059
 32,540,278	\$	27,196,253	_\$_	23,482,985	\$ 20,790,565	\$ 21,037,103	\$ 21,066,415
18.96%		16.25%		17.31%	18.26%	12.30%	11.51%

REVENUE BOND COVERAGE UTILITY FUNDS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR	ELIGIBLE REVENUES	INTEREST EARNINGS	OPERATING EXPENSES (EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION)	NET RE	LE FOR
2003	\$ 46,041,368	\$ 155,951	\$ 30,122,878	\$ 16,	,074,441
2004	47,346,431	423,987	33,420,226	14,	,350,192
2005	54,144,359	705,118	36,669,650	18,	,179,827
2006	66,723,744	1,600,113	46,356,026	21,	,967,831
2007	69,197,587	1,408,260	48,565,015	22,	,040,832
2008	78,404,586	955,680	57,922,907	21,	,437,359
2009	83,485,213	392,080	58,695,917	25,	,181,376
2010	84,948,916	116,458	59,828,974	25,	,236,400
2011	88,605,410	159,888	65,271,517	23,	,493,781
2012	89,907,801	144,460	66,531,990	23,	,520,271

Source: Finance and Administration Division.

Notes: (1) Electric, Water and Wastewater only.

DE	BT SERVICE	REQUIREME	NTS	
		REST AND		TIMES
PRINCIPAL	FISCAL	. CHARGES	TOTAL	COVERAGE
\$ 2,145,000	\$	1,668,819	\$ 3,813,819	4.21
2,534,751		1,920,886	4,455,637	3.22
2,864,751		1,875,451	4,740,202	3.84
3,049,012		2,006,822	5,055,834	4.35
2,721,700		2,086,849	4,808,549	4.58
3,200,000		2,631,311	5,831,311	3.68
3,640,000		2,338,048	5,978,048	4.21
3,935,000		2,065,384	6,000,384	4.21
3,880,000		1,859,107	5,739,107	4.09
4,255,000		1,742,974	5,997,974	3.92

UTILITY SYSTEM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (2) FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2012	20122011		2010		2009
Revenues:						
Water System	\$ 25,026,601	\$	25,896,644	\$ 20,632,604	\$	22,200,768
Electric System	58,403,735		57,694,311	59,058,745		56,154,879
Miscellaneous	3,966,677		2,927,695	2,789,797		2,779,486
Interest Earnings	144,460		159,888	 116,458		392,080
Total revenues	87,541,473	Materials	86,678,538	 82,597,604		81,527,213
Expenses: (1)						
Water System	7,053,864		7,708,924	6,677,890		6,875,473
Electric System	8,828,039		5,554,896	4,821,255		5,270,740
Utility Contracts	50,650,087		52,007,697	 48,329,829		46,549,704
Total expenses	66,531,990		65,271,517	 59,828,974		58,695,917
NET AVAILABLE FOR						
DEBT SERVICE	\$ 21,009,483	\$	21,407,021	\$ 22,768,630	\$	22,831,296

¹⁾ Excludes depreciation costs

Information provided to comply with continuing disclosure requirements of SEC Rule 15c2-12.

Average Annual Principal and Interest Requirements, 2012-2029	\$ 4,546,376
Coverage of Average Requirements by Fiscal Year 2012 Net Income	4.62
Maximum Principal and Interest Requirements, 2012	\$ 6,998,438
Coverage of Maximum Requirements by Fiscal Year 2012 Net Income	3.00

²⁾ Electric, Water & Wastewater only

 2008	••••	2007	-	2006	Minne	2005		2004	Western	2003
\$ 21,424,897	\$	18,725,977	\$	19,709,559	\$	16,605,408	\$	15,082,426	\$	14,648,293
51,833,477		42,805,466		41,338,196		33,800,761		29,199,618		25,916,557
5,146,212		7,666,144		5,675,987		3,738,190		1,371,199		3,285,657
 955,680		1,408,260		1,600,113		705,118		423,987		155,951
 79,360,266	No. of the last of	70,605,847	Married	68,323,855	***************************************	54,849,477	•	46,077,230	***************************************	44,006,458
6,249,197		3,166,679		3,192,839		2,947,875		2,831,106		1,588,617
1,230,199		4,275,353		3,360,467		2,721,507		2,331,235		1,889,965
 50,443,511		41,122,983		39,802,720		31,000,268		28,257,885		26,644,295
 57,922,907	***************************************	48,565,015	-	46,356,026	• Marie and American	36,669,650	***************************************	33,420,226	**************************************	30,122,877
\$ 21,437,359	\$	22,040,832	\$	21,967,829	\$	18,179,827	\$	12,657,004	\$	13,883,581

UTILITY SYSTEM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (1) FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2012	2011	2010	2009
Utility system (1) Less:	\$ 313,923,709	\$ 306,424,774	\$ 286,216,930	\$ 273,482,065
Accumulated depreciation	(82,719,027)	(76,797,760)	(67,645,584)	(58,659,325)
Net value of system	231,204,682	229,627,014	218,571,346	214,822,740
Plus: Construction fund	22,866,932	11,692,027	14,038,615	10,101,805
Net plant	254,071,614	241,319,041	232,609,961	224,924,545
Plus: Working capital	33,419,764	35,700,091	40,784,075	27,713,059
Total	287,491,378	277,019,132	273,394,036	252,637,604
Revenue bond debt (2)	59,050,004	64,540,000	68,809,999	59,589,999
CITY'S EQUITY IN SYSTEM	\$ 228,441,374	\$ 212,479,132	\$ 204,584,037	\$ 193,047,605
PERCENTAGE CITY'S EQUITY IN SYSTEM	79.46%	76.70%	74.83%	76.41%

⁽¹⁾ Electric, Water and Wastewater Funds only

Information provided to comply with continuing disclosure requirements of SEC Rule 15c2-12.

⁽²⁾ Changes in bond ordinances no longer require reservation of interest and sinking or reserve funds for utility revenue debt.

2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
\$ 251,560,756	\$ 215,276,162	\$ 185,294,457	\$ 163,596,097	\$ 149,400,672	\$ 125,750,396
(53,420,721)	(51,053,351)	(45,184,081)	(40,012,018)	(35,295,782)	(31,675,236)
198,140,035	164,222,811	140,110,376	123,584,079	114,104,890_	94,075,160
5,280,337	5,820,263	9,470,135	5,521,737	4,985,311	11,384,576
203,420,372	170,043,074	149,580,511	129,105,816	119,090,201	105,459,736_
29,899,639	28,736,708	30,833,629	22,950,794	17,695,702	13,101,178
233,320,011	198,779,782	180,414,140	152,056,610	136,785,903	118,560,914
57,280,000	51,070,000	45,885,000	40,064,012	38,903,764	34,498,514
\$ 176,040,011	\$ 147,709,782	\$ 134,529,140	\$ 111,992,598	\$ 97,882,139	\$ 84,062,400
75.45%	74.31%	74.57%	73.65%	71.56%	70.90%

DEMOGRAPHIC & ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal income	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2003	34,855	\$ 976,323,405	\$ 28,011	8,300	6.02%
2004	36,309	1,065,778,077	29,353	8,600	4.76%
2005	38,438	1,237,088,592	32,184	8,820	4.20%
2006	41,395	1,407,016,050	33,990	9,400	4.09%
2007	44,117	1,593,550,157	36,121	9,900	3.80%
2008	45,710	1,715,907,690	37,539	10,000	4.10%
2009	46,787	1,711,983,117	36,591	10,000	4.10%
2010	47,865	1,808,004,645	37,773	10,300	5.84%
2011	48,902	1,959,356,434	40,067	10,470	7.08%
2012	49,825	2,101,967,275	42,187	10,396	7.08%

Sources:

Population: City of Georgetown Planning and Development Division.

Per Capital Personal Income: U.S. Dept. of Commerce / Bureau of Economic Development

School Enrollment: Georgetown Independent School District.

Unemployment Rate: Texas Workforce Commission, Labor Market Information TRACER.

Notes: Per capita personal income and personal income is for Williamson County. Per capital personal income was computed using Census Bureau midyear population estimates. Estimates for 2003 - 2012 reflect county population estimates available as of April 2012.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2012			2003	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total City			of Total City
<u>Employer</u>	_Employees_	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Georgetown ISD	1,603	1	3.48%	1,200	1	3.62%
_	·	2	3.40 %	•	2	3.13%
Williamson County Gov	1,523			1,038		
City of Georgetown	551	3	1.20%	358	6	1.08%
Southwestern University	450	4	0.98%	368	5	1.11%
Airborn, Inc.	360	5	0.78%	230	9	0.69%
St. David's Hospital	346	6	0.75%	400		1.21%
Lone Star Circle of Care	321	7	0.70%			
Wesleyan at Estrella	230	8	0.50%	184	10	0.55%
Sun City (Del Webb)	210	9	0.46%	375	4	1.13%
FT Woods	180	10	0.39%			
Georgetown Healthcare				346	8	1.04%
HEB				383	3	1.15%
Elmo Americas				350	7	1.06%
Totals	5,774		12.54%	5,232		15.77%

Source: Finance and Administration Division.

FULL TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2012	2011	2010	2009
Function			·	
General Government				
Culture & Recreation				
Administration	3			
Parks	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Recreation	38.5	38.5	36.5	36.5
Rec. Programs	3	3	3	3
Library	22.5	21.5	21.5	21.5
Development				
Administration		2	2	2
Planning	11	11	11	14
Current Planning				
Long Range Planning				
Inspection Svcs.	12	13	13	13
Code Enforcement	4	6	6	6
Fire Services				
Administration	7	6	6	6
Operations	84	81	81	72
Prevention & Comm. Analysis				
Gen. Govt.				
Gen. Govt.	6	6	6	4
City Council	3	2	2	2
City Manager's Office	3.5	5.5	6	8
Legal Svcs	3	3	3	
Highways / Streets				
Transportation Admin.	2	1	3	3
Streets	18.75	18.75	18.75	18.75
Police Services				
Org. & Administration	5	5	9	10
Support Svcs.				34
Field Operations	99	99	95	60
Animal Svcs.	8.5	8.5	8	8
Municipal Court	7	7	7	7
Fleet Mgmt.	6.5	6	6	6
Facilities Mgmt.	7	7	7	7
Information Svcs.	12.5	12.5	12.5	10.5
Joint Svcs.	70.5	68.5	65	65
Water	18.5	20	18	15
Sewer	14	14	12	12
Electric	48.5	44	47	48
Other Enterprises	12	12	12	12
Total	552.75	544.25	539.75	526.75

Source: City Finance & Administration Division.

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
22.5 27.5 4	20.5 27.5 3	21.5 25.5 3	18.5 26.5 3	18.5 26.5 3	19.5 24 3
21.5	21.5	17.5	17.5	15.5 4.5	15.5 3
13	14	9 4	10 3	5 2	7 2
13 6	12 6	11 5.5	11 5.5	11 5.5	10
6 66	3 61	3 56	3 51	3 46	4 46 5.5
4 2 8	3 3 7.5	3 1 6.5	3 1 6.5	3 1 6.5	3.5 1 5.5
3 15.75	15.75	14.75	14.75	14.75	11.75
8	8	8	8	8	3
36 60 8	26 56 7.5	31 47 7.5	31 41 6.75	32 35 6.75	30 42 6.75
7 6	7 6	5 5	4 5	4 4	3 4.5
7 10.5	5 10	4 10	3 9	2 8	1 8
58 13	55 16	53 14	51 14	50 14	46.75 13
12 42	13 39	12 30	12 25	9 25	10 22
12	12	11	11	11	11
491.75	458.25	418.75	395.00	374.50	362.25

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2012	2011	2010	2009
Culture and recreation				
Recreation Center memberships	13,769	16,044	16,778	18,497
CVB number of visitor inquiries	42,901	35,749	27,086	38,669
Library				
Circulation	552,032	527,746	524,610	496,603
Number of patrons added	2,526	2,184	2,293	2,338
Economic Development				
Number of proposals generated	38	36	31	40
Community Development				
Inspections/Code Enforcement				
Number of inspections	21,270	18,383	20,192	21,248
New residential permits issued	664	509	550	523
New commercial permits issued/TFO/Industrial	89	97	115	127
Number of code enforcement violations	11,535	11,090	12,295	13,179
Planning and Development Services	·			
Development applications filed	290	284	158	246
Annexations (in acres)	61	703	276	1,005
Fire Services				
Number of calls for service	5,706	5,674	5,649	5,475
General Govt	0,. 00	,	,	
Bond rating - S&P	AA+	AA+	AA+	AA+
City Manager's Office	, , ,	,		
Number of public information requests processed	759	835	997	887
Police Services	700	000		
Number of calls for service	23,018	22,161	31,908	34,192
	1,679	1,525	1,743	1,750
Number of traffic accidents	1,073	1,020	1,110	.,
Animal Services	1,670	1,560	1,477	1,256
Number of pets impounded	822	686	601	560
Number of adoptions	022	000	001	
Municipal Court	7,347	8,902	13,778	13,333
Number of court cases	313	587	693	774
Number of warrants served	313	307	000	
Utility Office	26.245	25,563	24,995	24,271
Number of utility customers	26,345	20,000	24,990	27,211
Water	705	530	447	469
Number of new connects	705	16.72	11.82	14.44
Average daily water treated (million gallons)	15.18 13.05	14.49	10.65	13.14
Average daily consumption (million gallons)	13.03	17.73	10.00	
Sewer	939	523	451	444
Number of new connects	4.21	4.24	4.43	3.22
Average daily wastewater treated (million gallons)	4.21	4.24	7.75	0.22
Electric	507.005.004	E 47 47E 0E0	518,590,777	490,449,481
kWhs consumed	537,985,801	547,475,852	518,590,777	550
Number of new connects	226	477	343	330
AMR	200	0.440	2.405	2,903
Total number of work orders completed	826	2,419	2,495	2,903
Total reads by AMR	-	-	-	-
Other Enterprises				
Stormwater & drainage		2-2	222	000
Number of detention ponds cleaned	372	372	382	300
Number of work orders	552	196	418	376
Airport			000 770	0.47 700
Gallons of fuel sold	581,450	765,839	636,773	647,736

Sources: Various City departments and City-Monthly Activity Indicators Report.

2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
5,487	5,060	4,294	2,074	1,538	1,589
45,044	36,086	37,062	40,117	41,426	33,063
431,294	386,948	347,662	350,716	330,171	318,820
2,514	2,592	1,784	1,684	1,533	1,611
25	F4	70	74	50	00
35	51	72	71	59	20
33,198	43,006	47,197	39,677	28,389	24,631
768	902	1,316	930	890	612
77	114	152	132	75	33
10,570	12,928	15,603	11,187	2,026	1,948
344	348	397	280	209	203
369	362	8,909	5,062	443	700
5,321	4,766	4,257	3,957	3,402	3,335
AA	AA-	AA-	A+	A+	A+
801	773	786	616	702	545
51,033	53,323	48,739	40,649	41,986	36,002
1,837	1,863	1,513	1,510	1,382	1,425
1,500	1,448	1,452	1,775	1,591	1,337
614	611	642	793	696	456
13,275	14,787	13,824	11,279	11,018	9,417
748	557	398	712	819	489
23,678	22,784	21,365	19,862	18,621	18,198
880	1,213	1,281	670	912	705
15.57	10.31	11.88	8.71	7.97	8.21
13.35	8.21	10.30	10.09	7.97	7.46
846	1,422	1,307	1,021	922	685
3.48	4.27	2.95	3.28	3.07	2.70
501,552,786	441,088,000	419,651,791	377,198,661	350,104,864	343,553,661
999	1,093	1,134	817	473	861
5,141	3,724	6,106	2,347	1,347	1,173
-	-	34,781	31,373	30,121	26,462
228	228	228	164	113	100
617	728	705	-	116	741
	721,657				610,710

CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>Function</u>	2012	2011	2010	2009
Culture and recreation				
Parks (developed acres)	473	473	473	473
Recreation Centers	1	1	1	1
Senior Centers	1	1	1	1
Libraries	1	1	1	1
Fire Services				
Fire stations	5	4	4	4
Fire vehicles	22	18	17	17
Highways and streets				
Center line miles	305	295	307	284
Police Services				
Police Stations	1	1	1	1
Police vehicles	87	93	95	95
Police motorcycle units	4	4	4	4
Electric				
Meters	22,504	22,090	21,711	21,338

Sources: Various City departments and City budget document.

2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
410	390	380	360	330	300
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
3	3	3	3	3	3
17	15	14	14	14	13
269	260	251	230	202	189
1	1	1	1	1	1
95	93	78	65	65	56
4	4	4	4	4	2
20,965	20,179	19,369	18,167	17,032	16,501

SUMMARY OF INSURANCE COVERAGE SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

POLICY TYPE	INSURER	<u>AGENT</u>	POLICY NUMBER
Airport Liability	Texas Municipal League	Texas Municipal League	2903
Automobile Liability	Texas Municipal League	Texas Municipal League	2903
Automobile Physical Damage	Texas Municipal League	Texas Municipal League	2903
Boiler & Machinery	Texas Municipal League	Texas Municipal League	2903
General Liability	Texas Municipal League	Texas Municipal League	2903
Law Enforcement Liability	Texas Municipal League	Texas Municipal League	2903
Mobile Equipment	Texas Municipal League	Texas Municipal League	2903
Public Employee Dishonesty Bond	Texas Municipal League	Texas Municipal League	2903
Public Officials	Texas Municipal League	Texas Municipal League	2903
Real/Personal Property	Texas Municipal League	Texas Municipal League	2903
Workers' Compensation	Texas Municipal League	Texas Municipal League	2903
Pollution Liability	Amgrip	Texas Municipal League	9951165
Animal Mortality/Theft	Texas Municipal League	Texas Municipal League	2903
Errors and Omissions Liability	Texas Municipal League	Texas Municipal League	2903

POLICY PERIOD	COVERAGE DESCRIPTION	LIMIT		ANNUAL PREMIUM
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	Airport, Aviation Non-owned aircraft, (Hangarkeepers) Hanga Liabilit	1 '	Fire Aircraft	\$ 8,635
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	Damage caused by City Vehicles	5,000,000 25,000		43,513
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	Damage caused to City Vehicles	ACV		53,738
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	Library HVAC Direct Damage	2,000,000	accident	Included
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	General Liability	10,000,000 5,000,000	agg annual occ	56,086
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	Police Department	10,000,000 10,000,000		42,583
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	Damage to Mobile Equipment	per schedule 2,546,291		11,874
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	Crime/Public Employee Crime/Theft disappearance	1,000,000		3,100
	Destruction (inside/outside)	300,000		713
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	Mayor, Council, City Attorney Boards, Commissions and Employees	10,000,000 5,000,000		Included
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	Real / Personal Property	175,745,734 per schedule		188,438
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	Losses as Prescribed by the Texas Workers' Compensation Law	per TWCC Statute		126,135
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	Pollution Liability Underground Storage Tanks	2,000,000 1,000,000		2,728
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	Police Canine Loss of use/ Theft mortality/Vet/Surgical	per schedule 0 PD canines		0
October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012	Errors and Omissions Includes Public Officials	5,000,000 10,000,000	wrongful agg annual	 77,837
			TOTAL	 615,380



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Compliance Section





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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and City Council The City of Georgetown, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Georgetown, Texas (the "City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated February 21, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and

accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dallas, Texas

February 21, 2013

Clifton Larson Allen LLP



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Georgetown, Texas

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of City of Georgetown, Texas (the "City) with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2012. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, The City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 21, 2013

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Dallas, Texas

THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended September 30, 2012

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

The type of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yes	<u>x</u> no	
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	yes	x none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	x no	
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yes	<u>x</u> no	
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	yes	x_ none reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major	r programs: Unqual	lified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB circular A-133?	yes	<u>x</u> no	
Identification of major programs:			
CFDA Number	Name of Federal	Program or Cluster	
81.128 97.083	Weatherization Assistance Program Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$300,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>x</u> yes	no	

THE CITY OF GEORGETOWN, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) Year Ended September 30, 2012

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None noted.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted.

Section IV - Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

Financial Statement Findings

None noted.

Federal award Findings and Questioned Costs

• None noted.



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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL/STATE AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	FEDERAL CFDA	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING	FEDERAL	AMOUNTS PASSED TO
FEDERAL GRANTOR / PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR / PROGRAM	NUMBER	NUMBER	EXPENDITURES	SUBRECIPIENTS
Bureau of Justice Assistance				
Direct programs: Bulletproof Vest Program	16.607		5,355	
Total direct programs			5,355	
Department of Transportation / Federal Highway Administration (FHW	/A)			
Pass-through programs from:	·			
Texas Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning & Construction	20.205	CSJ-2211-01-016	196,605	196,605
Texas Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning & Construction	20.205	CSJ-0914-05-167	343,000	
Texas Department of Transportation		001004405440	27.224	
Highway Planning & Construction Texas Parks & Wildlife	20.205	CSJ-0914-05-148	27,234	
National Recreational Trails Fund	20.219		41,559	
Total pass-through programs	20.219		608,398	196,605
rotal pass through programs			000,000	100,000
Federal Aviation Administration				
Pass-through programs from:				
Texas Department of Transportation-Aviation Division				
Airport Project Participation Agreement	20.106	1214GRGTN	4,827	
Total pass-through programs			4,827	
Institute of Museum & Library Services Pass-through programs from: Texas State Library & Archives Commission State Library Program Total pass-through programs	45.310	478-12006	56,148 56,148	
US Department of Energy Direct Program: Weatherization Assistance Program (ARRA FUNDS) Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Total Direct Program	81.128 81.087	DE-EE0002468 DE-EE0003165	151,994 240 152,234	
US Department of Homeland Security Pass-through programs from: Federal Emergency Management Agency SAFER Grant Total pass-through programs	97.083	EMW-2009-FH-00460	418,440 418,440	
US Department of Housing & Urban Development Pass-through programs from: Willaimson County				
Community Development Block Grant Willaimson County	14.218	065P Georgetown (FY10) Sidewalks	161,523	
Community Development Block Grant Total pass-through programs	14.218	065P Georgetown Scenic Dr Sidewalks	38,845 200,368	
US Department of Interior Pass-through programs from: Texas Historical Commission				
Certified Local Government Program		TX-11-025	11,738 11,738	
Total expenditures of federal awards			1,457,508	196,605

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

<u>General</u> – The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the City of Georgetown, Texas. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the City's financial statements. Federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies as well as federal financial assistance passed through other government agencies are included on the schedule.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – The accompanying schedule of federal financial assistance is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the City's financial statements.

<u>Relationship to Federal Financial Reports</u> – Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports in all material respects.

<u>Subgrantee</u> – The expenditures listed for the Highway Planning and Construction/STP Metropolitan Mobility Project were passed to Williamson County during the fiscal year.



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